EXHIBIT 5

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

IN RE PAYMENT CARD INTERCHANGE FEE AND MERCHANT DISCOUNT ANTITRUST LITIGATION

This document refers to: All Actions

MDL No. 1720 Case No. 1:05-md-1720-JG-JO

Declaration of K. Craig Wildfang, Esq. in Support of Class Plaintiffs' Motion for Final Approval of Settlement and Class Plaintiffs' Joint Motion for Award of Attorneys' Fees, Expenses and Class Plaintiffs' Awards

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

I.	Introduction and Overview			1
II.	Pre-f	Pre-filing Investigation by Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P		
	A.	Expertise in Payment-Card Markets		
	B.	Analysi	is of Market Conditions after Visa Check	6
	C.	Meetings and Information Gathering with Merchants and Trade Associations		7
III.	Histo	History of this Litigation		
	A.	A. The First Cases Filed by Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P		8
	B.	Related Cases, Individual Cases, and Consolidation into One MDL Proceedings		
	C.	Early Motion Practice – Lead Counsel and Disqualification		10
	D.	Class Counsel Organization, Early Status Conferences, Early Discovery and Court's Case Management Role		
	E.	The First Amended Complaint (April 2006) and Motions to Dismiss		12
	F.	The Networks' Restructurings and Class Plaintiffs' Decision to Challenge Them		
	G.	Defendants' Motions to Dismiss the FCACAC and Supplemental Complaint		
	H.	Class Counsel Building the Record		19
		1.	Organizing the Discovery Effort	19
		2.	Early Stages of Discovery	20
		3.	Depositions and Document Discovery of Defendants	22
		4.	Discovery of Class Plaintiffs	26
		5.	Discovery of Third Parties	27
		6.	Supplementation of the Discovery Record	28
		7.	CaseMap Cataloging of Facts	28
	I.	I. Class Certification Motion		29
	J.	The Relevance of Foreign Proceedings		30
	K.	Congressional Efforts Leading to Durbin Amendment		32
			Assistance to Merchants in Developing a Legislative Strategy – The Passage of Dodd-Frank	32

TABLE OF CONTENTS

(continued)

				Page	
	L.	Depa	artment of Justice Investigation	38	
	M.	Seco	and Amended Complaints and New Motions to Dismiss	42	
	N.	Meri	ts Experts Reports and Depositions	45	
	O.	Sum	mary Judgment and Daubert Motions	53	
	P.	Com	munications with Class Plaintiffs	57	
	Q.	Coor	dination with the Individual Plaintiffs	58	
	R.	Trial	Preparation	58	
IV.	Medi	ation a	nd Settlement	59	
V.		he Settlement is an Excellent Result in Light of Risks Faced by the Class and the ettlement is far Superior to all Alternatives			
VI.		•	ng Class Members' Objections are Ill-Founded and the Objectors to Present any Superior Alternatives	72	
VII.	Post Settlement Activities through January 31, 2013				
	A. Selection of Claims Administrator, Escrow Banks, etc				
		1.	Co-Lead Counsel Selected the Class Administrator Following a Lengthy Process	73	
		2.	Co-Lead Counsel Selected Escrow and Custodial Banks to Manage the Class Settlement Cash and Interchange Escrow Account		
		3.	Following the Selection of the Class Administrator, Co-Lead Counsel Worked Closely with the Administrator to Craft the Notice to the Class	75	
		4.	Co-Lead Counsel Took Significant Steps to Obtain Class Member Contact Information to Ensure the Class Received Sufficient Notice of the Settlement	76	
		5.	Class Member Support via the Toll-Free Number, Dedicated Website and Through Co-Lead Counsel	78	
	B.	Moti	on for Preliminary Approval	79	
	C.	Activ	vities in the Second Circuit	80	
VIII.	The I	The Plan of Allocation is Fair			
IX.	The I	The Fee Request is Reasonable			
X.	Conclusion			85	

I. Introduction and Overview

- 1. I, K. Craig Wildfang, am a partner in Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P. I submit this Declaration in support of the Class Plaintiffs' Motion for Final Approval of Settlement and Class Plaintiffs' Joint Motion for Award of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses and Class Plaintiffs' Awards.
- 2. This declaration summarizes the factual and procedural history of this litigation, summarizes the benefits to the classes obtained by the Settlement Agreement, describes the risks faced by the Class Plaintiffs in the litigation, and explains why the Settlement is vastly superior to any available alternative. Finally, this declaration addresses some of the objections that certain merchants have lodged against the settlement and explains why those objections are ill-founded and provide no basis for the Court to deny final approval to the settlement.
- 3. As explained more fully below, under the leadership of the three Co-Lead Counsel¹ appointed by the Court Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P., Berger & Montague P.C., and Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLC Class Counsel have achieved a settlement for the Class with injunctive relief which is a substantial further step in the reform of the payment-card markets in the United States that will provide enormous benefits to merchants over the next decade, estimated by the leading expert in the field to be worth between \$26.4 and \$94.3 billion in the next 10 years. *See* Declaration of Dr. Alan Frankel dated April 11, 2013. In addition, Defendants have agreed to cash payments to the Class of approximately \$7.25 billion, by far the largest ever cash settlement in an antitrust class action.
- 4. This result was not the inevitable outcome of the filing of these actions in 2005.

 Rather, this result was achieved over the determined and vigorous opposition of the Defendants.

¹ While the Definitive Class Settlement Agreement defines the three lead firms as "Class Counsel", for readability and to avoid possible confusion, I refer to the three lead counsel firms as "Co-Lead Counsel" and the collective of all class firms who participated in this action as "Class Counsel", unless otherwise explained in the text.

Only persistent, prolonged and effective efforts of Class Counsel under the leadership and direction of Co-Lead Counsel over the last seven years enabled the Class to achieve this exceptional result.

- 5. As the Court is well aware from its management of these actions over the last seven years, everything about this case has been difficult and complex. Despite the many difficulties and complexities, and over the determined opposition of the largest financial institutions in the world, represented by many of the most renowned law firms in the world, through the efforts of Class Counsel, upon the approval of this Settlement, the prosecution of the Class's claims will have resulted in the almost complete restructuring of the payment-card industry. Before the filing of this case in 2005, the payment-card industry had been dominated by a cartel of banks which owned and controlled the only two four-party networks in the world, Visa and MasterCard. The bank cartel had successfully avoided or defeated all challenges to the bank-dominated industry structure which the banks had created and maintained for over 30 years
- 6. The risks posed to the banks by the broad-based challenges, such as MDL 1720, stimulated the banks to more seriously consider the unthinkable, *i.e.* divesting their ownership and control of Visa and MasterCard. In fact, we now know from discovery that within three months of the filing of the first action in June, 2005, the banks set in motion their strategy to try to limit their litigation exposure by restructuring both MasterCard and Visa into publicly-owned companies. Thus, one of the principal remedies sought by the Class Plaintiffs when the first case was filed, requiring the banks to divest themselves of their ownership and control of Visa and MasterCard, was accomplished even before the litigation was concluded by the settlement now before the Court.
- 7. As described in more detail below, the relief obtained by the Department of Justice in its 2010 consent judgment with Visa and MasterCard, which eliminated many of the networks'

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 7 of 138 PageID #:

anti-steering rules, was based almost entirely on the record and work product compiled by Class Counsel in MDL 1720.

- 8. Moreover, knowledgeable observers in Washington, D.C. have noted that the existence of this litigation, led by counsel who were willing to engage with Congress, and provide important strategic insights to merchants, were important factors that helped to convince Congress to enact legislation capping interchange fees on debit-card transactions as part of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010.
- 9. Now, in addition to the structural reforms accomplished via the MasterCard and Visa restructurings, Class Plaintiffs have negotiated a settlement which goes beyond the legislative and Department of Justice consent judgment and which will enhance competition in card acceptance. It further reforms the industry by eliminating the Anti-Steering Rules ("ASRs") of Visa and MasterCard² so that, for the first time ever, merchants will be able to employ a full range of transparent price signals to their customers that will lead to increased competition among payment-card networks for the business of merchants. The ASRs prevented any downward competitive pressure on the interchange fees, whereas the competition among the networks for bank issuance creates pressure to *increase* interchange fees, as that revenue was paid to issuers. The ASRs of Visa and MasterCard had stood for over 30 years as the principal barriers to entry by new networks, because they effectively foreclosed the typical strategy of a new entrant, i.e. offering lower prices in return for greater sales volume. Since the ASRs prevented merchants from rewarding low prices by steering their customers to low-priced alternatives, there has been no successful new entrant into the relevant market since Discover in the mid-1980s.
- The remainder of this Declaration will: (1) describe the genesis and history of this litigation, from the pre-filing investigation in 2004 and 2005, to the argument on summary

 $^{^2}$ The ASRs are described in the Report of Alan S. Frankel, Ph.D., July 2, 2009 ¶169. $\ref{10}$

judgment and *Daubert* motions in late 2011; (2) recount the lengthy and arduous mediation process which stretched over several years, and the settlement that finally resulted from that mediation in 2012; (3) explain the benefits to the Classes from the Settlement; (4) analyze the risks faced by the Class Plaintiffs in the litigation; (5) explicate why the Settlement is superior to any other alternative; and (6) summarize the time and expenses spent by Class Counsel over the last eight years to prosecute, at great risk, the Class's claims. We respectfully submit that the record we present to the Court will amply warrant the Court granting final approval to the Settlement, and the award of attorneys' fees and costs sought by Class Counsel.

II. Pre-filing Investigation by Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P.

A. Expertise in Payment-Card Markets

- 11. The genesis of what became MDL 1720 began in 2003. I had become generally familiar with the economics and antitrust issues related to the payment-card industry during my service as Special Counsel to the Assistant Attorney General for Antitrust with the Department of Justice Antitrust Division in the mid-1990s. I added to my knowledge of the industry when I represented two large merchants, Best Buy Stores, Inc. and Darden Restaurants (Olive Garden, Red Lobster, Capital Grille) in the *In re Visa Check/MasterMoney Antitrust Litigation*.
- 12. While representing Best Buy and Darden, I pursued contacts with several large merchants and merchant trade associations. What I learned was that merchants were dissatisfied with the continued domination of the payment-card industry by the country's largest banks. Although the Department of Justice had succeeded in its case against Visa and MasterCard in 2002, and although the class in *In re Visa Check/MasterMoney Antitrust Litigation* had obtained relief in the form of eliminating the tying agreement between credit and debit card acceptance for merchants, merchants believed that the competitive problems in the payment-card industry had not been substantially alleviated. It was also self-evident that merchants would be reluctant to commit their own resources to another antitrust challenge to the bank cartel.

- 13. My experience, knowledge and investigation led me to conclude that a new antitrust class action undertaken by counsel on a contingent fee basis, and advancing the costs of the litigation out of the pockets of the lawyers, was the only option that offered any realistic chance of achieving a more competitive market for payment-card services success in the foreseeable future. I also concluded that any such new action would have to be a broad-based attack on the structure of the industry and, in particular, must include an attack on the ownership and control of Visa and MasterCard by the nation's largest banks.
- 14. During 2004 and 2005 I and my law firm conducted our pre-filing investigation, which included consulting with expert economists, industry experts, and antitrust academics to further inform our judgment about the antitrust claims to pursue. As we reached tentative conclusions about what allegations to make and what claims to assert, we began a new round of meetings with merchants and merchant groups to assess their interest in being representative plaintiffs in the action we contemplated. One of the conclusions we had reached, however, was that in order to obtain the type of thorough relief that we thought necessary, the action would have to include as defendants the banks that controlled Visa and MasterCard, as well as the networks themselves. It quickly became apparent to us that for many merchants, including most large merchants, any action naming the banks as defendants was seen as posing business risks of retaliation. Most large merchants had important banking relationships with many of the very would-be defendants.³ However, we also found that this same fear of the banks did not necessarily extend to smaller merchants, who tended to have banking relationships with smaller banks who were not likely to be defendants.
- 15. In the spring of 2005 I was contacted by two small merchants who, after some discussion, decided that they were ready, willing and able to become representative plaintiffs in

³ As a result of concentration, in the banking industry (in my view accomplished by lax enforcement of the antitrust laws) by 2005, 89% of MasterCard issuing volume was consolidated in the hands of five issuing banks. Five banks accounted for 75% of Visa issuing volume.

the new class action. These two small merchants, who were prepared to undertake this litigation when it appeared that perhaps no other merchant would, were Photos Etc. Corp. and Traditions Ltd. Once these two merchants stepped forward, other merchants became more willing to lend their names to the cause.

B. Analysis of Market Conditions after Visa Check

16. Following the resolution of the government's case against Visa and MasterCard⁴ and the settlement in *In re Visa Check*, very little had changed in the way the market was structured and the way it was likely to perform in the absence of further reforms. The bank cartel still owned and controlled both Visa and MasterCard. They used their ownership and control of those networks to enforce a set of rules which were designed to inhibit the entry of new competitors by disabling merchants from conveying transparent price signals at the point-of-sale. Thus, unlike competitive markets where new entrants can succeed and build sales volume by offering products at a lower price, in the payment-card market that method of entry was impossible. Merchants and consumers could not reward low-priced competitors to Visa and MasterCard.

17. In addition, not only had the banks successfully enforced these rules, but they also were able to increase the interchange rates paid by merchants on both credit-card and debit-card transactions. They did this not only by raising the pre-existing rates on standard "traditional" credit cards, but also by issuing new "premium" cards which carried much higher interchange rates to support the cost of providing those rewards to the cardholder. Finally, as consumers shifted their form of payment away from cash and checks and towards credit and debit cards, the proportion of retail sales volume paid for with credit or debit cards, versus checks or cash, increased dramatically. By 2005 the total costs of acceptance for merchants increased dramatically. Payment cards accounted for 38% of retail sales volume⁵ and interchange-fee

⁴ United States v. Visa U.S.A., Inc., 344 F.3d 229 (2d Cir. 2003).

