

APPENDIX F – Settlement Class Notices

Appendix F1

Notice of Class Action Settlement

Authorized by the U.S. District Court, Eastern District of New York

— Notice of 6+ Billion Dollar Class Action Settlement —

Si desea leer este aviso en español, llámenos o visite nuestro sitio web.

TO: Merchants who have accepted Visa and MasterCard at any time since January 1, 2004

This notice is authorized by the Court to inform you about an agreement to settle a class action lawsuit that may affect you. The lawsuit claims that Visa and MasterCard, separately, and together with banks, violated antitrust laws and caused merchants to pay excessive fees for accepting Visa and MasterCard credit and debit cards, including by:

- Agreeing to set, apply, and enforce rules about merchant fees (called *default interchange fees*);
- Limiting what merchants could do to encourage their customers to use other forms of payment through, for example, charging customers an extra fee or offering discounts; and
- Continuing that conduct after Visa and MasterCard changed their corporate structures.

The defendants say they have done nothing wrong. They say that their business practices are legal and the result of competition, and have benefitted merchants and consumers. The Court has not decided who is right because the parties agreed to a settlement. On MM DD, 201Y, the Court gave preliminary approval to this settlement.

A. The settlement

Under the settlement, Visa, MasterCard, and the bank defendants have agreed to make payments to two settlement funds:

- The first is a “Cash Fund” – a \$6.05 billion fund that will pay valid claims of merchants that accepted Visa or MasterCard credit or debit cards at any time between January 1, 2004 and MM DD, 201Y.
- The second is an “Interchange Fund” – estimated to be approximately \$1.2 billion – that will be based on a portion of the interchange fees attributable to certain merchants that accept Visa or MasterCard credit cards for an eight-month “Interchange Period.”

Additionally, the settlement changes some of the Visa and MasterCard rules applicable to merchants who accept their cards.

This settlement creates two classes:

- A *Cash Settlement Class* (Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class), which includes all persons, businesses, and other entities that accepted any Visa or MasterCard cards in the U.S. at any time from January 1, 2004 to MM DD, 201Y, and
- A *Rule Changes Settlement Class* (Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class), which includes all persons, businesses, and entities that as of MM DD, 201Y or in the future accept any Visa or MasterCard cards in the U.S.

B. What merchants will get from the settlement

Every merchant in the Cash Settlement Class that files a valid claim will get money from the \$6.05 billion Cash Fund, subject to a deduction (not to exceed 25% of the fund) to account for merchants who exclude themselves from the Cash Settlement Class. The value of each claim, where possible, will be based on the actual or estimated interchange fees attributable to the merchant’s MasterCard and Visa payment card transactions from January 1, 2004 to MM DD, 201Y. Payments to merchants who file valid claims for a portion of the Cash Fund will be based on:

- The money available to pay all claims,

- The total dollar value of all valid claims filed,
- The deduction described above not to exceed 25% of the Cash Settlement Fund, and
- The cost of settlement administration and notice, money awarded to the class representatives, and attorneys' fees and expenses all as approved by the Court.

In addition, merchants in the Cash Settlement Class that accept Visa and MasterCard during the eight-month Interchange Period and file a valid claim will get money from the separate Interchange Fund, estimated to be approximately \$1.2 billion. The value of each claim, where possible, will be based on an estimate of one-tenth of 1% of the merchant's Visa and MasterCard credit card dollar sales volume during that period. Payments to merchants who file valid claims for a portion of the Interchange Fund will be based on:

- The money available to pay all claims,
- The total dollar value of all valid claims filed, and
- The cost of settlement administration and notice, and any attorneys' fees and expenses that may be approved by the Court.

Attorneys' fees and expenses and money awarded to the class representatives: For work done through final approval of the settlement by the district court, Class Counsel will ask the Court for attorneys' fees in an amount that is a reasonable proportion of the Cash Settlement Fund, not to exceed 11.5% of the Cash Settlement Fund of \$6.05 billion and 11.5% of the Interchange Fund estimated to be \$1.2 billion to compensate all of the lawyers and their law firms that have worked on the class case. For additional work to administer the settlement, distribute both funds, and through any appeals, Class Counsel may seek reimbursement at their normal hourly rates, not to exceed an additional 1% of the Cash Settlement Fund of \$6.05 billion and an additional 1% of the Interchange Fund estimated to be \$1.2 billion. Class Counsel will also request reimbursement of their expenses (not including the administrative costs of settlement or notice), not to exceed \$40 million and up to \$200,000 per Class Plaintiff in service awards for their efforts on behalf of the classes.

C. How to ask for payment

To receive payment, merchants must fill out a claim form. If the Court finally approves the settlement, and you do not exclude yourself from the Cash Settlement Class, you will receive a claim form in the mail or by email. Or you may ask for one at: www.PaymentCardSettlement.com, or call: [REDACTED]

D. Other benefits for merchants

Merchants will benefit from changes to certain MasterCard and Visa rules, which will allow merchants to, among other things:

- Charge customers an extra fee if they pay with Visa or MasterCard credit cards,
- Offer discounts to customers who do not pay with Visa or MasterCard credit or debit cards, and
- Form buying groups that meet certain criteria to negotiate with Visa and MasterCard.

Merchants that operate multiple businesses under different trade names or banners will also be able to accept Visa or MasterCard at fewer than all of the merchant's trade names and banners.

E. Legal rights and options

Merchants who are included in this lawsuit have the legal rights and options explained below. You may:

- **File a claim to ask for payment.** You will receive a claim form in the mail or email or file online at: www.PaymentCardSettlement.com.
- **Exclude yourself** from the Cash Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class). If you exclude yourself, you can sue the Defendants for damages based on alleged conduct occurring on or before MM DD, 201Y on your own at your own expense, if you want to. If you exclude yourself, you will not get any money from this settlement. If you are a merchant and wish to exclude yourself, you must make a written request, place it in an envelope, and mail it with postage prepaid and postmarked no later than MM DD, 201Y to Class Administrator,

P.O. Box 1234, ABC City, State 12345. The written request must be signed by a person authorized to do so and provide all of the following information: (1) the words "In re Payment Card Interchange Fee and Merchant Discount Antitrust Litigation," (2) your full name, address, telephone number, and taxpayer identification number, (3) the merchant that wishes to be excluded from the Cash Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class), and what position or authority you have to exclude the merchant, and (4) the business names, brand names, and addresses of any stores or sales locations whose sales the merchant desires to be excluded.

Note: You cannot be excluded from the Rule Changes Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class).

- **Object to the settlement.** The deadline to object is: MM DD, 201Y.
To learn how to object, see: www.PaymentCardSettlement.com or call [REDACTED] Note: If you exclude yourself from the Cash Settlement Class you cannot object to the terms of that portion of the settlement.

For more information about these rights and options, visit: www.PaymentCardSettlement.com.

F. If the Court approves the final settlement

Members of the Rule Changes Settlement Class are bound by the terms of this settlement. Members of the Cash Settlement Class, who do not exclude themselves by the deadline, are bound by the terms of this settlement whether or not they file a claim for payment. Members of both classes release all claims against all released parties listed in the Settlement Agreement. The settlement will resolve and release any claims by merchants against Visa, MasterCard or other defendants that were or could have been alleged in the lawsuit, including any claims based on interchange or other fees, no-surcharge rules, no-discounting rules, honor-all-cards rules and other rules. The settlement will also resolve any merchant claims based upon the future effect of any Visa or MasterCard rules, as of MM DD, 201Y and not to be modified pursuant to the settlement, the modified rules provided for in the settlement, or any other rules substantially similar to any such rules. The releases will not bar claims involving certain specified standard commercial disputes arising in the ordinary course of business.

For more information on the release, see the settlement agreement at: www.PaymentCardSettlement.com.

G. The Court hearing about this settlement

On MM DD, 201Y, there will be a Court hearing to decide whether to approve the proposed settlement, class counsels' requests for attorneys' fees and expenses, and awards for the class representatives. The hearing will take place at:

United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York
Courtroom # XX
225 Cadman Plaza
Brooklyn, NY 11201

You do not have to go to the court hearing or hire an attorney. But you can if you want to, at your own cost. The Court has appointed the law firms of Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi LLP, Berger & Montague, PC, and Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP to represent the Class ("Class Counsel").

H. Questions?

For more information about this case (*In re Payment Card Interchange Fee and Merchant Discount Antitrust Litigation*, MDL 1720), you may:

Call toll-free: [REDACTED]

Visit: www.PaymentCardSettlement.com.

Write to the Class Administrator: P.O. Box XXXX, Portland, OR 97208-XXXX, or

Email: info@PaymentCardSettlement.com.

APPENDIX F2

NOTICE OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

AUTHORIZED BY THE U.S. DISTRICT COURT, EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

A \$6+ billion settlement will provide payments and other benefits to merchants that accepted Visa and MasterCard since 2004.

A federal court directed this Notice. This is not a solicitation from a lawyer.