⁵ Nilson Report No. 896 at 1, 7-9 (Dec. 2006).

revenue paid by merchants to Visa and MasterCard card issuing banks had risen to over \$30 billion per year.

18. It became clear to me that the only long-term solution for merchants was to get the banks out of the boardrooms of Visa and MasterCard, and to reform the rules such that transparent price signals could be provided at the point-of-sale so that the usual competitive market mechanisms would work to make the merchants' costs of acceptance more reflective of actual competitive conditions.

C. Meetings and Information Gathering with Merchants and Trade Associations

- 19. In November 2004 my law firm's Executive Board approved the filing of the action that we were contemplating. RKM&C had a history of representing parties in very high-stakes litigation. I have represented plaintiffs and defendants in both class and non-class antitrust litigation since 1983. While we had confidence in the merits of the case we were planning to file, we understood that it represented a great risk to the law firm and its partners who would be risking millions of dollars to take on the largest members of the U.S. banking industry. I know from speaking with my Co-Counsel during this case, that they too understood the enormity of the risk they were undertaking when they chose to pursue this case.
- 20. Between November 2004 and June 2005 we continued to perform legal research and factual investigation as we drafted our first complaint. We continued to meet with a number of large merchants and several merchant trade associations, both to gather information from them regarding their experiences in the payment-card market, but also to assess whether they were interested in being a part of this effort. We also interviewed and engaged an economic consulting firm, Lexecon, to advise us on the many complicated economic issues that we would face. And

we engaged Professor Herbert Hovenkamp, the leading academic in the field of antitrust law, and the author of the most cited and most respected antitrust treatise.⁶

21. By June 2005 we had our complaint fully drafted, and had been retained by five merchants Photos Etc. Corporation; CHS Inc.; Traditions LTD.; A Dash of Salt, L.L.C.; and KSARRA, L.L.C. to file the case on their behalf. These brave merchants were willing to take on not only Visa and MasterCard, but also the banks that owned and controlled both networks. Our research had led us to believe that the most favorable law on the important legal issues in our case was in the Second Circuit. Therefore, on June 25, 2005 we filed the first complaint in the District of Connecticut, where two of the Class Plaintiffs did business.⁷

III. History of this Litigation

The First Cases Filed by Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P.

22. Consistent with our strategy, the first complaint constituted a frontal attack on the foundations of the Visa and MasterCard networks. It challenged, as horizontal price fixing, the banks' agreement on the level of interchange fees each would charge merchants for transactions by consumers using their cards. It also challenged, as horizontal agreements restraining trade under Section 1 of the Sherman Act and as unlawful monopolization under Section 2, many of the rules of Visa and MasterCard which disabled merchants from providing discounts, or employing surcharges, or to take other steps designed to make the transaction at the point-of-sale more transparent and to steer customers to a lower cost form of payment at the point-of-sale.

⁶ Philip E. Arecda. Herbert Hovenkamp, Antitrust Law: An Analysis of Antitrust Principles and Their Applications, (Aspen 2012).

⁷ Prior to and concurrent with our investigation, long-time class action leaders Berger & Montague, P.C. and Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP were developing their expertise as to litigation involving payment cards, in particular, by pursuing a series of complex cases alleging various antitrust violations by several of the Defendants in the case. See, e.g., Currency Conversion Fee Antitrust Litigation, MDL 1409 (S.D.N.Y.)

- 23. The initial complaint named as defendants Visa, MasterCard and the following banks: Bank of America Corporation; Bank of America, N.A.; National Processing, Inc.; Bank One Corporation; Bank One, Delaware, N.A.; Chase Manhattan Bank USA, N.A.; JPMorgan Chase & Co.; First Century Bank, N.A.; First Century Bankshares, Inc.; Fleet Bank (RI), N.A.; Fleet National Bank; Capital One Bank; Capital One F.S.B.; Capital One Financial Corporation; Citicorp; Citigroup, Inc.; Citibank, N.A.; First National Bank of Nebraska; First National Bank of Omaha; HSBC Finance Corporation; HSBC Holdings, PLC; HSBC North America Holdings, Inc.; MBNA America Bank, N.A.; National City Corporation; National City Bank of Kentucky; Providian Financial Corporation; Providian National Bank; RBC Centura Banks, Inc.; RBC Royal Bank of Canada; People's Bank; RBS National Bank of Bridgeport; Royal Bank of Scotland Group, PLC; Suntrust Banks, Inc.; Texas Independent Bancshares, Inc.; USAA Federal Savings Bank; Wachovia Corporation; Wachovia Bank, N.A.; and Westpac Banking Corporation.
- 24. While that initial action contained a damage claim, and we certainly expected damages to be enormous, the primary goals were to reform the market by eliminating the horizontal agreements among the banks to fix the levels of interchange fees and enforce the rules that we were challenging. Although we thought that obtaining the divestiture of the banks' ownership interests in Visa and MasterCard would be difficult, because very few private antitrust actions in the history of the antitrust laws have ever succeeded in obtaining such extensive relief, we were determined to make that effort. We believed that, because our goal was to get the banks out of their position as owners and controllers of Visa and MasterCard, a settlement was unlikely and a trial would be necessary. After all, the nation's largest banks had spent billions of dollars over 30 years to structure the payment-card industry to serve their interests, and we did not expect them to abandon those investments without a trial. Our plan was to move the case along quickly and efficiently in order to get to trial as soon as possible.

B. Related Cases, Individual Cases, and Consolidation into One MDL Proceedings

25. Within six days of the filing of our complaint, similar cases began to be filed in various district courts around the country. Most of these cases, like ours, were brought as class actions. A complete list of these actions is attached as Exhibit 1. However, also among these cases were a number of non-class, individual actions brought on behalf of various large merchants. Ultimately over 38 class actions, and seven individual actions on behalf of 19 large merchants, were filed in several different federal courts. The filing of such a large number of similar cases led to proceedings before the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation. A hearing was held on September 29, 2005 before the JPML and on October 19, 2005 the Panel ordered that all of these similar cases be consolidated and coordinated in the Eastern District of New York, before Judge Gleeson.

C. Early Motion Practice – Lead Counsel and Disqualification

26. Even before the JPML proceedings, I had initiated and organized discussions among counsel in the various cases that had been filed in order to determine if we could agree upon a leadership structure to recommend to the Court. Given the number of actions filed by almost 50 law firms, it was obvious that an organizational structure was imperative to the efficient prosecution of these actions. By December 2005 a significant majority of counsel in the various cases that had been filed agreed upon an organizational and leadership structure to recommend to the Court. After reaching this agreement, we filed a motion with the Court recommending the entry of an order designating three firms as Co-Lead Counsel, Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P., Berger & Montague, P.C., and Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP. This motion was opposed by a smaller group of law firms, who instead asked that the firm Milberg Weiss be

⁸ When the Court issued its Order appointing Co-Lead Counsel this firm was named Coughlin, Stoia, Geller, Rudman & Robbins L.L.P.

appointed as sole lead counsel. By Order dated February 24, 2006 the Court appointed as Co-Lead Counsel for the Class the three firms referred to above. [Dkt. No. 279].

- 27. Before the leadership structure could be determined and put in place by the Court, another matter had to be resolved. In the fall of 2005 counsel for MasterCard had raised with me the issue of whether I should be disqualified from representing plaintiffs in the litigation due to my prior service a decade earlier in the United States Department of Justice Antitrust Division. After very serious consideration of MasterCard's position, I wrote to MasterCard's counsel declining to withdraw from the case.
- 28. Shortly thereafter, on December 21, 2005, MasterCard filed a motion with this Court seeking an order disqualifying me from representing plaintiffs in this matter. After a hearing on MasterCard's motion held before Magistrate Judge Orenstein on January 27, 2006, by Order dated January 27, 2006 the Court denied MasterCard's motion. Magistrate Judge Orenstein issued a written memorandum detailing the Court's reasoning in denying MasterCard's motion on August 7, 2006. MasterCard then appealed the Order of Judge Orenstein to Judge Gleeson. By Order dated September 24, 2007 Judge Gleeson rejected MasterCard's appeal.

D. Class Counsel Organization, Early Status Conferences, Early Discovery and Court's Case Management Role

29. Based upon their vast experience in managing large, multi-defendant antitrust class actions, Co-Lead Counsel knew that it was crucial to the success of their management of these consolidated actions that we persuade the Court to actively supervise and manage these actions. Class Counsel requested Magistrate Judge Orenstein to require the parties to file a joint status report every other month, followed by regularly scheduled status conferences. [Dkt. No. 125, 1/09/06, at page 12]. We also knew that it was crucial to the efficient conduct of this case that the efforts of all of the law firms which had filed cases now consolidated as MDL 1720 be carefully coordinated and directed so that there would be as little duplication of effort as possible. To that

end, Co-Lead Counsel designated two other highly experienced law firms to serve as Co-Chairs of the Class Plaintiffs' Steering Committee, Freedman, Boyd, Hollander, Goldberg, Urias & Ward P.A., and Hulett Harper Stewart LLP. The talented lawyers at these two firms assisted the Co-Lead Counsel in managing the efforts of Class Counsel, and in developing the strategy that proved successful.

- 30. Magistrate Judge Orenstein agreed to our suggestion that regularly scheduled status conferences be held. As a result, throughout the pretrial period, regularly scheduled status conferences were held and Class Plaintiffs pushed for an early start for discovery. As a result, at the status conference held on May 17, 2006, Magistrate Judge Orenstein ordered that the Defendants immediately produce the documents from prior cases, including documents produced in *In re Visa Check/MasterMoney Antitrust Litigation* and *United States v. Visa U.S.A. and MasterCard International Co.* (hereinafter the "legacy productions").
- 31. At the Court's direction the legacy productions were made by Defendants on a rolling basis over the next several months. This enabled Class Plaintiffs to begin preparing the background information for the more current discovery to come.

E. The First Amended Complaint (April 2006) and Motions to Dismiss

- 32. Pursuant to the Scheduling Order of March 23, 2006 [Dkt. No. 303], Class Plaintiffs filed the First Consolidated Amended Class Action Complaint ("FCACAC") on April 24, 2006. The complaint contained 347 paragraphs, 16 claims for relief under federal and state antitrust laws, and spanned 87 pages. Since discovery had just commenced, the allegations were all based only on facts in the public domain. Recognizing the certainty that motions to dismiss would be filed by Defendants against the new complaint, Co-Lead Counsel organized and directed an exhaustive review of materials in the public domain around the world.
- 33. The FCACAC alleged the existence of two classes—a monetary-relief class under Rule 23(b)(3) and an injunctive-relief class under Rule 23(b)(2). The complaint was set forth in

three parts: the first setting out the factual background for all claims; the second alleging facts specific to claims relating to the fixing of credit-card interchange fees; and the third alleging facts specific to the fixing of signature-debit-card interchange fees.

34. The chart below summarizes the various claims for relief in the FCACAC.

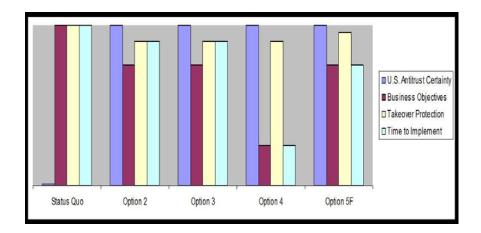
Claim #	Class	Defendants	Cause of Action
1	I	Visa & Bank Defendants	Sherman Act § 1—Visa Intranetwork Conspiracy (Credit)
2	I	MasterCard & Bank Defendants	Sherman Act § 1—MC Intranetwork Conspiracy (Credit)
3	I	Visa, MasterCard & Bank Defendants	Sherman Act §1— Visa & MC Internetwork Conspiracy (Credit)
4	I	Visa & Bank Defendants	Sherman Act §1—Visa Anti-Steering Restraints.
5	I	MasterCard & Bank Defendants	Sherman Act §1—MC Anti-Steering Restraints
6	I	Visa & Bank Defendants	Sherman Act §2—Monopolization Through Anti-Steering Restraints.
7	I	Visa & Bank Defendants	Sherman Act §1—Tying/bundling of Various Services Within Network Services
8	I	MasterCard & Bank Defendants	Sherman Act §1— Tying/bundling of Various Services Within Network Services
9	I	Visa & Bank Defendants	Sherman Act §1—Exclusive dealing for Fraud Protection and Transaction Processing
10	I	MasterCard & Bank Defendants	Sherman Act §1—Exclusive dealing for Fraud Protection and Transaction Processing
11	I	Visa & Bank Defendants	Cal. Cartwright Act—Intranetwork Conspiracy (Credit)
12	II	All Defendants	Clayton Act §16—Declaratory and Injunctive Relief Relating to Conduct Alleged in Claims 1-10.
13	I	Visa & Bank Defendants	Sherman Act §1—Intranetwork Conspiracy (Debit)
14	I	MasterCard & Bank Defendants	Intranetwork Conspiracy (Debit)
15	I	Visa & Bank Defendants	Cartwright Act—Intranetwork Conspiracy (Debit)
16	II	All Defendants	Clayton Act §16—Declaratory and Injunctive Relief Relating to Conduct Alleged in Claims 13-15

- 35. Class Plaintiffs' prayer for relief requested monetary damages for the (b)(3) Class "for the fullest time period permitted by the applicable statutes of limitations and the purported settlement and release in *In re Visa Check/MasterMoney Antitrust Litigation*." By including this clause in the prayer for relief, Class Counsel sought damages from as far back in time as possible.
- 36. The complaint was the result of a comprehensive effort by Class Counsel, including several hundreds of hours of attorney time to marshal the facts in the public record. At the direction of Co-Lead Counsel, my colleague, Ryan Marth, was the primary draftsperson for the initial draft of the new complaint. However, I and attorneys at the other Co-Lead firms all provided input, comments and edits such that the final product was truly a joint effort. Industry, economic, and legal experts were also consulted with regard to the factual and legal allegations in the complaint. All Class Plaintiffs—including their in-house and outside counsel—also received drafts of the FCACAC and were asked to provide substantive input into the facts that were alleged and the theories that were pursued.

F. The Networks' Restructurings and Class Plaintiffs' Decision to Challenge Them

- 37. On May 25, 2006—a little more than a month after the FCACAC was filed—MasterCard completed and consummated its restructuring. Discovery conducted by Class Counsel suggested that a major motivation of the IPO was to escape or mitigate Defendants' damage liability in MDL 1720.
- 38. The banks' goal was described in MasterCard's contemporaneous documents as obtaining "U.S. Antitrust Certainty" which MasterCard meant as achieving a 90% certainty that any antitrust challenge to its ownership and governance structure would be dismissed on the pleadings. (Cl. Pls' SUF ¶ 34; Tim Murphy Dep. Ex. 21904, at MCI_MDL02_10147110; T. Murphy Dep. Tr. Feb. 29, 2009 ("[Antitrust litigation across the world] was—it was a primary

reason [for the IPO], yes.")). The chart below demonstrates that, while MasterCard viewed the status quo as failing the "antitrust certainty" test, its chosen option (5F) would, in the opinion of MasterCard's specially-retained antitrust counsel, meet the 90% test:



- 39. The MasterCard restructuring posed significant risks for Class Plaintiffs. If MasterCard's lawyers were right and MasterCard was successful in establishing that its restructuring converted it from a "consortium of competitors," as found by the Second Circuit, into a "single entity," it would be immune from challenge under Section 1 of the Sherman Act when it establishes interchange fees and other rules. That would greatly limit Defendants' damage exposure and, more importantly, would greatly imperil Class Plaintiffs' prospects for injunctive relief. A MasterCard that was adjudicated to be a single entity could not so easily be compelled to modify the rules that Class Plaintiffs were challenging in this litigation. The MasterCard restructuring almost certainly assured an appeal from any judgment Class Plaintiffs might obtain in the District Court, thus adding both additional risk and delay to an already risky and lengthy litigation.
- 40. Discovery disclosed that in September 2005, less than three months after the first actions were filed challenging the banks' use of Visa and MasterCard as price-fixing vehicles, MasterCard publicly announced that it was considering restructuring itself by having its bank owners divest their ownership interests in MasterCard and sell their stock to the public via an

initial public offering (IPO). Within weeks of MasterCard's announcement, Visa also announced that it was considering a similar restructuring. We now know from the extensive discovery taken with respect to the MasterCard and Visa restructurings, including depositions of the principal architects of these transactions, that one of the primary motivations for the banks to give up their ownership and control of the two networks was the recognition of potentially ruinous damage exposure from the actions then being consolidated under MDL 1720. We also know from discovery that the banks desired alternatives that would permit them to remain in control of the two networks, while minimizing their antitrust liability. The banks feared that, without ownership and control of Visa and MasterCard, the networks would abandon their "bank-centric" business model. Ultimately, the banks were advised by their counsel that no alternative short of complete divestiture of their ownership interests in both MasterCard and Visa would provide them the opportunity to limit their antitrust damage exposure that they sought, and accepted the risk that, freed of bank control, Visa and MasterCard would pursue their own economic interests, and not the banks.

41. At the time that I first heard of MasterCard's planned restructuring, it seemed to me that the agreements by which that restructuring would be accomplished could conceivably be challenged as antitrust violations themselves, under either Section 1 of the Sherman Act or Section 7 of the Clayton Act. I asked my team at RKM&C to begin researching the law on these issues. We also consulted with our antitrust expert Professor Herbert Hovenkamp. Based on our research and analysis, we concluded that, while there was literally no precedent for such an antitrust challenge to the conversion of a joint venture into a single entity, if we could credibly allege and prove that the transactions by which the restructurings were accomplished unreasonably restrained competition (Section 1 of the Sherman Act) and/or threatened to reduce competition in a relevant market (Section 7 of the Clayton Act), we might survive motions to dismiss. We recognized, however, that our ability to prevail on such a claim would critically depend upon the facts obtained in discovery and proven at trial.

- 42. On May 22, 2006, only three days before MasterCard's planned IPO, we informed the Court and MasterCard and its banks that the Class intended to commence a new action challenging the MasterCard restructuring under Section 1 of the Sherman Act and Section 7 of the Clayton Act. While this claims had substantial risks for the Class Plaintiffs, it also created risks for Defendants by keeping the prospect of ruinous and ever-growing damage exposure on the bank Defendants.
- 43. The MasterCard restructuring posed several novel legal and factual issues. Despite hours of legal research and multiple conversations with leading antitrust scholars, Class Counsel could not find another instance in which a court applied the antitrust laws to the reorganization of a joint venture into a publicly traded company. The precedent-setting nature of this issue was confirmed in the Defendants' briefing on the issue, in which they also did not point to a single instance in which this issue was addressed by a court or antitrust-enforcement agency.
- 44. The claims challenging the MasterCard restructuring were set forth in the First Supplemental Class Action Complaint ("FSCAC"), which was intended to be filed pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(d). The complaint alleged—without the benefit of any discovery at that time—that the MasterCard restructuring was an attempt by the banks that then controlled MasterCard to continue their anticompetitive conduct shielded from the proscriptions of Section 1 of the Sherman Act. We further alleged that, because the entity arising out of the IPO was adjudicated by the Second Circuit to have market power, the IPO created a single entity with market power. We challenged the creation of such an entity under Section 7 of the Clayton Act and Section 1 of the Sherman Act—the two federal antitrust statutes regulating mergers. Of course, making such allegations was far easier than proving them at trial, and even the assertion of such claims guaranteed an appeal to the Second Circuit.
- 45. Like the main consolidated amended complaint, the FSCAC was the result of hundreds of hours of attorney time. Class attorneys and advisors mined MasterCard's SEC

filings to fill in factual allegations regarding the mechanics of and the stated justifications for the MasterCard IPO. Leading antitrust scholars were also consulted and provided their input into the supplemental complaint.

46. As discussed below, Class Counsel also challenged the Visa restructuring that was consummated on March 18, 2008 when we filed the Second Supplemental Class Action Complaint in January of 2009.

G. Defendants' Motions to Dismiss the FCACAC and Supplemental Complaint

- 47. On June 9, 2006, Defendants moved to dismiss the pre-2004 damages claims in the FCACAC or, in the alternative, to strike allegations relating to pre-2004 damages. Defendants argued that the release in *Visa Check* precluded all such damage claims.
- 48. On July 21, 2006, we filed our opposition to Defendants' motion. Defendants filed their reply brief on August 18, 2006.
- 49. Oral arguments on Defendants' motion to dismiss were conducted on November 21, 2006.
- 50. On September 15, 2006, Defendants moved to dismiss the FSCAC in its entirety. We filed our response on October 30 and Defendants filed their reply on November 29, 2006.
- 51. Like the FSCAC itself, Class Plaintiffs' brief in opposition to Defendants' motion to dismiss it was the product of hundreds of hours of attorney time, and was drafted in consultation with Class Plaintiffs' expert economists and leading antitrust scholars, including Professor Hovenkamp. The Court held oral argument on Defendants' motion to dismiss the FSCAC on February 2, 2007.
- 52. On July 7, 2007, Magistrate Judge Orenstein issued a report and recommendation that the Defendants' motion to dismiss pre-2004 damages be granted. Class Plaintiffs appealed to

Judge Gleeson and filed written objections to the report and recommendation on November 13, 2007. Judge Gleeson adopted the report and recommendation on January 8, 2008.

- 53. On February 12, 2008, Judge Orenstein issued a report and recommendation that partially dismissed the FSCAC with leave to re-plead. Even though Judge Orenstein recommended partial dismissal, his report and recommendation accepted Class Plaintiffs' premise that the MasterCard restructuring could harm competition and thus could violate Section 7 of the Clayton Act. In an issue that was largely one of first impression, Judge Orenstein concluded that Section 7 of the Clayton Act applied both to MasterCard and the banks, as both had acquired "assets of another." He also concluded that the FSCAC alleged a substantial likelihood of harm to competition, as required by Section 7 of the Clayton Act. Judge Orenstein partially dismissed the antitrust claims of the FSCAC as to the banks, however, because Class Plaintiffs technically failed to allege that the banks acquired "assets of another". The Defendants filed objections to the Report and Recommendation, arguing that the complaint should have been dismissed in it's entirely for failure to state a claim.
- 54. On November 25, 2008, Judge Gleeson upheld Defendants' objection and dismissed the FSCAC with leave to re-plead.

H. Class Counsel Building the Record

- 1. Organizing the Discovery Effort
- 55. Building a record that would be sufficient to persuade the Court and a jury of the merits of Class Plaintiffs' claims was a mammoth undertaking. The Class had sued 19 banks, including most of the world's largest banks, as well as Visa and MasterCard, the two largest payment-card networks in the world. These Defendants had virtually limitless resources and were represented by many of the largest and most prestigious law firms in the world, whose job it was *every day* for almost seven years to protect their interests.

- 56. In addition, we knew that the Defendants would retain experts with sterling qualifications to help the banks' and networks' version of the story. The Defendants, and most particularly Visa, had been funding "academic research" by prestigious economists all over the world, building Visa's argument that in "two-sided markets," standard economics and the antitrust rules, do not apply.
- 57. In discovery many Defendants' documents were withheld on the basis of privilege by reason of the document being copied to legal counsel, even on routine correspondence. The result was that the privilege logs of each Defendant contained tens of thousands of entries. Visa's privilege log contained over 100,000 entries.
- 58. Faced with such daunting obstacles, it was imperative that Co-Lead Counsel organize the discovery efforts to be able to efficiently obtain, review, analyze and summarize the evidence necessary to prove our case. This was accomplished by Co-Lead Counsel assigning tasks to Class firms according to their capabilities and resources. We established policies and practices to assure "quality control." So, for example, no firm (or lawyer) was assigned any work on the case until the firm/lawyer had attended a training session in order to gain a more complete understanding of the case. We also established procedures by which important evidence discovery by one firm was shared with other firms, so that the knowledge base was continually expanding.
- 59. To organize pleadings and correspondence, RKM&C established a case "Extranet," to which Executive Committee firms had access. The Extranet contained, among other things, all correspondence, discovery requests, substantive pleadings from MDL 1720 and related cases, court orders, legal research, factual analysis, and news articles.

2. Early Stages of Discovery

60. Despite the obstacles thrown up by Defendants, the discovery record in MDL 1720 became one of the largest in any private civil antitrust case. Including documents produced in

other litigation, the Defendants produced over four-and-a-half million documents, totalling over 65 million pages. Class Plaintiffs produced nearly 200,000 documents, totalling over 1.6 million pages. Individual Plaintiffs' production added over 8.6 million pages to this count. In addition, third parties subpoenaed by Plaintiffs or Defendants produced nearly 300,000 documents totalling over four million pages. The record also included 370 depositions taken in MDL 1720 and over 570 taken in other matters.

- 61. Discovery formally began on May 1, 2006. Even before that time, however, Class Counsel began preparing for discovery from each of the 19 Class Plaintiffs named in the SCACAC.
- 62. Before discovery formally began, Class Counsel met with each of the Class Plaintiffs to discuss which individuals and categories of documents were likely to have information responsive to Defendants' discovery requests and to organize each client's mandated, initial disclosures.
- 63. We anticipated that reviewing and analyzing the documents produced in discovery would be a complicated, difficult and labor-intensive undertaking. Thus, in February 2006, Class Counsel sent out several requests for proposal ("RFPs") to leading e-discovery vendors requesting that each provide an estimate for processing the materials produced by Defendants in discovery and making it accessible to Class Counsel via a web portal. We selected Encore Legal Solutions.
- 64. As noted above, the first documents Class Plaintiffs requested were documents previously produced in prior litigations. Defendants did not willingly turn over the legacy productions. Obtaining these already-amassed documents required extensive negotiation and was accomplished only after Judge Orenstein ordered these "legacy productions" produced during a status conference, in early 2006.

- 65. After we culled down the universe of potentially relevant documents using search terms, we assigned dozens of attorneys at Class Counsel firms to review and code those documents for relevance to several issues in the case. We held multiple training sessions at RKM&C offices in Minneapolis, as well as at B&M in Philadelphia and RGRD in San Diego. After being trained on the issues in the case, Class attorneys collectively spent thousands of hours reviewing and coding the legacy documents.
- 66. Also before the May 1, 2006 start of formal discovery, my colleagues and I, working in conjunction with Individual Plaintiffs' counsel, began drafting the initial sets of interrogatories and document requests to be served on Defendants. On May 1, Class and Individual Plaintiffs together served 417 document requests and 370 interrogatories. On May 3, 2006, Defendants collectively served 69 interrogatories and 122 document requests on Class Plaintiffs. Each of these figures includes subparts.
- 67. Because of the volume and complexity of requests and the sheer number of parties, the "meet and confer" sessions that typically occur in litigation were particularly involved. Many in-person meet-and-confer sessions were held in the first months of discovery. Typically, these involved at least one attorney from each named Defendant, and multiple attorneys from the Class Plaintiffs and the Individual Plaintiffs. In addition, several telephonic meet and confers occurred regarding the parties' initial discovery requests and subsequent rounds of requests. Altogether, there were dozens of meetings and telephone calls held to try to reach agreement on discovery disputes.
 - 3. Depositions and Document Discovery of Defendants
- 68. By the initial discovery cutoff in 2009, Class and Individual Plaintiffs collectively had served 718 document requests and 631 interrogatories, and five requests for admissions.