- The Court has preliminarily approved a proposed \$6+ billion settlement in a class action lawsuit, called *In re Payment Card Interchange Fee and Merchant Discount Antitrust Litigation*, MDL 1720(JG)(JO). The lawsuit is about claims that merchants paid excessive fees to accept Visa and MasterCard cards because Visa and MasterCard, individually, and together with their respective member banks, violated the antitrust laws.
- The monetary portion of the settlement consists of two funds. The first is a cash fund in the amount of \$6.05 billion that will pay valid claims of any person, business or other entity that accepted Visa or MasterCard branded credit or debit cards in the U.S. between January 1, 2004 and MM DD, 201Y. The second fund is estimated to be up to approximately \$1.2 billion in total and is equivalent to a portion of the interchange fees attributable to merchants that do not exclude themselves from the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class (“Cash Settlement Class”) and that accepted Visa and MasterCard credit cards during an eight-month period to begin on MM DD, 201Y. This fund will pay valid claims of members of the Cash Settlement Class that accepted Visa or MasterCard credit cards during the eight-month period.
- The settlement will also require Visa and MasterCard to change some rules for merchants who accept their cards, including to allow merchants to do the following:
 - Charge customers an extra fee if they pay with Visa or MasterCard credit cards,
 - Offer discounts to customers who pay with payment forms less expensive than Visa or MasterCard credit or debit cards,
 - Accept Visa or MasterCard cards at fewer than all of the merchant’s trade names or banners, and
 - Form “buying groups” that meet certain criteria to negotiate with Visa and MasterCard.The rule changes are explained in greater detail below and in the Class Settlement Agreement.
- The settlement creates two classes: Cash Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class) and Rule Changes Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class).

QUESTIONS? CALL 1-800-000-0000 OR VISIT

WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM

SI DESEA RECIBIR ESTA NOTIFICACIÓN EN ESPAÑOL, LLÁMENOS O VISITE NUESTRA PÁGINA WEB.

- This Notice has important information for merchants that accept Visa or MasterCard now or that accepted Visa and MasterCard at any time since January 1, 2004. It explains the settlement in a class action lawsuit. It also explains your rights and options in this case.
- For the full terms of the settlement, you should look at the Definitive Class Settlement Agreement and its Appendices (the “Class Settlement Agreement”), available at www.PaymentCardSettlement.com or by calling [REDACTED]. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Notice and the Class Settlement Agreement, the terms of the Class Settlement Agreement shall control.

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

Legal Rights and Options

Merchants in the Cash Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class) may:

File a Claim: This is the only way to get money from the settlement.

Exclude Yourself: This is the only way you can be part of another lawsuit that asks for money for claims in this case. You will *not* get payment from this settlement.

Object: If you do not agree with any part of this settlement, you do not agree with the requested award of attorneys' fees, or both you may:

- Write to the court to say why, or
- Ask to speak at the Court hearing about either the fairness of this settlement or about the requested attorneys' fees or both.

Do Nothing: You will not get money. You give up your rights to sue about the claims in this case.

Deadlines: See pages 9-16 for more information about rights and options and all deadlines.

Merchants in the Rule Changes Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class):

- You automatically benefit from the Visa and MasterCard rule changes described below. You do not have to file any forms.
- You cannot exclude yourself from the Rules Changes Settlement Class.
- You may object to any part of the settlement.

The Court has given its preliminary approval to this settlement. The Court has not yet given its final approval.

Read this Notice to learn more about the case.

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

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**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

BASIC INFORMATION

1. Why did I get this Notice?

This Notice tells you about your rights and options in a class action lawsuit in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York. Judge John Gleeson is overseeing this class action, which is called *In re Payment Card Interchange Fee and Merchant Discount Antitrust Litigation*, MDL No. 1720(JG)(JO). This Notice also explains the lawsuit, the proposed settlement, the benefits available, eligibility for those benefits, and how to get them.

The companies or entities who started this case are called the “Plaintiffs.” The companies they are suing are the “Defendants.”

This case has been brought on behalf of merchants. The specific merchants that filed the case are the Class Plaintiffs and the Court has authorized them to act on behalf of all merchants in the classes described below in connection with the proposed settlement of this case. The Class Plaintiffs are:

Photos Etc. Corporation; Traditions, Ltd.; Capital Audio Electronics, Inc.; CHS Inc.; Crystal Rock LLC; Discount Optics, Inc.; Leon’s Transmission Service, Inc.; Parkway Corp.; and Payless ShoeSource, Inc.

The companies that the plaintiffs have been suing are the “Defendants.” Defendants are:

- “Visa Defendants”: Visa U.S.A. Inc., Visa International Service Association, and Visa Inc.;
- “MasterCard Defendants”: MasterCard International Incorporated and MasterCard Incorporated; and
- “Bank Defendants”: Bank of America, N.A.; BA Merchant Services LLC (formerly known as National Processing, Inc.); Bank of America Corporation; MBNA America Bank, N.A.; Barclays Bank plc; Barclays Bank Delaware; Barclays Financial Corp.; Capital One Bank (USA), N.A.; Capital One F.S.B.; Capital One Financial Corporation; Chase Bank USA, N.A.; Chase Manhattan Bank USA, N.A.; Chase Paymentech Solutions, LLC; JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.; JPMorgan Chase & Co.; Bank One Corporation; Bank One Delaware, N.A.; Citibank (South Dakota), N.A.; Citibank N.A.; Citigroup Inc.; Citicorp; Fifth Third Bancorp; First National Bank of Omaha; HSBC Finance Corporation; HSBC Bank USA, N.A.; HSBC North America Holdings Inc.; HSBC Holdings plc; HSBC Bank plc; National City Corporation; National City Bank of Kentucky; SunTrust Banks, Inc.; SunTrust Bank; Texas Independent Bancshares, Inc.; Wachovia Bank, N.A.; Wachovia Corporation; Washington Mutual, Inc.; Washington Mutual Bank; Providian National Bank (also known as Washington Mutual Card Services, Inc.); Providian Financial Corporation; Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. and Wells Fargo & Company.

2. What is this lawsuit about?

This lawsuit is about:

- The interchange fees attributable to merchants that accepted Visa or MasterCard credit or debit cards between January 1, 2004 and MM DD, 201Y, and
- Visa’s and MasterCard’s rules for merchants that accept their cards.

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

The Class Plaintiffs claim that:

- Visa, MasterCard, and their respective member banks, including the Bank Defendants, violated the law because they set interchange fees.
- Visa, MasterCard, and their respective member banks, including the Bank Defendants, violated the law because they imposed and enforced rules that limited merchants from steering their customers to other payment methods. Doing so insulated them from competitive pressure to lower the interchange fees.
- Visa and MasterCard conspired together about some of the business practices challenged.
- Visa and MasterCard and their respective member banks continued in those activities despite that Visa and MasterCard changed their corporate structure and became publicly owned corporations after this case was filed.
- The Defendants' conduct caused the merchants to pay excessive fees for accepting Visa and MasterCard cards.
- But for Defendants' conduct there would have been no interchange fee or those fees would have been lower.

The Defendants say they have done nothing wrong. They claim their business practices are legal, justified, the result of independent competition and have benefitted merchants and consumers.

3. What is an interchange fee?

When a cardholder makes a purchase with a credit or debit card, there is an *interchange fee* attributable to those transactions, which is usually 1% to 2% of the purchase price. Interchange fees typically account for the greatest part of the fees paid by merchants for accepting Visa and MasterCard cards.

Visa and MasterCard set interchange fee rates for different kinds of transactions and publish them on their websites, usually twice a year.

4. Why is this a class action?

In a class action, a very small number of people or businesses sue not only for themselves, but also on behalf of other people or businesses with similar legal claims and interests. Together all of these people or businesses with similar claims and interests form a class, and are class members.

When a court decides a case or approves a settlement, it is applicable to all members of the class (except class members who exclude themselves). In this case, the Court has given its preliminary approval to the settlement and the two classes defined below in Question 6.

5. Why is there a settlement?

The Court has not decided which side was wrong or if any laws were violated. Instead, both sides agreed to settle the case and avoid the cost and risk of trial and appeals that would follow a trial.

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

In this case, the settlement is the product of extensive negotiations, including court-supervised mediation with two experienced mediators, chosen by the parties. Settling this case allows class members to receive payments and other benefits. The Class Plaintiffs and their lawyers believe the settlement is best for all class members.

The parties agreed to settle this case only after seven years of extensive litigation. At the time of settlement, discovery was complete and the parties had exchanged expert reports. During discovery, Class Plaintiffs reviewed more than 50 million pages of documents and deposed more than 400 witnesses, including Defendants' experts. Also, at the time of settlement, motions to dismiss, motions for summary judgment, motions to exclude expert testimony, and the motion for class certification had been fully briefed and argued, and were pending before the court.

6. Am I part of this settlement?

If this Notice was mailed to you, the Defendants' records show that you are probably in the:

Cash Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class) "consisting of all persons, businesses, or other entities that accepted Visa-Branded Cards and/or MasterCard-Branded Cards in the United States at any time from January 1, 2004 to the Settlement Preliminary Approval Date, except that this Class does not include the named Defendants, their directors, officers, or members of their families, financial institutions that have issued Visa- or MasterCard-Branded Cards or acquired Visa- or MasterCard-Branded Card transactions at any time from January 1, 2004 to the Settlement Preliminary Approval Date, or the United States government."

Rule Changes Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class) "consisting of all persons, businesses or other entities that as of the Settlement Preliminary Approval Date, or in the future accept any Visa-Branded Cards and/or MasterCard-Branded Cards in the United States, except that this Class shall not include the named Defendants, their directors, officers, or members of their families, financial institutions that have issued Visa- or MasterCard-Branded Cards or acquired Visa- or MasterCard-Branded Card transactions at any time since January 1, 2004, or do so in the future, or the United States government."

The Settlement Preliminary Approval Date referenced in these class definitions is MM DD, 201Y.

If you are not sure whether you are part of this settlement, contact the Class Administrator at:

Call the toll-free number, [REDACTED]
Visit www.PaymentCardSettlement.com.
Write to: PO Box XXXX, Portland, OR 97208-xxxx or
Email: info@PaymentCardSettlement.com.

SETTLEMENT BENEFITS

7. How much money will be provided for in this settlement?

Under the settlement, Visa, MasterCard and the bank defendants have agreed to make payments to two funds:

- **Cash Settlement Fund:** Every merchant in the Cash Settlement Class that does not exclude itself from the class by the deadline described below and files a valid claim ("Authorized Cash Claimant") will get money from the \$6.05 billion Cash Fund. This fund will be reduced by an amount not to exceed 25%

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

of the Cash Fund to account for merchants who exclude themselves from the Cash Settlement Class. The money in this fund after the reduction for excluded merchants will also be used to pay:

- The cost of settlement administration and notice, as approved by the Court,
- Money awards for Class Plaintiffs as approved by the Court, and
- Attorneys' fees and expenses, as approved by the Court.

The money in this fund will only be distributed if the Court finally approves the settlement.

• **Interchange Fund:** The money for this fund is estimated to be up to \$1.2 billion and will be equivalent to 10 basis points (i.e. one-tenth of 1%) of transaction volume attributable to Cash Settlement Class members that accept Visa or MasterCard credit cards during an eight-month period starting MM DD, 201Y. Every merchant in the Cash Settlement Class that does not exclude itself from the class by the deadline described below and that accepted Visa or MasterCard credit cards during that eight-month period and files a valid claim ("Authorized Interchange Claimant") will get money from the Interchange Fund. The money in this fund will also be used to pay:

- The cost of settlement administration and notice, as approved by the Court, and
- Any attorneys' fees and expenses that may be approved by the Court.

The money in this fund will not be returned to Defendants, even if the settlement is terminated. If this settlement is terminated, the Court will decide how to distribute this fund.

8. How do I ask for money from this settlement?

You must file a valid claim to get money from this settlement. If the Court finally approves the settlement, and you do not exclude yourself from the Cash Settlement Class, you will receive a claim form in the mail or by email. You may also get a claim form at: www.PaymentCardSettlement.com, or call: [REDACTED]

How much money will I get?

It is anticipated that the amount paid from the Cash Settlement Fund will be based on your actual or estimated interchange fees attributable to Visa and MasterCard transactions from January 1, 2004 through MM DD, 201Y.

The amount paid from the Interchange Fund will be based on one-tenth of 1% of the merchant's Visa and MasterCard credit card transaction volume during the eight-month period to begin by MM DD, 201Y.

Valid claims will be paid from the Cash Settlement Fund and/or the Interchange Fund. The amount of money each eligible claimant will receive from the Cash Settlement Fund depends on the money available to pay all claims, the total dollar value of all valid claims filed, the deduction described above not to exceed 25% of the Cash Settlement Fund, the cost of class administration and notice, money awards to Class Plaintiffs, and attorneys' fees and expenses approved by the Court. The amount of money each eligible claimant will receive from the Interchange Fund depends on the money available to pay all claims, the total dollar value of all valid claims filed, the cost of class administration and notice, and attorneys' fees and expenses approved by the Court. Each claimant's payment will be paid in proportion to all claimants' payments.

Details about how all claims are calculated will be available at www.PaymentCardSettlement.com starting no later than MM DD, 201Y.

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

9. What do the members of the Rule Changes Settlement Class Get?

If the Court approves the settlement, Visa and MasterCard will make changes to their rules and practices. These changes will benefit the Rule Changes Settlement Class.

The rule changes, which will start no later than MM DD, 20YY, are summarized below. To see a detailed description of the rule changes, including other rules not listed here, see the Class Settlement Agreement, paragraphs 40–65.

Brand Surcharge Rules on Credit (not Debit) Cards

Merchants will be able to charge an extra fee to all customers who pay with Visa or MasterCard branded credit cards. This is called a brand-level surcharge, and it is allowed if the surcharge:

- is the same for all Visa credit cards or all MasterCard credit cards;
- is not more than the merchant's average Visa or MasterCard merchant discount rate (calculated historically or based on the previous month); and
- is not more than the maximum surcharge cap, which will be posted on Visa's and MasterCard's websites (if a cap is set).

For merchants that accept other brands of credit cards, such as American Express, Discover, or PayPal, there are other requirements that depend on the costs of those brands to the merchant and those brands' surcharge restrictions.

- If the merchant accepts a competing brand of credit card that is as or more expensive than Visa or MasterCard, and that limits the merchant's ability to surcharge, the merchant may surcharge Visa or MasterCard cards only in the same way as the merchant would be allowed to surcharge the competing brand's cards or on the terms on which the merchant actually surcharges the competing brand's cards.
- If the merchant accepts a competing brand of credit card that prohibits or effectively prohibits the merchant from surcharging in a particular channel of commerce, the merchant may not surcharge Visa or MasterCard cards unless it also surcharges the competing brand's cards regardless of the cost of that brand to the merchant. The amount of the surcharge must equal whichever is less: the cost to accept the competing brand or the surcharge imposed on Visa or MasterCard cards.

Exception: A merchant may individually negotiate an agreement with the competing brand to waive or limit its ability to surcharge that brand, if that agreement fulfills the terms of the Class Settlement Agreement.

Product Surcharge Rules on Credit (not Debit) Cards

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

A merchant may impose a surcharge on a particular Visa or MasterCard credit card product, such as Visa Signature. The amount of the surcharge must not be more than the merchant's cost to accept the particular Visa or MasterCard credit card product, minus the Durbin Amendment's cap on debit-card interchange fees. The surcharge must be the same for all transactions on the particular Visa or MasterCard credit card product, regardless of the card's issuer.

For merchants that accept credit cards issued by competing brands (e.g., American Express, Discover, or PayPal), there are requirements similar to the brand level surcharge rules summarized above.

Discount Rule: Merchants may offer discounts or other financial incentives at the point of sale to customers who do not pay with Visa or MasterCard cards.

All-Outlets: Merchants may accept Visa or MasterCard at fewer than all of the merchant's "trade names" or "banners" if the merchant operates multiple businesses under different trade names or banners. For stores operating under the same "trade name" or "banner," however, merchants must accept or decline a network's cards at all of its stores operating under the same "trade name" or "banner."

Buying Groups: Merchants that form buying groups that meet certain criteria may make proposals to Visa and MasterCard about card acceptance on behalf of the group's members. If Visa or MasterCard believe that the group's proposal "provides reasonable commercial benefits to the parties," it must negotiate with the buying group and decide, in "good faith," whether or not to make an agreement with the group.

\$10 Minimum Rule: This rule, which allows merchants to set a \$10 minimum purchase for Visa and MasterCard credit cards, will not change even if the requirements of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform Act end.

All these rule changes are set forth in full in the Settlement Agreement, which appears on the website: www.PaymentCardSettlement.com.

HOW TO FILE A CLAIM

10. How do I file a claim?

If the Court approves the settlement (see "The Court's Fairness Hearing" below), the Court will approve a Claim Form and set a deadline for Cash Settlement Class members to submit claims. In order to receive a payment, you must submit a Claim Form.

If you received this Notice in the mail, a Claim Form will be mailed or emailed to you automatically. The Claim Form will also be posted on the website and available by calling the toll free number shown below. Class members will be able to submit claims electronically using this website or by returning a paper Claim Form.

Who decides the value of my claim?