- 69. The volume of documents produced by Defendants to Class Plaintiffs in MDL 1720 was proportional to the monumental scope of this litigation. Exhibit 2 sets forth the number and pages of documents produced by each party to MDL 1720.
- 70. In addition to physical and electronic documents, the parties turned over massive amounts of data in discovery. Visa, for example, produced six years' worth of its transaction-level databases to Class Plaintiffs. Producing this volume of data was extraordinary for Visa, which per corporate policy could transport the data to Class Plaintiffs only via personal delivery to Co-Lead Counsel by armed guards.
- 71. A small team of Class Counsel was also tasked with gathering mass quantities of data from each of the bank Defendants to support Class Plaintiffs' motion for class certification. This data discovery was conducted in addition to the document-production process. Members from several firms were tasked with ensuring that that data needed by Class Plaintiffs' experts were produced. During a several-month period in 2008 and 2009—while the parties were in the throes of deposition discovery—Class Counsel held multiple meet-and-confer sessions with Defendants' counsel to secure this data.
- 72. Not surprisingly, Defendants did not turn over this volume of information willingly. Class Counsel therefore engaged in significant motion practice relating to discovery issues. In addition to motion practice, Class and Individual Plaintiffs' Counsel raised numerous discovery issues in regularly scheduled status conferences before Judge Orenstein. The scheduling of regular status conferences was an enormous help in resolving disputes, as many issues were resolved by the parties before, at, or immediately following status conferences, before those issues required motion practice.
- 73. Prior to each status conference, the parties—including Individual Plaintiffs—worked together to craft a status conference report that laid out for the Court all pending issues. For each report, Class Counsel, Individual Plaintiffs and Defendants took turns as the primary drafter of

the report. Putting together the reports—in a manner that would assist the Court—while at the same time ensuring each side's position was clearly stated, often took many days of back and forth negotiations to finalize.

- 74. Class Counsel began receiving document productions from Defendants on a rolling basis in the fall of 2006. Defendants substantially completed their initial document productions in the spring of 2007.
- 75. To assist in the review of documents, understanding the Defendants' businesses and the preparation for depositions, Class and Individual Plaintiffs' Counsel conducted Rule 30(b)(6) depositions of each of the Defendants on issues related to their corporate structures and the identity of their employees with knowledge of the relevant facts in this litigation. These depositions occurred in the summer and fall of 2006.
- 76. Like the legacy productions, the Defendants' main productions in MDL 1720 had to be reviewed and coded before Class Counsel could begin any substantive depositions. Each bank Defendant was assigned one or more Co-Lead Counsel or Executive Committee firms, which would take a leading role in reviewing their documents and deposing those Defendants' employees.

CLASS COUNSEL – DEFENDANT ASSIGNMENTS				
DEFENDANT	PRIMARY RESPONSIBLITY	CO-LEAD ASSISTANCE		
MASTERCARD	Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P. Scott+Scott LLP			
VISA	Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P.			
BANK OF AMERICA	Berger & Montague, P.C.			
BARCLAYS	Boni & Zack LLC Kohn, Swift & Graf, PC	Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P.		
CAPITAL ONE	Freedman, Boyd, Hollander, Goldberg, Urias & Ward P.A.	Berger & Montague, P.C.		

CHASE	Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P.	
CITICORP	Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP	
FIFTH THIRD	Lockridge Grindal Nauen, PLLP	Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF OMAHA	Hulett Harper Stewart LLP	Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P.
HSBC	Friedman Law Group LLP	Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP
NATIONAL CITY	Gustafson Gluek PLLC	Berger & Montague, P.C.
SUNTRUST	Pomerantz Grossman Hufford Dahlstrom & Gross LLP	Berger & Montague, P.C.
TEXAS INDEPENDENT BANCSHARES	Scott + Scott LLP	Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P.
WACHOVIA	Labaton Sucharow LLP Barrack, Rodos & Bacine	Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP
WASHINGTON MUTUAL	Lieff Cabraser Heimann & Bernstein LLP	Berger & Montague, P.C.
WELLS FARGO	Fine, Kaplan & Black, R.P.C.	Robbins Geller Rudman & Dowd LLP

- 77. Reviewing the documents of the 19 Defendants was a mammoth undertaking. Class Counsel who were charged with reviewing a particular custodian's documents and writing a document-review memorandum that summarized that custodian's role in the Defendant's business, and salient documents in his or her files. Class Counsel reviewed the files of 880 custodians, and wrote custodial review memoranda for many of these.
- 78. The documents of top-level employees of each Defendant were reviewed by senior attorneys, most of whom were from Co-Lead Counsel firms.
- 79. Class Counsel began taking substantive depositions of Defendants' employees in the summer of 2007 and continued through the end of fact depositions in early 2009. Partners at Co-Lead Counsel firms deposed the top-level executives at the network and bank Defendants. At key depositions, those partners at Co-Lead Counsel firms were supported by an associate where

appropriate. For all depositions, junior lawyers were responsible for identifying from among the hundreds-to-thousands of documents that were tagged as relevant for the deponent, those documents most likely to be helpful as deposition exhibits. Senior associates at Class Counsel deposed some of the lower-to-mid level employees of Defendants. For each deposition, paralegals worked with the associate taking or supporting the deposition to arrange for the copying and shipment of documents to the deposition location.

- 80. A deposition-scheduling committee, made up of representatives from Class Counsel, Individual Plaintiffs, and Defendants met on a regular basis to propose depositions, arrange schedules, and ensure the multi-tracked depositions were properly staffed with court reporters and videographers. Procedures were in place to limit the number of depositions in a given month by party and the members of the committee held calls sometimes weekly to organize the schedules.
- 81. Co-Lead Counsel and the firms assigned to each Defendant reviewed documents and deposed Defendants' employees in a manner designed and directed by Co-Lead Counsel. Exhibit 3 summarizes the depositions that were taken.
 - 4. Discovery of Class Plaintiffs
- 82. While some attorneys at Class Counsel firms were reviewing Defendants' documents and taking depositions, other firms responded to Defendants' discovery requests and defended Class Plaintiff depositions. Defendants aggressively pursued discovery of even the smallest Class Plaintiffs.
- 83. Over the course of the case, Defendants propounded 135 document requests and 295 interrogatories (including subparts) on Class Plaintiffs.
- 84. Defendants were also aggressive in seeking depositions of Class Plaintiffs' employees. For example, Defendants demanded three full days of deposition testimony from

Class Plaintiff Traditions Ltd.—a small furniture retailer with two outlets in Minneapolis-St. Paul and one in Naples, Florida.

- 85. Generally speaking attorneys at the Co-Lead Counsel firms who were primarily responsible for the Class Plaintiffs' discovery responses took the lead in preparing for those Class Plaintiffs' depositions. Oftentimes, attorneys from Berger & Montague first chaired the defense of these depositions. Each deposition required at least several hours of document review plus a full day of preparation with the witness, in addition to defending the deposition. Most of these depositions required travel to the location of the deposition. Exhibit 4 summarizes the Class Plaintiff depositions that Class Counsel defended.
- 86. Defendants took numerous depositions of Individual Plaintiffs' employees as well, which also are summarized in Exhibit 5. Even when Class Counsel did not directly participate in these depositions, Class Counsel monitored the depositions for their effect on the record.

5. Discovery of Third Parties

- 87. Class Counsel, working together with Individual Plaintiffs' Counsel, also pursued extensive discovery of third parties. Some of these third parties included consulting firms that had performed work for Defendants, rival payment-card networks, and member banks of Visa and MasterCard that were not named defendants in this lawsuit.
- 88. Disputes arose with these third parties as they had with the Defendants over the discovery directed at them. Class Counsel therefore engaged in motion practice and extensive meet-and-confer sessions with the third parties' counsel.
 - 89. Third parties' document production is summarized at Exhibit 6.
- 90. In addition to seeking and obtaining document discovery from third parties, Class Counsel took many depositions of third-party witnesses. Furthermore, Class Counsel also

questioned witnesses in third-party depositions noticed by Defendants or Individual Plaintiffs. *See* Exhibit 7 which lists the third party depositions.

6. Supplementation of the Discovery Record

- 91. Many major developments occurred in the payment-card industry since the initial discovery requests were served. To name just a few, MasterCard and Visa completed their restructurings, each network was investigated by antitrust-enforcement agencies in the United States and abroad, and new payment technologies were being developed and implemented in the marketplace.
- 92. Because of these developments, Class Plaintiffs needed to supplement the discovery record to present an accurate picture of the marketplace and Defendants' conduct for trial. Thus, Class Plaintiffs requested multiple rounds of discovery supplementation from Defendants. Each of these rounds was vigorously resisted by Defendants, required additional meet-and-confer sessions, additional correspondence between the parties, and, in some cases, further motion practice.

7. CaseMap Cataloging of Facts

- 93. As fact discovery was nearing a close, Bonny Sweeney and I, respectively, prepared a master outline and a master evidentiary narrative which provided a roadmap for organizing the evidence that Class Counsel had obtained in discovery and would ultimately need for trial. This formed the starting point for building our CaseMap database. CaseMap is a West product that allows users to upload facts and exhibits into an organizational structure of legal and factual issues. This effort was a necessary step in the preparation to try the case. Bonny Sweeney's team then created the matrices that converted these documents into a format appropriate for CaseMap.
- 94. Once the outline was created, junior attorneys at the Co-Lead firms undertook the task of reviewing each deposition summary, transcript, and exhibit. These attorneys marked

where each piece of evidence should be placed in the outline and ensured that the information was inputted into the appropriate module in the CaseMap system.

95. As we progressed into summary-judgment motion drafting, the CaseMap database was one of our primary sources of information. It would have also been the basis for our trial plan if the case would have proceeded to trial.

I. Class Certification Motion

- 96. The issue of class certification was another major undertaking with enormous consequences for the viability of meaningful relief. It was only after much research that it was decided to pursue certification of both a Rule 23(b)(3) class for damages and a Rule 23(b)(2) class for equitable relief. Discovery was calculated to support each class.
- 97. Class Plaintiffs retained Dr. Gustavo Bamberger of Lexecon as the expert economist supporting class certification. Co-Lead Counsel and the co-chairs of the steering committee worked with Dr. Bamberger to be sure he had all the information he needed to form his opinions for his expert report. This required marshaling materials from discovery (both documents and deposition testimony). These same attorneys worked with Dr. Bamberger in the preparation of his deposition and defended his two-day deposition by Defendants.
- 98. Defendants retained Dr. Edward A. Snyder, as their expert opposing class certification. Co-Lead Counsel's preparation required an extensive review of his prior writings and opinions, as well as the discovery record upon which he relied. Co-Lead Counsel deposed Dr. Snyder for two days.
- 99. Co-Lead Counsel and the co-chairs of the steering committee worked with Dr. Bamberger to prepare a rebuttal report, which was submitted along with Class Plaintiffs' Reply Memorandum in Support of Class Certification. Defendants then deposed Professor Bamberger again for one more day.

100. The Court devoted a full day to class certification argument. That occurred on November 19, 2009 and was argued by Merrill G. Davidoff of Berger & Montague.

J. The Relevance of Foreign Proceedings

101. One of the many things that made MDL 1720 the incredibly complex and difficult case that it became was the fact that investigations and proceedings analyzing the antitrust and economic issues related to the payment-card industry were taking place in a large number of countries around the world. Even prior to filing the initial class action in this case, we undertook an extensive analysis of these foreign proceedings to determine what foreign antitrust-enforcement authorities were doing with respect to many of the same conduct issues that we were planning to challenge in our case. It was very important for us to understand the claims that were being investigated or pursued by these foreign antitrust enforcement or regulatory authorities, and equally important, to understand the defenses and rationale that Visa and MasterCard were giving for their conduct in these other countries. Moreover, the relief obtained by these foreign antitrust or regulatory authorities, and the effects thereof, informed Class Counsel's view on the equitable relief to be sought in this case

102. Although it was not the first country in the world to investigate payment-card industry issues, Australia became an early leader in efforts to address some of the competition issues that were raised by the banks' ownership and control of Visa and MasterCard. In 2003, after a multi-year investigation, the Reserve Bank of Australia determined that interchange fees charged to merchants in Australia were higher than they would have been if there had been true competition. Like the Federal Reserve Board in the United States, the Reserve Bank of Australia ("RBA") has authority to regulate the banking industry in Australia. Exercising its regulatory

⁹See Expert Report of Alan Frankel dated July 2, 2009 ¶447, for a listing of foreign proceedings since 2000.

¹⁰ The equivalent to the United States Federal Reserve Board.

authority, in 2003 the RBA by rule imposed limits on interchange fees on credit-card transactions using Visa or MasterCard credit cards.

103. In addition to requiring the reduction in credit-card interchange fees, the RBA rules required that Visa and MasterCard no longer prohibit the use of surcharges on credit-card transactions by merchants. In filings made by both Visa and MasterCard in the RBA proceedings, both networks acknowledged that the ability of merchants to impose surcharges on credit-card transactions would lead to the reduction of interchange fees. Indeed, the evidence from Australia has now demonstrated that even the merchant discount fees charged by American Express have been reduced toward the level of Visa and MasterCard fees by the threat of surcharging by merchants.¹¹

104. In addition to the proceedings in Australia, in the European Union ("EU") the Directorate General for Competition has conducted intensive investigations of both Visa and MasterCard, in addition to the payment-card industry generally. The investigation of MasterCard's cross-border interchange fees in the EU led to a decision in that proceeding which examined and rejected all of the various defenses that MasterCard has historically offered in defense of its interchange fees and anti-steering rules.

105. Because of the importance of foreign proceedings, Class Counsel closely monitored developments in other countries. Associate-level attorneys were assigned particular, relevant jurisdictions for which they reviewed public filings and discovery documents and summarized their findings in memoranda which were posted on the Extranet. The associates who drafted the initial memoranda were then responsible for tracking developments in their jurisdictions. The information gathered from this procedure became useful during deposition discovery as defendant custodians were questioned on their business practices and regulatory interventions in foreign jurisdictions.

¹¹ The evidence from Australia is covered in greater detail in the accompanying Declaration of Dr. Alan Frankel.