The Class Administrator is obtaining data from Visa, MasterCard, certain Bank Defendants, and other entities which it expects will permit it to estimate the total value of interchange fees attributable to each Authorized Cash Claimant on its Visa and MasterCard card transactions during the period from January 1, 2004 to MM DD, 201Y with no netting or reductions based on rebates, market support, or promotional payments, or otherwise ("Interchange Fees Paid"). It is the current intention to utilize this data to the

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

extent possible, to estimate the interchange fees attributable to class members. For any calendar year, or part thereof, in which an Authorized Cash Claimant had an agreement with Visa or MasterCard under which the merchant received customized interchange rates, such Claimant may elect to have its Visa or MasterCard Interchange Fees Paid estimated, in lieu of the Interchange Fees Paid amounts shown in the data utilized by the Class Administrator, by multiplying its relevant Visa or MasterCard credit, signature debit, and PIN debit transaction volume by the respective average effective credit, signature debit, and PIN debit interchange rates across the merchant's applicable merchant category (or merchant categories) for that time period. In order for a Claimant to qualify for such an election, the Class Administrator must confirm with Visa or MasterCard that the Claimant had an agreement with Visa or MasterCard in which it received customized interchange rates, for such time period.

Where the necessary data is not reasonably available or if the Interchange Fees Paid claim value established by the Class Administrator is disputed by the class member, class members will be required to submit information in support of its claim. This information will include, to the extent known, Interchange Fees Paid attributable to the class member, merchant discount fees paid, the class member's merchant category code and/or a description of the class member's business, total Visa and MasterCard transaction volume and/or total sales volume. Based on these data, the Interchange Fees Paid attributable to the class member will be estimated for each known Cash Settlement Class member.

The Class Administrator will calculate the value of claims to the Interchange Fund as a percentage of sales volume on Visa- and MasterCard-Branded credit card transactions during the eight-month period. To the extent that available data explicitly specify a particular claimant's sales volume on Visa- and MasterCard-Branded credit card transactions during the eight-month period, these data will be utilized directly in the valuation of that claim.

Claimants whose dollar sales transaction volume is not available from the Defendants and/or third parties will be asked to submit payment card transaction volume for the eight-month period to the Class Administrator or, if payment card transaction volume information is not available to the class member, sales transaction information from which payment card transaction volume may be estimated. The Class Administrator will make what it judges to be the best reasonably accurate estimate of such sales volume based on available data, and will make available to such Authorized Interchange Claimants the estimate of such sales volumes. Such estimates may be provided in a subsequent mailing or email to the Authorized Interchange Claimant and/or may be made accessible over a secure website operated by the Class Administrator.

The Class Administrator also expects to provide class members the ability to access the Claims website with a unique code to permit it to view the manner in which its claim value was calculated and may also provide this information on a pre-populated claim form. Class members may accept or disagree with data on the claim form or the website. The claim form and website will explain how to challenge the data.

More details about how all claims are calculated will be available at www.PaymentCardSettlement.com starting no later than MM DD, 201Y.

Claim Preregistration Form

Class members with more than one location or a franchise that accepts Visa or MasterCard cards may also fill out a pre-registration form at the website. You do not have to pre-register but doing so may be helpful, and does not impact your rights in this case.

What if the Class Administrator doesn't have my data?

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

The claim form also allows class members for whom no financial data is available or who were not identified as class members to file a claim. Those merchants will have to fill out and sign a claim form and return it by the deadline.

Can anyone else file a claim for me?

There are specialized companies that may offer to fill out and file your claim in return for a percentage of the value of your claim. Before you sign a contract with one of these companies, you should examine the claim-filing process provided here and decide whether it is worth the cost. You can always seek help from the Class Administrator or Class Counsel.

11. Am I giving up anything by filing a claim or not filing a claim?

If the Court finally approves the settlement, members of the Rule Changes Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class) cannot be excluded from the Rule Changes Settlement Class. They will be bound by the terms of that settlement, including releasing all claims that were or could have been alleged in this case against any of the released parties identified in Paragraph 67 of the Class Settlement Agreement.

Members of the Cash Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class) (who do not exclude themselves by the deadline) whether or not they file a claim for payment, will be bound by the terms of that settlement, which include agreeing not to file a claim against any of the released parties identified in Paragraph 32 of the Class Settlement Agreement.

In general, the settlement will resolve and release all claims by merchants against Visa, MasterCard or banks that were or could have been alleged in the lawsuit, including any claims about interchange or other fees, no-surcharge rules, no-discounting rules, honor-all-cards rules and other rules.

The settlement will also resolve any merchant claims based upon the future effect in the United States of:

- any Visa or MasterCard rules, as of MM DD, 201Y, that are not to be modified pursuant to the settlement,
- the modified rules provided for in the settlement, or
- any other rules substantially similar to any such rules.

The releases will not bar claims involving certain specified standard commercial disputes arising in the ordinary course of business.

The full text of the Releases for both the Cash Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class) and Rule Changes Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class) is set forth at pages 20 to 29 of this Notice. The Releases describe the released claims in legal language. You should carefully read the Releases and if you have questions about them, you may:

- Call Class Counsel listed in Question 17 at no charge,
- Talk to a lawyer, at your own expense, about the releases and what they mean to you. The complete Settlement Agreement may also be viewed on the website.

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

Important! If you want to keep your right to be part of any other lawsuit that asks for money based on similar claims, you must opt-out (exclude yourself) from the Cash Settlement Class of this settlement. You **cannot** be excluded from the Rule Changes Settlement Class.

12. How do I opt-out of the Cash Settlement Class of this settlement?

To opt-out (exclude yourself) from the Cash Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class) of this Settlement, send a letter to:

PO Box XXX
Portland, OR 97208-XXX

Your letter must be postmarked by MM DD, 201Y. You cannot exclude yourself by phone, fax, email or online.

Should I send my letter by regular mail?

Yes. Send your letter by first-class mail and pay for the postage. Keep a copy for your records.

What should my letter say?

Your letter must be signed by a person authorized to do so and state as follows:

- I want to exclude [name of merchant] from the Cash Settlement Class of the settlement in the case called *In re Payment Card Interchange Fee and Merchant Discount Antitrust Litigation*.

- My personal information is:

Name (first, middle, last):

Position

Name of Merchant

Address:

Phone No.:

Merchant's taxpayer identification number:

- The business names, brand names, and addresses of the stores or sales locations of that I want to exclude from the Cash Settlement Class are:

(list all businesses and addresses of each store or sales location):

- My position at the business that gives me the authority to exclude it from the Cash Settlement Class is as follows:

Warning! If your letter is sent after the deadline it will be considered invalid. If this happens, you won't be excluded from the Cash Settlement Class, and you will still be part of the settlement and will be bound by all of its terms.

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

13. If I exclude myself from the Cash Settlement Class, can I still get money from this settlement?

No. If you exclude yourself from the Cash Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class):

- You cannot get money from this settlement, and
- You cannot object to the Cash Settlement (but you can still object to the Rule Changes).

The deadline to exclude yourself is: MM DD, 201Y. To do this, see: www.PaymentCardSettlement.com. **Important!** If you exclude yourself, do not file a claim form asking for payment.

Can I exclude myself from the Rule Changes Settlement Class?

No. You cannot be excluded from the Rule Changes Settlement Class. But you may object to the Rule Changes Settlement, if you want to.

14. If I do not exclude myself from the Cash Settlement Class, can I sue these Defendants for damages for past conduct later?

No. If you do not exclude yourself, you give up your right to sue any of the released parties described in the Class Settlement Agreement for damages for past conduct.

HOW TO DISAGREE WITH THE SETTLEMENT

15. What if I disagree with the settlement?

You may tell the Court you object to (disagree with) the settlement for the Rule Changes Settlement Class. You may also object to the settlement for the Cash Settlement Class if you do not exclude yourself. The Court will consider your objection(s) when it decides whether or not to finally approve the settlement.

How do I tell the Court I disagree with the settlement?

You must file a Statement of Objections with the Court at this address:

United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York
Clerk of Court
225 Cadman Plaza
Brooklyn, New York 11201

You must also send a copy of your Statement of Objections to Class Counsel and Counsel for the Defendants at the following addresses:

Designated Class Counsel: Alexandra S. Bernay, Robbins Geller Rudman &
Dowd LLP, 655 West Broadway, Suite 1900, San Diego, CA 92101.

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

Designated Defendants' Counsel: Wesley R. Powell, Willkie Farr & Gallagher LLP, 787 Seventh Avenue, New York, NY 10019.

You must send your Statement of Objections postmarked no later than MM DD, 201Y.

What should my Statement of Objections say?

Your Statement of Objections must contain the following information:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re Payment Card Interchange Fee and Merchant Discount Antitrust Litigation : No. 05-MD-01720 (JG) JO
:
_____:

Statement of Objections

I am a member of the Cash Settlement Class [and/or] the Rule Changes Settlement Class in the case called *In re Payment Card Interchange Fee and Merchant Discount Antitrust Litigation*.

I am a Class member because [*List information that will prove you are a class member, such as your business name and address, and how long you have accepted Visa or MasterCard cards*].

I object to the settlement in this lawsuit. I object to (*list what part(s) of the Settlement you disagree with, e.g. the settlement for the Cash Settlement Class, Rule Changes Settlement Class, Allocation Plan, notice procedures, other features.*) [Note that you may also object to any requests for attorneys' fees and expenses as part of the same objection, or as part of a separate objection described below].

My reasons for objecting are:

The laws and evidence that support each of my objections are:

My personal information is:

Name (first, middle, last):

Address:

Phone No.:

The contact information for my lawyer (if any) is:

Can I call the Court or the Judge's office about my objections?

No. If you have questions, you may visit the website for the settlement or call the Class Administrator.

www.PaymentCardSettlement.com



16. Is objecting the same as being excluded?

No. **Objecting** means you tell the Court which part(s) of the settlement you disagree with (including the plan for distributing the cash benefits, request for attorneys' fees and expenses or awards for Class Plaintiffs).

Being excluded (also called opting-out) means you tell the Court you do not want to be part of the Cash

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
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Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class).

THE LAWYERS REPRESENTING YOU

17. Who are the lawyers that represent the Classes?

The Court has appointed the lawyers listed below to represent you. These lawyers are called Class Counsel. Many other lawyers have also worked with Class Counsel to represent you in this case. Because you are a class member, you do not have to pay any of these lawyers. They will be paid from the settlement funds.

K. Craig Wildfang

Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P.,
2800 LaSalle Plaza
800 LaSalle Avenue
Minneapolis, MN 55402

H. Laddie Montague, Jr.

Berger & Montague, P.C.,
1622 Locust Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103

Bonny E. Sweeney

Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP
655 West Broadway, Suite 1900
San Diego, CA 92101

Should I hire my own lawyer?

You do not have to hire your own lawyer. But you can if you want to, at your own cost.

If you hire your own lawyer to appear in this case, you must tell the Court and send a copy of your notice to Class Counsel at any of the addresses above.

18. How much will the lawyers and Class Plaintiffs be paid?

For work done through final approval of the settlement by the district court, the lawyers for the class members (called Class Counsel) will ask the Court for an amount that is a reasonable proportion of the Cash Settlement Fund, not to exceed 11.5% of the Cash Settlement Fund of \$6.05 billion and 11.5% of the Interchange Fund estimated to be \$1.2 billion to compensate all of the lawyers and their law firms that have worked on the class case. For additional work to administer the settlement, distribute both funds, and through any appeals, Class Counsel may seek reimbursement at their normal hourly rates, not to exceed an additional 1% of the Cash Settlement Fund of \$6.05 billion and an additional 1% of the Interchange Fund estimated to be \$1.2 billion.

Class Counsel will also request reimbursement of their expenses (not including the administrative costs of settlement or notice), not to exceed \$40 million and up to \$200,000 per Class Plaintiff in service awards for their efforts on behalf of the classes.

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

Class Counsel may also seek reimbursement of fees and expenses from class members that opt out of the Cash Settlement Class, to the extent those class members rely on the record compiled in this case. Any monies that Class Counsel successfully recover from opt-outs will be deposited into the Cash Settlement Fund if the Court finally approves the settlement.

The amounts to be awarded as attorneys' fees, reimbursement of expenses, and Class Plaintiffs' Awards **must** be approved by the Court. Class Counsel must file their requests for fees and expenses and other costs to the Court by MM DD, 201Y. You can object to the requests for attorneys' fees in compliance with the instructions in question 19 below.

Copies of the lawyers' requests for payment, reimbursement, and other costs will be posted at the settlement website the same day they are filed, which will be no later than MM DD, 201Y.

19. How do I disagree with the requested attorneys' fees, expenses or awards to Class Plaintiffs?

You may tell the Court you object to (disagree with) any request for attorneys' fees and expenses or awards to Class Plaintiffs. You may do so if you do not exclude yourself from the Cash Settlement Class and/or if you are a member of the Rule Changes Settlement Class. The Court will consider your objection(s) when it evaluates any request for attorneys' fees and expenses and/or awards to Class Plaintiffs in connection with its decision on final approval of the settlement.

To file an objection, you must file a Statement of Objections with the Court at this address:

United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York
Clerk of Court
225 Cadman Plaza
Brooklyn, New York 11201

You must also send a copy of your Statement of Objections to Class Counsel and Counsel for the Defendants at the following addresses:

Designated Class Counsel: Alexandra S. Bernay, Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP, 655 West Broadway, Suite 1900, San Diego, CA 92101.

Designated Defendants' Counsel: Wesley R. Powell, Willkie Farr & Gallagher LLP, 787 Seventh Avenue, New York, NY 10019.

The Clerk of Court, the attorneys for the class and defendants must receive your letter by MM DD, 201Y.

What should my Statement of Objections say?

Your Statement of Objections must contain the following information:

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re Payment Card Interchange Fee and : No. 05-MD-01720 (JG) JO
Merchant Discount Antitrust Litigation :
_____ :

Statement of Objections

I am a member of the Cash Settlement Class [and/or] the Rules Changes Settlement Class in the case called *In re Payment Card Interchange Fee and Merchant Discount Antitrust Litigation*.

I am a Class member because [*List information that will prove you are a class member, such as your business name and address, and how long you have accepted Visa or MasterCard cards*].

I object class counsel’s request for attorneys’ fees and expenses and/or to the request for money awards to Class Plaintiffs.

My reasons for objecting are:

The laws and evidence that support each of my objections are:

My personal information is:

Name (first, middle, last):

Address:

Phone No.:

The contact information for my lawyer (if any) is:

Can I call the Court or the Judge’s office about my objections?

No. If you have questions, you may visit the website for the settlement or call the Class Administrator.

www.PaymentCardSettlement.com



THE COURT’S FAIRNESS HEARING

20. When and where will the Court decide whether to approve the settlement?

There will be a Fairness Hearing at _:__.m. on MM DD, 201Y. The hearing will take place at:

United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York
Courtroom # XX
225 Cadman Plaza
Brooklyn, NY 11201

We do not know how long the Court will take to make its decision.

Important! The time and date of this hearing may change without additional mailed or published notice. For updated information on the hearing, visit: www.PaymentCardSettlement.com.

Why is there a hearing?

The hearing is about whether or not the settlement is fair, adequate, and reasonable.

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

The Court will consider any objections and listen to class members who have asked to speak at the hearing.

The Court will also decide whether it should give its final approval of the Plaintiffs' requests for attorneys' fees and expenses, service awards, and other costs.

21. Do I have to come to the hearing to get my money?

No. You do not have to go to the hearing, even if you sent the Court an objection. But, you can go to the hearing or hire a lawyer to go the hearing if you want to, at your own expense.

22. What if I want to speak at the hearing?

You must file a Notice of Intention to Appear with the Court at this address:

United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York
Clerk of Court
225 Cadman Plaza
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Your Notice of Intention to Appear must be filed by MM DD, 201Y. You must also mail a copy of your letter to Class Counsel and Counsel for the Defendants at the addresses listed in question 15.

What should my Notice of Intention to Appear say?

Your Notice of Intention to Appear must be signed and contain the following information:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re Payment Card Interchange Fee and Merchant Discount Antitrust Litigation : No. 05-MD-01720 (JG) JO
:
_____:

- Notice of Intention to Appear
- I want to speak at the Fairness Hearing for the case called *In re Payment Card Interchange Fee and Merchant Discount Antitrust Litigation*.
- My personal information is:
 - Name (first, middle, last):
 - Address:
 - Phone No.:
- Personal information for other people (including lawyers) who want to speak at the hearing:

**QUESTIONS? CALL [REDACTED] OR VISIT
WWW.PAYMENTCARDSETTLEMENT.COM**

IF YOU DO NOTHING

23. What happens if I do nothing?

If you do not file a claim, you cannot get money from this settlement.

If you do not exclude yourself the Cash Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class), you cannot be part of any other lawsuit against Defendants and other released parties listed in the Class Settlement Agreement for damages for past conduct. You will be bound by the Cash Settlement Class (Rule 23(b)(3) Class) Release.

GETTING MORE INFORMATION

24. How do I get more information?

There are several ways to get more information about the settlement.

You will find the following information at: www.PaymentCardSettlement.com:

- The complete Class Settlement Agreement, including all attachments, and
- Other documents related to this lawsuit.

To receive a copy of the Class Settlement Agreement or other documents related to this lawsuit, you may:

Visit: www.PaymentCardSettlement.com.
Write to: P.O. Box XXXX, Portland, OR 97208-XXXX, or
Email: info@PaymentCardSettlement.com.
Call : [REDACTED] – toll-free

If you do not get a claim form in the mail or by email, you may download one at: www.PaymentCardSettlement.com, or call: [REDACTED]

Please Do Not Attempt to Contact Judge Gleeson or Clerk of Court With Any Questions

THE FULL TEXT OF THE RELEASES

25. What is the full text of the Release for the Cash Settlement Class?

31. The “Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Releasing Parties” are the Class Plaintiffs, each and every member of the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class that does not become an Opt Out, and any of their respective past, present, or future: officers and directors; stockholders, agents, employees, legal representatives, partners, and associates (in their capacities as stockholders, agents, employees, legal representatives, partners, and associates of a member of the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class only); and trustees, parents, subsidiaries, divisions, affiliates, heirs, executors, administrators, purchasers, predecessors, successors, and assigns — whether or not they object to this Class Settlement Agreement,

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and whether or not they make a claim for payment from the Class Settlement Cash Escrow Account(s) or the Class Settlement Interchange Escrow Account(s), whether directly, representatively, derivatively, or in any other capacity.