K. Congressional Efforts Leading to Durbin Amendment

106. In many countries merchants and merchant groups have had success in obtaining relief from the anticompetitive rules and conduct in the payment-card industry by persuading legislatures and regulators to take appropriate steps to regulate the payment-card industry. Efforts by merchants in the United States have been, with one recent exception, completely unsuccessful. It is widely believed by knowledgeable persons in Washington DC that merchants and their trade associations have been particularly ineffective in interesting state and federal regulators in taking action to address problems in the structure and conduct of the payment-card networks and their bank owners. For example, in 2009 many merchant groups unsuccessfully threw their support behind a bill in Congress that would adopt a rate-setting mechanism using a three-judge panel to set interchange rates that could be charged to merchants by Visa and MasterCard.

- 1. Assistance to Merchants in Developing a Legislative Strategy The Passage of Dodd-Frank
- 107. In 2009 I was asked by several of my merchant clients in MDL 1720 to become involved in strategizing with merchant groups to try to find a more effective, and hopefully more successful, legislative strategy. Because Co-Lead Counsel viewed developments in Washington, D.C., both in Congress and at the Department of Justice, as important adjuncts to the litigation, beginning in 2009 and continuing to the present I became significantly involved in the development of strategic options for merchants with respect to legislative and regulatory remedies. My law firm retained a lobbying/consulting firm in Washington, D.C. to assist us in this task.
- 108. Once I became involved, it became apparent to me that some of the merchants and their trade associations were divided on what a successful strategy might be, with some merchant trade associations favoring the intrusive regulatory approach referred to above, and others in

favor of broad congressional legislation to simply capping interchange fees charged to merchants on credit-card transactions.

109. It was my view, and the view of the lobbying firm which we had retained, that the only strategy that stood any chance of success in the near-term would be one focused solely on debit cards. The story of debit cards was much easier to tell than the more complicated story with respect to credit-card interchange fees. For almost 100 years there had been no interchange fees on checks processed through the Federal Reserve System. This was due to the evolution of the check-processing system in United States under competitive conditions. In urging Congress to enact limitations on debit-card interchange fees, it was relatively easy to make the argument that debit cards were just electronic checks, and that there was no reason why banks should be able to impose interchange fees on debit cards when they did not, and could not, impose interchange fees on checks.

associations, in the spring of 2010 the merchants agreed to adopt a unified strategy (for the first time) focused on drafting legislation, and urging its passage, which would direct the Federal Reserve Board to adopt regulations imposing limitations on interchange fees charged to merchants on debit-card transactions, and to leave credit-card interchange fees for another day. Thus, in the spring of 2010 I became intimately involved in the drafting and strategizing regarding legislative proposals that ultimately came to be called the Durbin Amendment, after its author Sen. Dick Durbin of Illinois. The principal focus of the Durbin Amendment was to authorize the Federal Reserve Board to adopt rules limiting the level of interchange fees that debit-card networks could impose on merchants. The Durbin Amendment also contained other important relief, such as requiring issuing banks to enable debit cards to be processed over at least two competing networks, allowing merchants to provide discounts to consumers for

¹² Alan S. Frankel & Allen Shampine, *The Economic Effects of Interchange Fees*, 73 Antitrust L.J. 627, 637-39 (2006).

payment by cash, check, or debit card, in lieu of credit cards, and allowing merchants to place a minimum purchase amount of up to \$10.00 on credit-card transactions.

- 111. Ultimately, in the first six months of 2010 I traveled to Washington, D.C. eight times to meet with merchants and their counsel, and occasionally with senators and their staff, to assist with the efforts to get the Senate to adopt the Durbin Amendment as an amendment to the bill that ultimately became known as the Dodd Frank Act. I also participated in literally dozens of telephone conference calls to discuss these efforts, as well. Although proponents of the Durbin Amendment felt that momentum was building in their favor in the Senate, it was still widely believed that the Durbin Amendment would fail when it came to a floor vote in the Senate. After all, in recent years when everything in the Senate is subject to a filibuster, requiring 60 votes to pass any bill or amendment, given the enormous political power of the banks and the networks, it seemed unlikely that Sen. Durbin and the merchants could round up more than 60 votes for his amendment. Nonetheless, on May 12, 2010 during the debate on the Dodd Frank Act on the floor of the Senate, Sen. Durbin offered his amendment and, to the astonishment of almost all knowledgeable observers, it passed with a bipartisan total of 64 votes.
- 112. However, this was not the end of the legislative fight. There was no comparable provision in the House counterpart bill to the Senate bill, and thus the differences between the two bills were going to be resolved (if at all) in a conference committee. Although conference committees formerly were a common feature of the passage of legislation in Congress, I learned that the conference committee to put together the final version of the Dodd Frank Act was the first conference committee in several years. I spent several days monitoring the work of the conference committee. During the meetings of the conference committee, the banks and the networks were furiously trying to get enough support among the conferees to keep the Durbin Amendment out of the final legislation, ultimately the large bipartisan vote in the Senate gave the Senate conferees a persuasive argument to keep the Durbin Amendment in the final bill.

113. The enactment of the Durbin Amendment as part of Dodd-Frank, which, after the Federal Reserve Board adopted its rules limited interchange fees on debit-card transactions to a maximum of about \$0.24, was highly significant to the litigation of MDL 1720. The reason for this was that it gave merchants, for the first time, a substantially lower-priced form of payment other than cash to which they now could try to steer their customers. Debit-card transaction volume already was growing at a faster rate than was credit-card transaction volume, and the Durbin Amendment seemed certain to accelerate that growth. After the enactment of the Durbin Amendment the elimination of the Visa and MasterCard anti-steering rules became an even more valuable form of relief for merchants, as they now had the opportunity, if those rules could be eliminated as part of a judgment or settlement of MDL 1720, to steer their customers to the very low-priced debit cards. We knew then that merchants in other countries had successfully employed steering strategies when they were permitted to surcharge, or threaten to surcharge. Indeed, as described in the Declaration of Dr. Alan Frankel, the experiences in other countries demonstrate that the ability to surcharge has enormous value to merchants.

114. In 2011, after the enactment of Dodd-Frank, but before the Federal Reserve Board had adopted its final debit-card rules, Visa, MasterCard and the banks mounted a determined effort to repeal the Durbin Amendment portion of Dodd-Frank. They persuaded Sen. Jon Tester, a Montana Democrat, to offer an amendment to various pieces of legislation that would be voted on the Senate floor, that would have repealed all or most of the reforms contained in the Durbin Amendment, or, alternatively, would have delayed the implementation of the Federal Reserve Board's rules. At the request of my clients I again became involved in the development of a strategy to defeat the Tester amendment. I traveled to Washington several times in the late spring and early summer of 2011 to meet with my clients and with the lobbying firm that we had retained to assist us with the goal of assisting the merchants in persuading a sufficient number of

senators to vote no on the Tester amendment. When Sen. Tester offered his amendment on the floor of the Senate on June 8, 2011 it was defeated in a close vote of 54 in favor and 44 against.¹³

115. We were also asked by our clients to assist them in connection with the development of the rules by the Federal Reserve Board that were required by the Durbin Amendment. One of the principal concerns that merchants had about the delegation of rulemaking authority to the FRB was that, since the FRB had never engaged in any type of regulation of payment cards, it lacked expertise and experience, and even basic knowledge, of the important economic issues that it would have to understand in order to properly carry out its function in developing the rules required by the Durbin Amendment.

116. To assist the merchants, after the enactment of Dodd-Frank in the summer of 2010, we prepared materials for submission to the FRB, brought a motion before the Court to lift some of the restrictions on the Protective Order so that we could provide litigation materials to the FRB that we believed would assist the FRB in caring out its responsibilities under the Durbin Amendment, and personally met with and corresponded with the staff at the Federal Reserve Board that were responsible for the development of the rules. Our goal was to try to educate them about the economics of payment cards generally, and debit cards in particular. We knew that the banks were engaged in a type of disinformation campaign with the FRB staff, and, because the FRB regulates many aspects of banks business, banks had regular communications with the FRB and had the ability to influence the rulemaking process far beyond the ability of merchants. Ultimately, the merchants' fears were proven true when the FRB adopted final rules setting the limit on debit interchange fees at a level twice as high as the FRB had indicated in its draft rules. Nonetheless, the limitation on debit interchange fees of approximately \$0.24 per transaction was sufficiently low to make steering to debit desirable for merchants.

¹³ Only because current Senate rules require 60 affirmative votes did the Tester amendment fail.

117. Even before the Tester challenge, in October 2010 a large Minnesota-based bank, TCF National Bank, brought suit in the United States District Court for the District of South Dakota against the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Bank, charged with ratemaking for interchange fees on debit-card transactions under the Durbin Amendment. One feature of the Durbin Amendment was that the FRB rules would not apply to banks that had assets of less than \$10 billion. TCF had assets above that level and thus its claim against the FRB was that the Durbin Amendment, and any FRB rules to be adopted pursuant to the new law, would violate the Equal Protection Clause and amount to an unconstitutional confiscatory taking under the Due Process Clause. TCF had built its business model around the interchange fees that it earned on debit-card transactions and did not issue credit cards. Although to many lawyers the claim seemed far-fetched as a matter of law, by filing in South Dakota, where many banks have long had their payment card business headquarters due to favorable South Dakota law, merchants were very concerned that it would be a favorable forum for TCF. Merchants were also concerned that the FRB might not be motivated to put up a vigorous opposition to the lawsuit, given its generally pro-bank biases. Thus, merchants came to me and asked me to provide assistance to the lawyers for the FRB in formulating their response to the TCF lawsuit. We did so. We prepared a long memorandum educating the FRB lawyers on history of payment cards in United States, and describing many of the legal and economic issues that were relevant to TCF's claims. We also prepared and submitted an *amicus* brief, along with a declaration from our expert Dr. Alan Frankel, in opposition to TCF's motion for preliminary injunction to stop the FRB from conducting its ratemaking. Ultimately, the District Court in South Dakota denied TCF's preliminary injunction motion in April 2011. The Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the denial in June 2011. Co-Lead Counsel submitted an amicus brief in support of the FRB on appeal as well.

L. Department of Justice Investigation

- 118. I had had discussions with the Department of Justice regarding the competitive problems in the payment-card markets since my representation of Best Buy and Darden Restaurants in the *In re Visa Check* litigation. After the commencement of MDL 1720, I continued those discussions with the goal of motivating the Department of Justice to open an investigation and to begin enforcement proceedings against Visa, MasterCard and the banks. Beginning in early 2006, those discussions accelerated, as first the Department of Justice, and then several state attorneys general, became more interested in the claims the Class was asserting in MDL 1720.
- 119. In October 2008, the Department of Justice opened an investigation into the rules and conduct of Visa and MasterCard. By the spring of 2009 attorneys at the Department of Justice and at several state attorneys general's offices began requesting information from Class Plaintiffs. I explained that our ability to provide information to them was significantly constrained by the Protective Order the parties had negotiated and the Court had entered in MDL 1720. The Department of Justice eventually concluded that the most efficient way for them to gather information was to serve a Civil Investigative Demand ("CID") on the Class Plaintiffs in MDL 1720, which it did on April 21, 2009. The CID requested that the Class Plaintiffs:
 - 1) Submit all products of discovery relating to the Anti-Steering Rules, including their competitive effects and justifications, produced by the entities listed in Appendix A in connection with the Merchant Discount Antitrust Litigation, including products of discovery relating to interrogatory responses, depositions, responses to requests for admissions, and documents produced.
 - 2) Submit all pleadings, filings, motions, transcripts, rulings, and orders relating to the Anti-Steering Rules, including their competitive effects and justifications, from any proceeding or hearing as part of the Merchant Discount Antitrust Litigation.
- 120. Co-Lead Counsel determined that there were only two alternatives for complying with the CID. The first was to produce to the Department of Justice the entire documentary

record in the case, which by mid-2009 amounted to approximately 50 million pages of documents. Not surprisingly, the Department of Justice rejected this option, telling us that their data storage lacked the capacity to store and manage such a massive production. The second alternative was for the Class to produce to the Department of Justice only the documents and deposition testimony that were most relevant to the Class's claims but that risked waived the work product privilege as to those materials and perhaps others.

- 121. Since it was certainly in the Class's interests to assist the Department of Justice investigation, which offered the prospect of the government challenging the same conduct the Class was challenging, I had several discussions with the Department of Justice trying to identify a mutually acceptable solution. We finally determined that the only solution was to seek a modification of the Protective Order to permit the Class to comply with the CID by producing to the Department of Justice the Class's work product without that being considered a waiver of our work product protections. Not surprisingly, the Defendants declined to agree to such a modification, since their interests were best served by slowing down, and making more difficult and costly, the Department of Justice investigation. Therefore, on May 20, 2009 [Dkt. No. 1209] Class Plaintiffs moved the Court for an order modifying the Protective Order such that the Class could freely share our work product with the Department of Justice without the risk of a waiver. On June 18, 2009 [Dkt. No. 1235], over Defendants' opposition, the Court granted Class Plaintiffs' Motion.
- 122. Thus began a sixteen-month period of support by private plaintiffs of a Department of Justice antitrust investigation. Over that three-year period, Class Counsel provided to the Department of Justice unfettered access to the document and deposition databases which Class Counsel had created, at great expense. The document database ultimately consisted of over 65 million pages of documents, which was completely searchable by custodian, key word, or by any one of dozens of electronic "tags" that Class document reviewers had placed on documents to indicate their relevance to particular issues. The deposition database contained the transcripts and

exhibits of over 370 depositions taken, or defended, by Class or Individual Plaintiff's Counsel. We provided access to 15 state-attorney-general staff attorneys with access to the same database. The Class was charged \$100 per month by our database management firm for each user and the Class paid a total of over \$94,000 for such use, for which we were not reimbursed by the Department of Justice or the states.

123. In addition to having complete access to the entire discovery record in MDL 1720, the Department of Justice and the state attorneys general requested from Class Counsel a wide variety of our work product. This included memoranda on important legal issues, summaries of depositions, compilations of key documents, and access to our experts. For many months one of the RKM&C team attorney's principal assignments was to respond to requests from lawyers at the Department of Justice or the states. Attached to this declaration as Exhibit 8 is a summary of the information provided to the Department of Justice and the states and our responses.

Typically, DOJ or state AG attorneys asked the RKM&C attorney for evidence supporting a specific proposition or propositions, to which the RKM&C attorney responded by providing portions of the discovery record, Class Counsel's work product, or publicly available documents known to Class Counsel through the prosecution of this case. In addition to the communications reflected in Exhibit 8, RKM&C attorneys were often asked informally for their analysis of particular issues or facts. RKM&C attorneys responded to at least 24 informal requests for evidence or analysis.

124. DOJ and the states also conducted telephone interviews with several merchants in the course of their investigation. Many of these merchant interviews—including Class Plaintiffs
Traditions Ltd. and Photos Etc.—were arranged by Co-Lead Counsel. We also prepared these merchants for their interviews with DOJ and the states and participated in the telephonic interviews.

125. The Class's involvement was not limited to lower-level attorneys. As the investigation progressed, I had numerous telephonic and in-person meetings with DOJ and state attorney-general attorneys to discuss the high-level antitrust analysis applicable to their investigations. Especially in the late stages of the investigation, I was often joined by the senior members of the Co-Lead Counsel firms, including Bonny Sweeney, Merrill Davidoff, Laddie Montague and Gary Friedman. Many of these meetings included senior DOJ officials, including John Read, the section chief responsible for the Visa/MasterCard investigation and Carl Shapiro, the Deputy Assistant Attorney General for Economic Analysis.

126. We also expanded Dr. Frankel's engagement to include persuading DOJ and the states that the Defendants' conduct was anticompetitive from an economic perspective. Thus, Dr. Frankel attended two of our meetings with DOJ officials in Washington, D.C. and participated in conference calls with state AG attorneys, at which he gave detailed presentations on the economic analysis of the record and also discussed the issues surrounding the case telephonically with them on several occasions.

127. Our involvement with the DOJ and state attorney-general investigations culminated with a meeting with Assistant Attorney General Christine Varney and her senior staff at which we urged the Department of Justice to conclude its investigation by commencing an action against Visa and MasterCard challenging the ASRs. Shortly after that meeting the Department announced that it was going to file suit against Visa and MasterCard, and that both networks had agreed to eliminate many of the ASRs. The result of this extraordinary assistance by the Class to the Department of Justice and the states was that the government investigation was able to be completed in a much shortened period of time, ¹⁴ and at vastly less cost to the government's limited resources. To the best of my knowledge the Department of Justice and the states did not

¹⁴ From the date of the CID to Class Plaintiffs on April 21, 2009, it took DOJ only until October 4, 2010 to complete its investigation, draft a Complaint and negotiate a consent decree with Visa and MasterCard. Bringing a case of this magnitude, in a huge industry, to successful closure in 18 months is unheard of, and could not have been accomplished so quickly, if at all, without the comprehensive assistance of Class counsel.

take *any* of their own depositions, and only issued a small number of CIDs. To my knowledge it is unheard of for a DOJ investigation to be concluded, especially so quickly, with the DOJ doing so little of their discovery and investigation. In a matter involving such an important sector of the economy, I think it is fair to infer from DOJ's conduct that both the senior decision-makers as well as the trial attorneys at DOJ had a high degree of confidence in the quality of Class Counsel's discovery efforts.

M. Second Amended Complaints and New Motions to Dismiss

- 128. In the summer of 2008, Class Counsel notified Defendants of our intention to file a Second Consolidated Amended Class Action Complaint, a First Amended Supplemental Class Action Complaint challenging the MasterCard restructuring, and a Second Supplemental Class Action Complaint challenging the Visa restructuring that was consummated the previous March.
- 129. These three complaints were filed on January 29, 2009. Because the complaints referenced documents and deposition testimony that had been designated "highly confidential" under the protective order, the complaints were filed under seal. After the parties' counsel met and conferred extensively, Class Plaintiffs filed redacted public versions on February 20, 2009.
- 130. By the time the amended complaints were filed, the fact-discovery record was nearly complete. Drafting amended complaints therefore became a fact-intensive exercise akin to summary-judgment briefing in a typical antitrust case.
- 131. In December 2008 and January 2009, teams of Class attorneys worked on drafting the amended complaints and pulling evidence from the discovery record to support the amended claims. Like the original consolidated and supplemental complaints, Class Counsel invested hundreds of hours of attorney time on the Second Consolidated Amended Class Action Complaint, the First Amended Supplemental Class Action Complaint, and the Second Supplemental Class Action complaint.

- 132. This significant time investment into the complaints—especially the supplemental complaints—was required in order to review and incorporate discovery record in the tens of millions of pages in order to find the most persuasive documents and deposition excerpts to support the claims that Judge Gleeson had concluded were insufficient in their pre-discovery forms. We also supplemented the SCACAC with salient facts from the record, both to support our theory of post-IPO liability and to conform our allegations to the discovery record.
- added new claims and revised previously asserted claims. Primarily to address the now-accomplished MasterCard and Visa restructurings. It added claims that both Visa and MasterCard's default interchange fees constituted unreasonable restraints on trade, even after the IPOs. An injunctive-relief claim under Sherman Act Section 2 for monopolization was asserted against MasterCard in relation to its Anti-Steering Restraints. The complaint also added a damages and injunctive-relief claim against Visa and certain Bank Defendants for the fixing of default interchange fees on Visa's Interlink PIN-debit-card product. Finally, the inter-network conspiracy claim and the claims relating to the no-surcharge rule—for which plaintiffs previously sought damages and injunctive relief—were converted to claims for injunctive-relief only.
- 134. On March 31, 2009, Defendants moved to dismiss each of the amended complaints. As Defendants had argued with respect to the FSCAC, the Defendants argued that the amended complaints challenging the restructurings failed to allege a substantial likelihood of harm to competition and—in the case of MasterCard—failed to allege a fraudulent conveyance.
- 135. Unlike the original motion to dismiss the pre-2004 damages claims in the FCACAC, the Defendants raised a broad-based challenge to the SCACAC that sought to completely dismiss Class Plaintiffs' case. They moved to dismiss on the following bases: (i) that the release in the *In* re Visa Check case released all of Class Plaintiffs' damages and injunctive-relief claims; (ii) that

the complaint failed to allege a "restraint on trade" sufficiently to state a claim under § 1 of the Sherman Act; (iii) that the complaint failed to allege a "plausible" inter-network conspiracy under *Bell Atlantic v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544 (2007); (iv) that *Twombly* barred the complaint's allegations of post-IPO conspiracies within Visa and MasterCard; and (v) that Class Plaintiffs' claims were barred by the doctrine of *Illinois Brick*.

- 136. In addition to the motions filed on behalf of all Defendants, Chase moved to strike its acquiring entity, Chase Paymentech, as a Defendant, arguing that Class Plaintiffs improperly added it as a Defendant without obtaining leave of court.
- 137. Class Counsel again devoted substantial efforts to opposing Defendants' motions, which threatened to derail our entire case. The three Co-Lead firms, in addition to Scott + Scott, (which now had attorneys formerly with Co-Lead Counsel RGRD) divided the briefing up among themselves. Each firm assigned multiple attorneys to drafting opposition briefs. After nine weeks of briefing, Class Plaintiffs filed three separate opposition briefs: 42 pages in response to the motion to dismiss the SCACAC; 46 pages in response to the motions to dismiss the IPO complaints; and 9 pages in opposition to the motion to strike Chase Paymentech.
- 138. Oral arguments on the motions to dismiss the amended complaints and on the class-certification motion were set for August 18 and 20, 2009 in front of Judge Orenstein. We divided the arguments on the motions to dismiss among my co-counsel, Bonny Sweeney, and me. Merrill Davidoff of Berger & Montague was set to argue the class-certification motion. Joseph Goldberg, of Freedman Boyd Hollader, was to argue the defense of Defendants' motion to disqualify Class Plaintiffs' class expert, Gustavo Bamberger.
- 139. My colleagues and I prepared exhaustively for the oral arguments on the motions to dismiss and Class certification, including the compilation of three-ring binders of evidence. We also selected approximately two-dozen exhibits to use at the hearing, which we prepared for use as demonstratives and also placed in three large exhibit books for the Court. On August 12-13,

2009, Class Counsel held mock arguments on the motions to dismiss and the class-certification motion at RKM&C's offices in Minneapolis. We retained the services of retired Minnesota Supreme Court Justice James H. Gilbert to preside over the mock arguments. Junior-to-mid level RKM&C associates who were not involved in the In re Payment Card case prepared bench memoranda for Justice Gilbert based on the parties' briefs and the relevant case law.

- 140. Due to the sudden and unexpected unavailability of one of the Defendants' primary counsel, the Court rescheduled oral arguments from August to November 18-19, 2009.
- 141. Because two-and-a-half months had passed since the originally scheduled arguments, Co-Lead Counsel had to duplicate many of our original preparation efforts before the November arguments.

N. **Merits Experts Reports and Depositions**

- 142. As in any antitrust action, in this case the selection and use of experts was crucial to the successful prosecution of the Class Plaintiffs' claims. Starting even before the first case was filed, Co-Lead Counsel conducted an exhaustive review of the economic literature related to payment-card networks and interviewed several economists who had expertise in this field. In our review of the literature, we did not limit ourselves only to those articles which viewed the economics favorably from the merchant's point-of-view, but also tried to understand the economics from the point-of-view of the banks and networks. The process was laborious but necessary and contributed to our final selection of the economists that we retained as consultants and those that ended up providing testimony for the Class both at class certification and on the merits.15
- 143. Since all parties recognized the importance of the role of expert testimony in this massive antitrust case, the parties spent many long days, over many months negotiating over

 $^{^{15}}$ The expert issues related to class certification are discussed Supra. at III.I. 45

stipulations and understandings as to the timing and role of expert testimony. These discussions resulted, among other things, in a stipulation with regard to expert discovery which was filed with the Court on November 27, 2006. The purpose of the stipulation was to try to anticipate in advance, and to resolve, potential disputes before they arose. As part of the same discussions the parties agreed upon a schedule for expert discovery which called for initial reports by Plaintiffs' merits experts on February 5, 2008. Unfortunately, that deadline, like others in the case, was required to be extended due to the time necessary to complete other merits discovery. Ultimately, the initial merits expert reports of both the Class Plaintiffs and the Individual Plaintiffs were filed on July 2, 2009. Plaintiffs retained a highly-acclaimed slate of experts, experienced in providing testimony in complex, high-stakes antitrust cases. Class Plaintiffs filed a total of five initial expert reports, totalling over 377 pages of text. Individual Plaintiffs filed a total of four initial expert reports, totalling over 214 pages of text. The Class Plaintiffs' expert reports were founded upon the massive factual base assembled by Class Counsel, including the document database of over 75 million pages of documents, the deposition database consisting of nearly 900 depositions, with over 10,880 deposition exhibits. The tables below list Class and Individual Plaintiffs' experts.

	CLASS PLAINTIFFS' EXPERTS			
Deponent	Subject Matter	Company	Title	Education
Bamberger, Gustavo	Class certification		Economist at Compass Lexecon	Ph.D., University of Chicago, 1987, Graduate School of Business; M.B.A., University of Chicago, 1984, Graduate School of Business; B.A., Southwestern at Memphis, 1981
Fleischer, Victor	Motivations for networks' IPOs	University of Colorado	Assoc. Prof. of Law, University Colorado	J.D., Columbia University, 1996
Frankel, Alan	Economic analysis of Class Plaintiffs' claims	Coherent Economics, LLC/Compass Lexecon/Antitrust Law Journal	Director of Coherent Economics, LLC; Senior Advisor to Compass Lexecon	Ph.D., Economics, University Chicago, 1986
Henry, Kevin	Class Plaintiffs' fraudulent- conveyance claim	Freeman & Mills, Inc.	V.P., Freeman & Mills, Inc.	B.S. Business and Administrative Studies – Finance, Lewis & Clark College
Macey, Jonathan	MasterCard corporate governance	Yale Law School	Sam Harris Professor of Corporate Law, Finance, and Securities Regulation, Yale	J.D., Yale
McCormack, Michael	Industry background / Illinois Brick	Palma Advisors, LLC	President, Palma Advisors, LLC	B.A., Political Science, Cal. Poly., 1988
McFarlane, Bruce	Defendants' accounting for interchange fees / Illinois Brick	LitNomics	Managing Director / CEO, LitiNomics	B.A., Bus. Admin., University Washington, 1984

CLASS PLAINTIFFS' EXPERTS				
Deponent	Subject Matter	Company	Title	Education
Wolter,	Critique of Mr.	National Opinion	E.V.P., National	Ph.D., Statistics,
Kirk ¹⁶	Houston's survey	Research	Opinion Research	Iowa State, 1974
	of Australian	Center/University	Center;	
	merchants.	of Chicago, Dept.	University of	
		of Statistics	Chicago, Dept. of	
			Statistics	

INDIVIDUAL PLAINTIFFS' EXPERTS				
Deponent	Subject Matter	Company	Title	Education
Ariely, Dan	Behavioral economic analysis of anti- steering restraints	Duke University	James B. Duke Professor of Behavioral Economics at the Fuqua School of Business, The Center for Cognitive Neuroscience, and the Economics Department at Duke University	Ph.D. Cognitive Psychology, University of N.C. 1996; Ph.D. Business Administration, Duke University 1998
Porter, Katherine	Effect of Defendants' business practices on consumer lending.	University of Iowa College of Law/ Robert Braucher Visiting Professor Harvard Law School	Prof. of Law, University Iowa	J.D., Harvard, 2001
Stiglitz, Joseph	Economic analysis of ASR- claims	Columbia Business School/Sebago Associates, Inc.	Prof., Columbia, Recipient of 2001 Nobel Prize in Economics.	Ph.D., Economics, M.I.T., 1967.
Vellturo, Christopher	Economic analysis of Individual Plaintiffs' claims	QES	Pres., Quantitative Economic Solutions, LLC	Ph.D., Economics, M.I.T., 1989
Warren, Elizabeth	Economic analysis of ASR- claims		U.S. Senator, former Leo Gottlieb Professor of Law, Harvard	J.D., Rutgers, 1976

 $^{^{16}}$ Kirk Wolter was an expert for the Individual Plaintiffs as well. 48

- 144. The Class Plaintiffs' expert reports were also the product of the efforts of Co-Lead Counsel, and the co-chairs of the steering committee, to provide to the various experts information they requested from the factual record we had assembled, and to organize the efforts of the experts to address the various issues in the case that were within their respective areas of expertise. The lawyers who had been assigned to work with the various experts met frequently, and talked by telephone even more frequently over the many months during which the preparation of the expert reports took place, in order to keep the effort efficient and well organized, and to assure that all of the necessary issues were covered by at least one of our experts.
- 145. Under the agreed-upon schedule, the Defendants served their initial expert reports on December 14, 2009. The Defendants served a total of 12 separate expert reports, totaling over 800 pages of text. Among Defendants' experts were several economists with great reputations in their fields. The table below lists Defendants' experts.