32. The “Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Parties” are all of the following:

(a) Visa U.S.A. Inc., Visa International Service Association, Visa Inc., Visa Asia Pacific Region, Visa Canada Association, Visa Central & Eastern Europe, Middle East & Africa Region, Visa Europe, Visa Europe Limited, Visa Latin America & Caribbean Region, and any other entity that now authorizes or licenses, or in the past has authorized or licensed, a financial institution to issue any Visa-Branded Cards or to acquire any Visa-Branded Card transactions.

(b) MasterCard International Incorporated, MasterCard Incorporated, and any other entity that now authorizes or licenses, or in the past has authorized or licensed, a financial institution to issue any MasterCard-Branded Cards or to acquire any MasterCard-Branded Card transactions.

(c) Bank of America, N.A.; BA Merchant Services LLC (formerly known as National Processing, Inc.); Bank of America Corporation; MBNA America Bank, N.A., and FIA Card Services, N.A.

(d) Barclays Bank plc; Barclays Bank Delaware; and Barclays Financial Corp.

(e) Capital One Bank (USA), N.A.; Capital One F.S.B.; and Capital One Financial Corporation.

(f) Chase Bank USA, N.A.; Chase Manhattan Bank USA, N.A.; Chase Paymentech Solutions, LLC; JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.; JPMorgan Chase & Co.; Bank One Corporation; and Bank One Delaware, N.A.

(g) Citibank (South Dakota), N.A.; Citibank N.A.; Citigroup Inc.; and Citicorp.

(h) Fifth Third Bancorp.

(i) First National Bank of Omaha.

(j) HSBC Finance Corporation; HSBC Bank USA, N.A.; HSBC North America Holdings Inc.; HSBC Holdings plc; and HSBC Bank plc.

(k) National City Corporation and National City Bank of Kentucky.

(l) SunTrust Banks, Inc. and SunTrust Bank.

(m) Texas Independent Bancshares, Inc.

(n) Wachovia Bank, N.A. and Wachovia Corporation.

(o) Washington Mutual, Inc.; Washington Mutual Bank; Providian National Bank (also known as Washington Mutual Card Services, Inc.); and Providian Financial Corporation.

(p) Wells Fargo & Company and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.

(q) Each and every entity or person alleged to be a co-conspirator of any Defendant in any of the Operative Class Complaints or any of the Class Actions.

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(r) Each of the past, present, or future member or customer financial institutions of Visa U.S.A. Inc., Visa International Service Association, Visa Inc., Visa Europe, Visa Europe Limited, MasterCard International Incorporated, or MasterCard Incorporated.

(s) For each of the entities or persons in Paragraphs 32(a)-(r) above, each of their respective past, present, and future, direct and indirect, parents (including holding companies), subsidiaries, affiliates, and associates (all as defined in SEC Rule 12b-2 promulgated pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934), or any other entity in which more than 50% of the equity interests are held.

(t) For each of the entities or persons in Paragraphs 32(a)-(s) above, each of their respective past, present, and future predecessors, successors, purchasers, and assigns (including acquirers of all or substantially all of the assets, stock, or other ownership interests of any of the Defendants to the extent a successor's, purchaser's, or acquirer's liability is based on the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Parties as defined in Paragraphs 32(a)-(s) above).

(u) For each of the entities or persons in Paragraphs 32(a)-(t) above, each of their respective past, present, and future principals, trustees, partners, officers, directors, employees, agents, attorneys, legal or other representatives, trustees, heirs, executors, administrators, shareholders, advisors, predecessors, successors, purchasers, and assigns (including acquirers of all or substantially all of the assets, stock, or other ownership interests of each of the foregoing entities to the extent a successor's, purchaser's, or acquirer's liability is based on the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Parties as defined in Paragraphs 32(a)-(t) above).

33. This release applies solely to the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Releasing Parties. In addition to the effect of the Class Settlement Order and Final Judgment entered in accordance with this Class Settlement Agreement, including but not limited to any *res judicata* effect, the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Releasing Parties hereby expressly and irrevocably waive, and fully, finally, and forever settle, discharge, and release the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Parties from any and all manner of claims, demands, actions, suits, and causes of action, whether individual, class, representative, *parens patriae*, or otherwise in nature, for damages, interest, costs, expenses, attorneys' fees, fines, civil or other penalties, or other payment of money, or for injunctive, declaratory, or other equitable relief, whenever incurred, whether directly, indirectly, derivatively, or otherwise, regardless of when such claims accrue, whether known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, in law or in equity that any Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Releasing Party ever had, now has, or hereafter can, shall, or may in the future have, arising out of or relating in any way to any conduct, acts, transactions, events, occurrences, statements, omissions, or failures to act of any Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Party that are alleged or which could have been alleged from the beginning of time until the date of the Court's entry of the Class Settlement Preliminary Approval Order in any of the Operative Class Complaints or Class Action complaints, or in any amendments to the Operative Class Complaints or Class Action complaints, including but not limited to any claims based on or relating to:

(a) any interchange rules, interchange fees, or interchange rates, or any other Rule of any Visa Defendant or MasterCard Defendant, or any agreement involving any Visa Defendant or any MasterCard Defendant and any other Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Party, and/or any merchant arising out of or relating to interchange rules, interchange fees, or interchange rates, card issuance, or card acceptance with respect to any Visa-Branded Card transactions in the United States or any MasterCard-Branded Card transactions in the United States;

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(b) any Merchant Fee of any Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Released Party relating to any Visa-Branded Card transactions in the United States or any MasterCard-Branded Card transactions in the United States;

(c) any actual or alleged “no surcharge” rules, “honor all cards” rules, “no minimum purchase” rules, “no discounting” rules, “non-discrimination” rules, “anti-steering” rules, Rules that limit merchants in favoring or steering customers to use certain payment systems, “all outlets” rules, “no bypass” rules, or “no multi-issuer” rules, or any other actual or alleged Rule of any Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Party relating to any Visa-Branded Cards or any MasterCard-Branded Cards, or a merchant’s point of sale practices relating to any Visa-Branded Cards or any MasterCard-Branded Cards;

(d) any actual or alleged agreement (i) between or among any Visa Defendant and any MasterCard Defendant, (ii) between or among any Visa Defendant or MasterCard Defendant and any other Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Party or Parties, or (iii) between or among any Visa Defendant, MasterCard Defendant, or any other Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Party or Parties relating to conduct or Rules of any Visa Defendant or any MasterCard Defendant;

(e) any reorganization, restructuring, initial or other public offering, or other corporate structuring of any Visa Defendant or MasterCard Defendant;

(f) any service of an employee or agent of any Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Party on any board or committee of any Visa Defendant or MasterCard Defendant;

(g) the future effect in the United States of the continued imposition of or adherence to any Rule of any Visa Defendant or MasterCard Defendant in effect in the United States as of the date of the Court’s entry of the Class Settlement Preliminary Approval Order, any Rule modified or to be modified pursuant to this Class Settlement Agreement, or any Rule that is substantially similar to any Rule in effect in the United States as of the date of the Court’s entry of the Class Settlement Preliminary Approval Order or any Rule modified or to be modified pursuant to this Class Settlement Agreement;

(h) the future effect in the United States of any conduct of any Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Party substantially similar to the conduct of any Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Party related to or arising out of interchange rules, interchange fees, or interchange rates, any Rule of any Visa Defendant or MasterCard Defendant modified or to be modified pursuant to this Class Settlement Agreement, any other Rule of any Visa Defendant or any MasterCard Defendant in effect as of the date of the Court’s entry of the Class Settlement Preliminary Approval Order, or any Rule substantially similar to any of the foregoing Rules;

(i) any conduct of this Action, including without limitation any settlement discussions relating to this Action, the negotiation of and agreement to this Class Settlement Agreement by the Defendants or any member or customer financial institution of the Visa Defendants or the MasterCard Defendants, or any terms or effect of this Class Settlement Agreement (other than claims to enforce this Class Settlement Agreement), including any changes in the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Parties’ Rules as a result of this Class Settlement Agreement;

and it is expressly agreed, for purposes of clarity, without expanding or limiting the foregoing, that any claims based on or relating to (a)-(i) above are claims that were or could have been alleged in this Action.