DEFENDANTS' EXPERTS				
Deponent	Subject Matter	Company	Title	Education
Atkins, J.T.	Class Plaintiffs'	Cypress	Managing Director,	J.D., Harvard,
	fraudulent	Associates LLC	Cypress Assocs.	1982
	conveyance claim		LLC	
Daines,	MasterCard IPO	Stanford Law	Pritzker Professor	J.D., Yale
Robert		School	of Law and	
			Business, Stanford	
Elzinga,	Economic	University of	Robert C. Taylor	Ph.D.,
Kenneth	analysis of	Virginia	Professor of	Michigan State
	Plaintiffs' claims		Economics, Univ.	University,
			Va.	1967
Houston,	Australian	NERA Economic	Director, NERA	B.S.c (First
Gregory	payment-card	Consulting	Economic	Class Honours),
	industry post		Consulting	Economics,
	RBA reforms			Univ.
				Canterbury,
				(NZ) 1982

	DEFENDANTS' EXPERTS				
Deponent	Subject Matter	Company	Title	Education	
James,	Market definition	University of	William H.	Ph.D.,	
Christopher	and market power	Florida	Dia/SunBank	Economics,	
			Eminent Scholar in	Industrial	
			Finance and	Organization,	
			Economics,	Finance,	
			University of	Michigan, 1978	
			Florida; Visiting		
			Scholar for the San		
			Francisco Federal		
			Reserve Bank		
Kahn, Barbara	Effect of anti-	University of	Dean and Schein	Ph.D.,	
	steering restraints	Miami School of	Family Professor of	Marketing,	
	on networks'	Business Adm	Marketing, School	Columbia, 1984	
	brands		of Business		
			Administration,		
			University of		
			Miami, Coral		
			Gables, FL		
Klein,	Economic	EA Associates/	President, EA	PhD,	
Benjamin	analysis of anti-	Compass Lexecon	Associates, Inc.	Economics,	
	steering restraints			Univ. Chicago,	
				1970	
Litan, Robert	Economic	Brookings	Senior Fellow,	Ph.D.,	
E.	analysis of	Institution	Economic Studies	Economics,	
	Individual		and Global	Yale, 1987;	
	Plaintiffs' claims		Economy and	J.D., Yale,	
			Development	1977.	
			Programs, The		
			Brookings		
			Institution		
Murphy,	Economic	University of	George J. Stigler	Ph.D.,	
Kevin	analysis of	Chicago	Distinguished	University of	
	Plaintiffs' claims		Service Professor of	Chicago, 1986	
			Economics, Booth		
			School of Business		
			& Dep't of Econ.,		
			Univ. Chicago		

DEFENDANTS' EXPERTS				
Deponent	Subject Matter	Company	Title	Education
Snyder,	Class		Dean and George	B.A., Colby
Edward	Certification		Pratt Shultz	College, 1975
			Professor of	(Economics,
			Economics at the	Government);
			University of	M.A.,
			Chicago Graduate	University of
			School of Business	Chicago, 1978
				(Public Policy);
				Ph.D.,
				University of
				Chicago, 1984
				(Economics)
Topel, Robert	Damages	University of	Isidore and Gladys	Ph.D.,
H.		Chicago	J. Brown Professor,	Economics,
			Booth School of	UCLA, 1980
			Business,	
			University of	
			Chicago	
Wecker,	Damages	William E.	President, William	Ph.D., Statistics
William E.		Wecker Assoc.	E. Wecker	and
			Associates, Inc.	Management
				Science,
				Michigan, 1972
Woodward,	Profitability of	Sand Hill	President, Sand Hill	Ph.D., Financial
Suan E.	credit-card	Econometrics	Econometrics	Economics,
	lending			UCLA, 1978

146. Upon receiving these Defendants' expert reports, Co-Lead Counsel reviewed and analyzed each, and then organized the preparation of appropriate responses by Class Plaintiffs' experts. As with the initial expert reports, Co-Lead Counsel made assignments to various of the senior lawyers in the firms mentioned above to work with our experts in first understanding the reports we had received from the Defendants, doing the necessary analysis of the opinions reflected in those reports and the factual support (or lack thereof) for those opinions, then doing

our own further analysis to determine whether any of the Class experts needed to expose errors in the analysis and/or factual support reflected in the Defendants' expert reports.

147. Part of the exercise of responding to Defendants' expert reports included preparing for and taking depositions of Defendants' experts. Each of Defendants' 12 experts were deposed, for a total of 17 days of testimony. Senior Class lawyers took the lead on these depositions and were supported by more junior attorneys who scrutinized the experts' prior reports and publications and the documents that they relied upon. Class Counsel was also in frequent contact with Class experts and their support staff to help them analyze the economic arguments made by Defendants' experts.

148. Under the agreed-upon schedule, the Class Plaintiffs' rebuttal expert reports were due on July 28, 2010. The time between our receipt of the Defendants' initial expert reports in December 2009 and our serving of our rebuttal expert reports in July 2010 was a period of frenetic activity as we and our experts worked diligently to perform the necessary analysis of the opinions reflected in the Defendants' many expert report, understand the factual support (if any) for those opinions, identify facts that might contradict opinions proffered by any of the Defendants' experts, and then to do our own further analysis of the economics and the facts to determine what our experts would say in rebuttal.

149. Defendants deposed Class and Individual Plaintiffs' experts in the late summer and early fall of 2010. In total, Defendants deposed each of Plaintiffs' experts for a total of 15 days of testimony. This included the three-day deposition of Dr. Frankel, Class Plaintiffs' principal economic expert. Defending depositions also required extensive preparation by Class Counsel, who reviewed prior publications and testimony of each expert and spent days preparing them for questioning.

150. Therefore, in our experts' July 28, 2010 rebuttal reports our experts offered criticism of those aspects of the Defendants' expert opinions that deserved criticism, pointed out errors

where errors had been made, and generally replied to and rebutted the criticisms of our experts' initial reports. In the course of performing the analysis which underlay the opinions offered in our experts' rebuttal expert reports, they identified certain of the opinions of certain of the Defendants' experts which appeared to be so unreliable as to be worthy of a motion to exclude their testimony at trial. Thus, almost immediately after the service of our rebuttal expert reports in July 2010, and knowing that the deadline for the filing of dispositive and *Daubert* motions was fast approaching, we began the preparation of drafts of motions to exclude the testimony of certain Defendants' experts.

O. Summary Judgment and Daubert Motions

- 151. On February 11, 2011, Class Plaintiffs, Individual Plaintiffs, and Defendants served motions for summary judgment. The parties also served several *Daubert* motions on the same day.
- 152. Class Plaintiffs moved for summary judgment on liability on Claims 1, 2, 5, 10, 11, 13, 14, 17, 18, and 20 in the SCACAC. Generally speaking, these were the claims relating to the intra-network fixing of interchange fees before and after the networks' restructurings. Individual Plaintiffs moved for summary judgment with respect to their claims that the Defendants' antisteering restraints constituted *per se* violations of the antitrust laws.
- 153. The Defendants moved for summary judgment on the entirety of Class Plaintiffs' and Individual Plaintiffs' cases. They argued that summary judgment against Class Plaintiffs was appropriate on the following bases: that the *Visa Check* release barred Class Plaintiffs' claims; that the *Illinois Brick* doctrine precluded our claims; that the setting of interchange fees was not a "restraint on trade" within the meaning of Section 1 of the Sherman Act; that Defendants' conduct did not reduce output; that no material issue of fact existed on our inter-network conspiracy claims; that Defendants were entitled to summary judgment on our claims challenging the networks' restructurings and our post-IPO Section 1 claims; and that Plaintiffs

had not raised a material issue of fact with respect to the claims based on the anti-steering restraints.

- 154. The Defendants moved to exclude each of the Plaintiffs' primary experts under *Daubert*. These include Alan Frankel, Kevin Henry, and Victor Fleischer for the Class Plaintiffs and Christopher Vellturo, Joseph Stiglitz, and Daniel Ariely for the Individual Plaintiffs. The Class and Individual Plaintiffs filed a joint motion to exclude the testimony of the Defendants' primary economic expert, Kevin Murphy, and accounting expert, J.T. Atkins.
- 155. Moving for and opposing summary judgment with hundreds of depositions and tens of millions of pages in the record required nearly a year's worth of effort by the Co-Lead Counsel and other firms. Associate and partner-level attorneys at Co-Lead Counsel firms provided significant contributions, including drafting important sections of the memoranda of law and the Rule 56.1 fact statements. Attorneys at Executive Committee firms were also involved in this effort as necessary.
- 156. With the assistance of the Co-Lead firms, my team at RKM&C began the process of drafting our affirmative summary-judgment briefs and Local Rule 56.1 Statements of Undisputed Facts (SUF) in the summer of 2010.
- 157. Those who worked on this project reviewed the record for documents or deposition testimony that supported the various points in the SUF. They reviewed—among other sources—the CaseMap database in its entirety, the class-certification record in its entirety, the deposition summaries of all witnesses, as well as all documents tagged as "hot" or relevant to particular issues, all documents cited in class and merits expert reports, the *United States v. Visa* trial record and the *Visa Check* summary-judgment record in their entirety, the expert reports in their entirety, the entire deposition transcripts of all important witnesses, the European Commission's decision ruling that MasterCard's interchange fees violated EU competition law, and other

materials from foreign regulatory and judicial bodies that were available publicly or obtained in discovery.

- 158. In the final days and weeks leading up to the service of our affirmative motion for summary judgment, attorneys at Co-Lead Counsel firms worked even more intensely on the motion papers. Senior attorneys at each firm provided substantive input while senior-associate and junior-partner level attorneys edited the documents for style.
- 159. Two lead paralegals at RKM&C cataloged all documents that were referenced as exhibits and cross-referenced them in the brief and statement of undisputed facts. This was an extraordinarily demanding and labor-intensive task as each of the 589 documents that were served as exhibits to our summary-judgment motion had to be cross-referenced to the brief and SUF in the appropriate places.
- 160. Class Plaintiffs served a memorandum of law in opposition to Defendants' motion for summary judgment, along with a Rule 56.1 Counterstatement of Fact (CSF) on May 6, 2011. Summary-judgment briefing was completed on June 30, 2011, upon the service of Class Plaintiffs' reply brief and Rule 56.1 Reply Statement of Facts (RSF). That same day, summary-judgment and *Daubert* motion papers were filed with the Court under seal. The opposition papers to Defendants' motion and the reply papers in further support of Class Plaintiffs' motion demanded the same level of intensity and teamwork among Co-Lead Counsel.
- 161. Briefing on *Daubert* motions followed the same schedule as the motions for summary judgment. It also required teamwork among lawyers at each of the Co-Lead firms and Individual Plaintiffs' counsel. We argued that Professor Murphy should be disqualified for two primary reasons: (i) his use of data from a study by Daniel Garcia-Swartz was plainly erroneous because he failed to take account for revisions to the data used in that study; and (ii) his analysis relating to the effect of credit availability on prices is plainly unreliable and therefore inadmissible.

- 162. Joseph Goldberg, along with attorneys from Berger & Montague, were primarily responsible for drafting Class Plaintiffs' response to Defendants' motion to disqualify Alan Frankel. The response to Defendants' motion to disqualify Kevin Henry was primarily drafted by attorneys from Robbins Gellar Rudman & Dowd. These attorneys also provided invaluable assistance to our motion to disqualify Professor Murphy.
- 163. After the sealed dispositive motions and *Daubert* motions were on file, the parties exchanged proposed public versions of the pleadings and supporting exhibits. Class Plaintiffs recommended no redactions. Some Defendants, on the other hand, proposed substantial redactions. After approximately two weeks of line-for-line, intense negotiations, the parties were able to reach agreement on a mutually acceptable set of redactions for the written pleadings.
- 164. To assist the Court's review of the summary-judgment memoranda and supporting exhibits, we created "hyperlinked" versions of the non-public and public versions of the summary-judgment and *Daubert* motions. These are electronic copies of the pleadings that allow the user to see the documents supporting various propositions by clicking a mouse on electronic links within the documents. This task fell largely upon paralegals and litigation-and-case support staff at Co-Lead firms.
- November 3, 2011. Once again, we divided up responsibilities for arguing the motions. I agreed to argue the motion to disqualify Professor Murphy, as well as the portions of the summary-judgment motions relating to the networks' IPOs, Defendants' liability under Section 1, and their market power. My Co-Counsel, Bonny Sweeney, took the defense of the Defendants' *Illinois Brick* and output arguments and also planned to argue the portion relating to the Defendants' argument that the Class Plaintiffs could not demonstrate a restraint on trade. Joseph Goldberg argued the defense of the Defendants' motion to disqualify Alan Frankel. All of those assigned to

argue portions of these motions received invaluable assistance from lawyers and staff at the Colead Counsel firms and at Mr. Goldberg's and Mr. Harper's firms.