34. Each Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Releasing Party further expressly and irrevocably waives, and fully, finally, and forever settles and releases, any and all defenses, rights, and benefits that the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Releasing Party may have or that may be derived from the provisions

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of applicable law which, absent such waiver, may limit the extent or effect of the release contained in the preceding Paragraphs 31-33. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Releasing Party expressly and irrevocably waives and releases any and all defenses, rights, and benefits that the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Releasing Party might otherwise have in relation to the release by virtue of the provisions of California Civil Code Section 1542 or similar laws of any other state or jurisdiction. SECTION 1542 PROVIDES: "CERTAIN CLAIMS NOT AFFECTED BY GENERAL RELEASE. A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS WHICH THE CREDITOR DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE, WHICH IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER MUST HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR." In addition, although each Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Releasing Party may hereafter discover facts other than, different from, or in addition to those that it or he or she knows or believes to be true with respect to any claims released in the preceding Paragraphs 31-33, each Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Releasing Party hereby expressly waives, and fully, finally, and forever settles, discharges, and releases, any known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, contingent or non-contingent claims within the scope of the preceding Paragraphs 31-33, whether or not concealed or hidden, and without regard to the subsequent discovery or existence of such other, different, or additional facts. Class Plaintiffs acknowledge, and the members of the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class shall be deemed by operation of the Class Settlement Order and Final Judgment to have acknowledged, that the foregoing waiver was separately bargained for and is a key element of this Class Settlement Agreement.

35. Each Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Releasing Party covenants and agrees that it shall not, hereafter, seek to establish, or permit another to act for it in a representative capacity to seek to establish, liability against any of the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Parties based, in whole or in part, upon any conduct covered by any of the claims released in Paragraphs 31-34 above.

36. For avoidance of doubt, no other provision of this Class Settlement Agreement releases any claim of a Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Releasing Party that is based on:

- (a) breach of this Class Settlement Agreement;
- (b) standard commercial disputes arising in the ordinary course of business under contracts or commercial relations regarding loans, lines of credit, or other related banking or credit relations, individual chargeback disputes, products liability, breach of warranty, misappropriation of cardholder data or invasion of privacy, compliance with technical specifications for a merchant's acceptance of Credit Cards or Debit Cards, and any other dispute arising out of a breach of any contract between any of the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Releasing Parties and any of the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Parties; provided, however, that Paragraphs 31-35 [of the Class Settlement Agreement] and not this Paragraph shall control in the event that any such claim challenges the legality of interchange rules, interchange rates, or interchange fees, or any other Rule fee, charge, or other conduct covered by any of the claims released in Paragraphs 31-35 above; or

(c) the claims alleged in the currently operative complaints against the current defendants in (i) *NACS, et al. v. Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System*, No. 11-CV-02075-RJL (D.D.C.), and (ii) *In re ATM Fee Antitrust Litigation*, No. 04-CV-02676-CRB (N.D. Cal) (including claims that have been asserted to have been alleged in the Second Amended and Third Amended Complaints against Bank of America, N.A.).

37. Each Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Releasing Party further releases each of the Visa Defendants, MasterCard Defendants, and Bank Defendants and their counsel and experts in this Action from any claims relating to the defense of this Action, including the negotiation and terms of this Class

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Settlement Agreement, except for any claims relating to enforcement of this Class Settlement Agreement. Each Visa Defendant, MasterCard Defendant, and Bank Defendant releases the Class Plaintiffs, the other plaintiffs in the Class Actions, Class Counsel, Class Plaintiffs' other counsel who have participated in any settlement conferences before the Court for a Class Plaintiff that executes this Class Settlement Agreement, and their respective experts in the Class Actions, from any claims relating to their institution or prosecution of the Class Actions, including the negotiation and terms of this Class Settlement Agreement, except for any claims relating to enforcement of this Class Settlement Agreement.

38. In the event that this Class Settlement Agreement is terminated pursuant to Paragraphs 96-98 below, or any condition for the Settlement Final Approval Date is not satisfied, the release and covenant not to sue provisions of Paragraphs 31-37 above shall be null and void and unenforceable.

26. What is the full text of the Release for the Rule Changes Settlement Class?

66. The "Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Releasing Parties" are the Class Plaintiffs, each and every member of the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class, and any of their respective past, present, or future: officers and directors; stockholders, agents, employees, legal representatives, partners, and associates (in their capacities as stockholders, agents, employees, legal representatives, partners, and associates of a member of the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class only); and trustees, parents, subsidiaries, divisions, affiliates, heirs, executors, administrators, purchasers, predecessors, successors, and assigns — whether or not they object to this Class Settlement Agreement, and whether or not they exercise any benefit provided under the Class Settlement Agreement, whether directly, representatively, derivatively, or in any other capacity.

67. The "Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Parties" are all of the following:

(a) Visa U.S.A. Inc., Visa International Service Association, Visa Inc., Visa Asia Pacific Region, Visa Canada Association, Visa Central & Eastern Europe, Middle East & Africa Region, Visa Europe, Visa Europe Limited, Visa Latin America & Caribbean Region, and any other entity that now authorizes or licenses, or in the past has authorized or licensed, a financial institution to issue any Visa-Branded Cards or to acquire any Visa-Branded Card transactions.

(b) MasterCard International Incorporated, MasterCard Incorporated, and any other entity that now authorizes or licenses, or in the past has authorized or licensed, a financial institution to issue any MasterCard-Branded Cards or to acquire any MasterCard-Branded Card transactions.

(c) Bank of America, N.A.; BA Merchant Services LLC (formerly known as National Processing, Inc.); Bank of America Corporation; MBNA America Bank, N.A., and FIA Card Services, N.A.

(d) Barclays Bank plc; Barclays Bank Delaware; and Barclays Financial Corp.

(e) Capital One Bank (USA), N.A.; Capital One F.S.B.; and Capital One Financial Corporation.

(f) Chase Bank USA, N.A.; Chase Manhattan Bank USA, N.A.; Chase Paymentech Solutions, LLC; JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.; JPMorgan Chase & Co.; Bank One Corporation; and Bank One Delaware, N.A.

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- (g) Citibank (South Dakota), N.A.; Citibank N.A.; Citigroup Inc.; and Citicorp.
 - (h) Fifth Third Bancorp.
 - (i) First National Bank of Omaha.
 - (j) HSBC Finance Corporation; HSBC Bank USA, N.A.; HSBC North America Holdings Inc.; HSBC Holdings plc; and HSBC Bank plc.
 - (k) National City Corporation and National City Bank of Kentucky.
 - (l) SunTrust Banks, Inc. and SunTrust Bank.
 - (m) Texas Independent Bancshares, Inc.
 - (n) Wachovia Bank, N.A. and Wachovia Corporation.
 - (o) Washington Mutual, Inc.; Washington Mutual Bank; Provident National Bank (also known as Washington Mutual Card Services, Inc.); and Provident Financial Corporation.
 - (p) Wells Fargo & Company and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.
 - (q) Each and every entity or person alleged to be a co-conspirator of any Defendant in any of the Operative Class Complaints or any of the Class Actions.
 - (r) Each of the past, present, or future member or customer financial institutions of Visa U.S.A. Inc., Visa International Service Association, Visa Inc., Visa Europe, Visa Europe Limited, MasterCard International Incorporated, or MasterCard Incorporated.
 - (s) For each of the entities or persons in Paragraphs 67(a)-(r) above, each of their respective past, present, and future, direct and indirect, parents (including holding companies), subsidiaries, affiliates, and associates (all as defined in SEC Rule 12b-2 promulgated pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934), or any other entity in which more than 50% of the equity interests are held.
 - (t) For each of the entities or persons in Paragraphs 67(a)-(s) above, each of their respective past, present, and future predecessors, successors, purchasers, and assigns (including acquirers of all or substantially all of the assets, stock, or other ownership interests of any of the Defendants to the extent a successor's, purchaser's, or acquirer's liability is based on the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Parties as defined in Paragraphs 67(a)-(s) above).
 - (u) For each of the entities or persons in Paragraphs 67(a)-(t) above, each of their respective past, present, and future principals, trustees, partners, officers, directors, employees, agents, attorneys, legal or other representatives, trustees, heirs, executors, administrators, shareholders, advisors, predecessors, successors, purchasers, and assigns (including acquirers of all or substantially all of the assets, stock, or other ownership interests of each of the foregoing entities to the extent a successor's, purchaser's, or acquirer's liability is based on the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Parties as defined in Paragraphs 67(a)-(t) above).
68. This release applies solely to the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Releasing Parties. In addition to the effect of the Class Settlement Order and Final Judgment entered in accordance with this Class Settlement Agreement, including but not limited to any *res judicata* effect, the Rule 23(b)(2)

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Settlement Class Releasing Parties hereby expressly and irrevocably waive, and fully, finally, and forever settle, discharge, and release the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Parties from any and all manner of claims, demands, actions, suits, and causes of action, whether individual, class, representative, *parens patriae*, or otherwise in nature, for any form of declaratory, injunctive, or equitable relief, or any damages or other monetary relief relating to the period after the date of the Court's entry of the Class Settlement Preliminary Approval Order, regardless of when such claims accrue, whether known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, in law or in equity that any Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Releasing Party now has, or hereafter can, shall, or may in the future have, arising out of or relating in any way to any conduct, acts, transactions, events, occurrences, statements, omissions, or failures to act of any Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Party that are alleged or which could have been alleged from the beginning of time until the date of the Court's entry of the Class Settlement Preliminary Approval Order in any of the Operative Class Complaints or Class Action complaints, or in any amendments to the Operative Class Complaints or Class Action complaints, including but not limited to any claims based on or relating to:

(a) any interchange rules, interchange fees, or interchange rates, or any other Rule of any Visa Defendant or MasterCard Defendant, or any agreement involving any Visa Defendant or any MasterCard Defendant and any other Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Party, and/or any merchant arising out of or relating to interchange rules, interchange fees, or interchange rates, card issuance, or card acceptance with respect to any Visa-Branded Card transactions in the United States or any MasterCard-Branded Card transactions in the United States;

(b) any Merchant Fee of any Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Released Party relating to any Visa-Branded Card transactions in the United States or any MasterCard-Branded Card transactions in the United States;

(c) any actual or alleged "no surcharge" rules, "honor all cards" rules, "no minimum purchase" rules, "no discounting" rules, "non-discrimination" rules, "anti-steering" rules, Rules that limit merchants in favoring or steering customers to use certain payment systems, "all outlets" rules, "no bypass" rules, or "no multi-issuer" rules, or any other actual or alleged Rule of any Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Party relating to any Visa-Branded Cards or any MasterCard-Branded Cards, or a merchant's point of sale practices relating to any Visa-Branded Cards or any MasterCard-Branded Cards;

(d) any actual or alleged agreement (i) between or among any Visa Defendant and any MasterCard Defendant, (ii) between or among any Visa Defendant or MasterCard Defendant and any other Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Party or Parties, or (iii) between or among any Visa Defendant, MasterCard Defendant, or any other Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Party or Parties relating to conduct or Rules of any Visa Defendant or any MasterCard Defendant;

(e) any reorganization, restructuring, initial or other public offering, or other corporate structuring of any Visa Defendant or MasterCard Defendant;

(f) any service of an employee or agent of any Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Party on any board or committee of any Visa Defendant or MasterCard Defendant;

(g) the future effect in the United States of the continued imposition of or adherence to any Rule of any Visa Defendant or MasterCard Defendant in effect in the United States as of the date of the Court's entry of the Class Settlement Preliminary Approval Order, any Rule modified or to be modified pursuant to this Class Settlement Agreement, or any Rule that is substantially similar to any Rule in effect in the United States as of the date of the Court's entry of the Class Settlement Preliminary Approval Order or any Rule modified or to be modified pursuant to this Class Settlement Agreement;

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(h) the future effect in the United States of any conduct of any Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Party substantially similar to the conduct of any Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Party related to or arising out of interchange rules, interchange fees, or interchange rates, any Rule of any Visa Defendant or MasterCard Defendant modified or to be modified pursuant to this Class Settlement Agreement, any other Rule of any Visa Defendant or any MasterCard Defendant in effect as of the date of the Court's entry of the Class Settlement Preliminary Approval Order, or any Rule substantially similar to any of the foregoing Rules;

(i) any conduct of this Action, including without limitation any settlement discussions relating to this Action, the negotiation of and agreement to this Class Settlement Agreement by the Defendants or any member or customer financial institution of the Visa Defendants or the MasterCard Defendants, or any terms or effect of this Class Settlement Agreement (other than claims to enforce this Class Settlement Agreement), including any changes in the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Parties' Rules as a result of this Class Settlement Agreement;

and it is expressly agreed, for purposes of clarity, without expanding or limiting the foregoing, that any claims based on or relating to (a)-(i) above are claims that were or could have been alleged in this Action.

Provided, however, that any Opt Out that is also a member of the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class shall not be deemed to have released any claims for damages based on any Rules or other conduct, acts, transactions, events, occurrences, statements, omissions, or failures to act of any Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class Released Party prior to the date of the Court's entry of the Class Settlement Preliminary Approval Order.

69. Each Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Releasing Party further expressly and irrevocably waives, and fully, finally, and forever settles and releases, any and all defenses, rights, and benefits that the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Releasing Party may have or that may be derived from the provisions of applicable law which, absent such waiver, may limit the extent or effect of the release contained in the preceding Paragraphs 66-68. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Releasing Party expressly and irrevocably waives and releases any and all defenses, rights, and benefits that the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Releasing Party might otherwise have in relation to the release by virtue of the provisions of California Civil Code Section 1542 or similar laws of any other state or jurisdiction. SECTION 1542 PROVIDES: "CERTAIN CLAIMS NOT AFFECTED BY GENERAL RELEASE. A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS WHICH THE CREDITOR DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE, WHICH IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER MUST HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR." In addition, although each Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Releasing Party may hereafter discover facts other than, different from, or in addition to those that it or he or she knows or believes to be true with respect to any claims released in the preceding Paragraphs 66-68, each Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Releasing Party hereby expressly waives, and fully, finally, and forever settles, discharges, and releases, any known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, contingent or non-contingent claims within the scope of the preceding Paragraphs 66-68, whether or not concealed or hidden, and without regard to the subsequent discovery or existence of such other, different, or additional facts. Class Plaintiffs acknowledge, and the members of the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class shall be deemed by operation of the Class Settlement Order and Final Judgment to have acknowledged, that the foregoing waiver was separately bargained for and is a key element of this Class Settlement Agreement.

70. Each Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Releasing Party covenants and agrees that it shall not, hereafter, seek to establish, or permit another to act for it in a representative capacity to seek to

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establish, liability against any of the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Parties based, in whole or in part, upon any conduct covered by any of the claims released in Paragraphs 66-69 above.

71. For purposes of clarity, it is specifically intended for the release and covenant not to sue provisions of Paragraphs 66-70 above to preclude all members of the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class from seeking or obtaining any form of declaratory, injunctive, or equitable relief, or damages or other monetary relief relating to the period after the date of the Court's entry of the Class Settlement Preliminary Approval Order with respect to any Rule of any Visa Defendant or any MasterCard Defendant, and the compliance by any Bank Defendant with any such Rule, as it is alleged to exist, now exists, may be modified in the manner provided in Paragraphs 40-45 and 53-57 above, or may in the future exist in the same or substantially similar form thereto.

72. For avoidance of doubt, no other provision of this Class Settlement Agreement releases any claim of a Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Releasing Party that is based on:

(a) breach of this Class Settlement Agreement;

(b) standard commercial disputes arising in the ordinary course of business under contracts or commercial relations regarding loans, lines of credit, or other related banking or credit relations, individual chargeback disputes, products liability, breach of warranty, misappropriation of cardholder data or invasion of privacy, compliance with technical specifications for a merchant's acceptance of Credit Cards or Debit Cards, and any other dispute arising out of a breach of any contract between any of the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Releasing Parties and any of the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Released Parties; provided, however, that Paragraphs 66-71 above and not this Paragraph shall control in the event that any such claim challenges the legality of interchange rules, interchange rates, or interchange fees, or any other Rule, fee, charge, or other conduct covered by any of the claims released in Paragraphs 66-71 above;

(c) the claims alleged in the currently operative complaints against the current defendants in (i) *NACS, et al. v. Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System*, No. 11-CV-02075-RJL (D.D.C.), and (ii) *In re ATM Fee Antitrust Litigation*, No. 04-CV-02676-CRB (N.D. Cal) (including claims that have been asserted to have been alleged in the Second Amended or Third Amended Complaints against Bank of America, N.A.); or

(d) a claim seeking only injunctive relief against only the Visa Defendants regarding the legality of Visa's Fixed Acquirer Network Fee.

73. Each Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class Releasing Party further releases each of the Visa Defendants, MasterCard Defendants, and Bank Defendants and their counsel and experts in this Action from any claims relating to the defense of this Action, including the negotiation and terms of this Class Settlement Agreement, except for any claims relating to enforcement of this Class Settlement Agreement. Each Visa Defendant, MasterCard Defendant, and Bank Defendant releases the Class Plaintiffs, other plaintiffs in the Class Actions, Class Counsel, Class Plaintiffs' other counsel who have participated in any settlement conferences before the Court for a Class Plaintiff that executes this Class Settlement Agreement, and their respective experts in the Class Actions, from any claims relating to their institution or prosecution of the Class Actions, including the negotiation and terms of this Class Settlement Agreement, except for any claims relating to enforcement of this Class Settlement Agreement.

74. In the event that this Class Settlement Agreement is terminated pursuant to Paragraphs 96-98 below, or any condition for the Settlement Final Approval Date is not satisfied, the release and covenant not to sue provisions of Paragraphs 66-73 above shall be null and void and unenforceable.

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