- 166. Oral argument obviously involved an intensive preparation process. For example, I personally conducted three practice arguments with my colleagues.
- 167. Justice Gilbert presided over our summary-judgment mock arguments at RKM&C's offices in Minneapolis. As with the Rule 12 and class-certification motions, our Co-Lead Counsel from across the country flew to Minneapolis for the argument and practiced their portions. Also similar to the previous arguments, RKM&C associates drafted bench memoranda for Justice Gilbert, which he used in his preparation for mock arguments. Justice Gilbert provided oral feedback on the date of the argument and written feedback shortly thereafter.
- 168. The arguments took place as scheduled on November 3 and 4, 2011. The Court kindly complimented us on the quality of the briefs and argument.

P. Communications with Class Plaintiffs

169. Throughout the litigation, it was the practice of Co-Lead Counsel to communicate on a regular basis with all of the class representatives. Co-Lead Counsel met on dozens of occasions with groups of the class representatives, and met individually with them on many more occasions. In addition to the in-person meetings, we had frequent conference calls in which all class representatives were invited to participate. In addition to the meetings and phone calls, we maintained regular written communications with them as well. Subject to the limitations of the Protective Order, we provided to class representatives as much detailed information about the evidence we were accumulating, and the progress of the litigation generally, as we could. In particular it was my practice to try to communicate with class representatives before and after each formal mediation session.

Q. Coordination with the Individual Plaintiffs

170. Also throughout the litigation, Co-Lead Counsel endeavored to communicate with and coordinate the prosecution of the litigation with Counsel for the Individual Plaintiffs. This was necessary for the efficient and orderly progress of the case, and it was in the interests of both the Class Plaintiffs and the Individual Plaintiffs that we present, as nearly as possible, a united front against the Defendants, notwithstanding certain differences of view in how the claims should be asserted against the Defendants. To this end, we met regularly with counsel for the Individual Plaintiffs and, with rare exceptions, jointly served discovery and took depositions of the Defendants, and presented common positions on motions.

R. Trial Preparation

- 171. While most of the activities of Class Counsel to this point could be fairly characterized as preparing for trial, we began explicit trial planning in early 2011. At that time, Co-Lead Counsel and the co-chairs of the steering committee interviewed a handful of prominent trial-and-graphics consultants who might assist us in presenting our case to a jury. A firm was selected in early 2011.
- 172. At approximately the same time, Class Counsel, Individual Plaintiffs' Counsel, and Defendants each established small groups of lawyers who were tasked with meeting and conferring on issues relating to trial preparation, such as motion schedules and procedures, time limits, and designation of witness testimony.
- 173. Co-Lead Counsel and the co-chairs of the steering committee met with the trial consultants in May 2011 to discuss case themes and presentation strategies for trying the case to a jury. Based on this session, break-out groups prepared materials for a focus-group session in Brooklyn in the fall of 2011. The results of the focus-group session informed Class Counsel's future trial-planning activities.

174. In preparing the case for trial, Class Counsel also drafted comprehensive jury instructions and verdict forms which were to form the backbone of Class Plaintiffs' trial plan. The jury instructions were based on an analysis and assessment of jury instructions from more than 50 other antitrust cases, with significant work being done to account for the unique issues in this litigation. The verdict forms were designed to guide the jury through the complex and thorny issues raised in the case. Additionally, work began on various expected motions *in limine* and Class Counsel began the time-consuming process of culling the massive record down to trial exhibits, with consideration given to issues related to admissibility and other evidentiary concerns.

IV. Mediation and Settlement

175. The Settlement that was reached in 2012 was the result of a prolonged and difficult mediation process spanning over four years. Ultimately, the parties agreed on using two of the most distinguished and most experienced mediators, retired Magistrate Judge Edward Infante and Professor Eric Green. By the time the settlement was reached and a Memorandum of Understanding was filed on July 13, 2012, counsel for the parties, either jointly or separately, had met with one or both of the mediators approximately 45 times. There were many hundreds, perhaps even thousands, of telephone calls and e-mails with the mediators. I and my co-counsel maintained regular communications with the Class Plaintiffs advising them of the status of the settlement discussions and mediation sessions.

176. In a series of status conferences in 2007 the Court had inquired of the parties if there were any discussions being held to see if the case could be settled. At that time there were some very preliminary discussions between the Class and one of the Defendants, however in ensuing discussions, then and over the next several years, it became apparent that a settlement was going to be extraordinarily difficult to achieve given the complexity, scope and magnitude of the litigation.

177. Once the parties had reached agreement on trying to settle the case via mediation, the parties needed to agree on a mediator who could have the confidence of all of the parties. The process of selecting the mediator began with the parties agreeing to exchange lists of proposed mediators. These lists were exchanged in August and September 2007. Over the next several weeks counsel for all of the parties had a series of telephone calls and exchange of correspondence to try to identify a mediator to whom all parties could agree. The result of those discussions was that the parties agreed on retired Chief Magistrate Judge Edward Infante, with who each of the Co-Lead Counsel had prior experience in mediations. Recognizing that there was a possibility given the number of parties and, in particular, the different approaches to the litigation being taken by the Class and the Individual Plaintiffs, that there might be a need at some point in the litigation for a second mediator, the parties also agreed at that time that, if such a need arose, the parties would use Professor Eric Green, who had served as the mediator in the prior case *In re Visa Check/MasterMoney Antitrust Litigation*.

Infante had asked parties to prepare and submit to him in advance of the mediation session mediation statements. After appropriate consultation with the class representatives, Co-Lead Counsel prepared and submitted to Judge Infante a mediation statement which described at length the factual and legal basis for the class's claims, and attached relevant materials that would assist the Judge in getting up to speed on the case. In that first mediation session, the parties met separately with Judge Infante to make the points already made in our mediation statement, and to respond to questions from the Judge regarding the case. There was a brief joint meeting of all the parties that was not substantive. It was reinforced in that first mediation session that the parties were miles apart in their positions with respect to settlement, and that it was going to take a lot of time and effort to get the Defendants to the point where they would be willing to settle on terms that Class Counsel would be prepared to recommend to the class.

- 179. Another mediation session took place on June 10, 2008 with both outside and inside counsel for Defendants present. Together with my Co-Lead Counsel I prepared a detailed set of PowerPoint slides which described the legal and factual basis for our claims, and, in particular, described the potential damage liability which the Defendants faced. The Individual Plaintiffs made a similar presentation focused on the narrower set of claims which they had brought. With respect to these formal mediation sessions, it was my general practice to try to communicate with the class representatives both before and after the session. These communications were sometimes by memorandum, and sometimes by telephone. My records show that, during the litigation I or my Co-Lead Counsel participated in hundreds of conference calls and dozens of inperson meetings with some or all of the class representatives. In addition, Co-Lead Counsel frequently prepared memoranda to the class representatives summarizing the status of the litigation, including the status of settlement discussions.
- 180. After the mediation session at which the plaintiffs made their presentations, the parties embarked on a long series of in person mediation sessions, telephone calls, e-mails and other written communications trying to see if the parties could make progress towards a resolution. The mediation process was made more difficult by the differing interests among the banks and network defendants.
- 181. Between April of 2008 and December of 2011, the Class Plaintiffs and the Defendants, sometimes together with the Individual Plaintiffs, had dozens of face-to-face meetings, and hundreds of telephone calls, e-mails and other written communications trying to determine whether the parties could make progress toward the settlement. I and my Co-Lead Counsel recognized that a settlement was in the best interests of the class, because the alternative was both risky and lengthy. As described in Section III.G. of this Declaration, the Defendants had moved to dismiss many of the Class Plaintiffs' claims, including all claims for damages after the MasterCard and Visa reorganizations, as well as motions for summary-judgment which were served by Defendants in February 2011. In addition, Class Plaintiffs had moved for class

certification in May of 2008, and the Court had this motion under advisement into 2011 when we argued the summary judgment motions. While we were confident in the legal and factual support for Class Plaintiffs' claims, we nonetheless recognized the risks to our claims of potentially adverse decisions in the District Court or in the Court of Appeals. The case law on important issues to the Class Plaintiffs, including the law relating to class certification, had evolved in a direction which emphasized the already existing risks in MDL 1720. We also recognized that the continuation of the litigation itself had adverse effects on merchants in that, damages would continue to mount without a realistic chance of collection and that some tools needed to fight rising interchange fees would continue to be absent from the marketplace. We had determined by 2011 that the mere continuation of the litigation was likely now adverse to the interests of the merchants, notwithstanding the accumulating money damages.

- 182. In addition, the passage of the Durbin Amendment (see Section III.K. of this Declaration) affected Class Counsel's evaluation of the value of the elimination of the Visa and MasterCard anti-steering rules. Thus, by the middle of 2011 Class Counsel had determined that a renewed push for settlement was warranted.
- November 2, 2011, the Court had expressed interest in assisting the parties and the mediators in trying to resolve the litigation. To that end, on November 2, 2011 Judge Gleeson issued an order setting a two day settlement conference with the Court, the mediators, counsel and all parties in the action. That settlement conference was scheduled for December 2-3, 2011. In the days leading up to that settlement conference, I and my Co-Counsel had several telephone conference calls and in person discussions with many of the class representatives in preparation for them to attend the settlement conference. At the conference Judges Gleeson and Orenstein, as well as the mediators Judge Infante and Professor Green, all encouraged the parties to make every possible effort to try to reach agreement. During the conference the very substantial risks that all parties were facing in this litigation now that the dispositive motions had been briefed and argued

became apparent. Of course, this was well known to counsel for the parties, as we were the ones who had conducted the litigation over the past seven years and had briefed and argued these crucial motions. However, the parties themselves, including the Class Plaintiffs, had never really had to focus on the risks they were facing as opposed to the potential gain that they might get from victory in the litigation, and some still do not want to address those risks.

184. After the two-day settlement conference was concluded, there was another flurry of communications between and among the mediators and the parties, and between and among Class Counsel and the class representatives. One of the mechanisms often used by experienced mediators to accomplish a settlement, particularly in complicated cases, is for the mediator to craft a mediator's proposal, which the adverse parties must either accept or reject in its entirety. Only if all parties agree to the proposal does any party know what any other party's answer was to the proposal. The possibility of the mediators making such a mediator's proposal had been discussed over the last several months of 2011, as the parties seemed to be making some progress in getting at least somewhat closer together. It was raised again in these discussions after the settlement conference in December. Thus, it was no surprised when the parties learned in December 2011 that the mediators intended to make a proposal. On December 22, 2011 we received the mediator's proposal.

185. The receipt by Class Counsel of the mediator's proposal immediately set off another intense flurry of discussions among Class Counsel and with the class representatives. There were several telephone conference calls, and at least one in person meeting which was held in Washington on January 5, 2012. Although there were aspects of the mediator's proposal which were not exactly as Class Counsel would have liked, when compared it to what was reasonably likely to be obtained by injunction in a trial before Judge Gleeson, and when compared to the available alternatives to settling the case on the terms proposed by the mediators, Class Counsel forged the unanimous view that accepting the mediator's proposal on behalf of the Class was far preferable to the only alternative, which was many more years of litigation while merchants

continued to be hamstrung by the no surcharge rules of Visa and MasterCard and remaining antisteering rules. And even at the end of that additional year of litigation there was no reasonable likelihood in our view, based upon all of the facts that we knew at the time, that a significantly superior outcome could be obtained for the class in a bench trial before Judge Gleeson.

Moreover, while the recovery of money damages had always been only a secondary goal of the litigation, the amount of the cash portion of the settlement – approximately \$7.25 billion – was reasonable in light of the risks and equitable relief. To my knowledge it is by far the largest settlement ever in an antitrust class action in United States.

186. Unlike other litigation, in a class-action it is ultimately Class Counsel who must exercise their best judgment on behalf of the class as a whole as to whether or not to recommend to the Court that the Court approve a settlement of the Class's claims. In this case, after seven years of litigation and the substantial reform of the industry that had been accomplished in part due to the litigation and in part related to the notoriety of the issues that were contributed to by the litigation, coupled with the additional reforms contained in the settlement, and in light of all of the risks and delay, Class Counsel concluded that they could not, in good conscience, fail to accept the mediators proposal, consummate a final Settlement Agreement consistent with that proposal, and recommend that settlement to the Court.

187. At the meeting held in Washington, D.C. Class Counsel provided their unanimous recommendation to the class representatives. Most of the class representatives were supportive of the views of Class Counsel and understood that there were significant risks associated with continuing the litigation, most significantly the risk of substantial delay and a less desirable outcome.

188. In January and February, 2012 there were additional meetings, discussions and correspondence between and among Class Counsel, the class representatives, the mediators, and the Court as the parties continued their consideration of the mediator's proposal. *See* Declaration

of Eric Green at $\P\P$ 26 – 29. By February 21, 2012, all of the parties, including all of the proposed class representatives in the Second Consolidated Amended Class-Action Complaint, agreed "to negotiate towards a final settlement. …. Through the process laid out by the mediators and Court in this matter."

189. Between February and June, 2012 counsel for all parties continued to negotiate over the fine details of the settlement agreement. On June 20 – 22, 2012 the parties participated in another settlement conference with judges Orenstein and Gleeson, and mediator Eric Green. After two days of great effort to reach agreement on minor language details the parties informed the court on the evening of June 22, 2012 that an agreement on all of the primary terms of a settlement had been reached, and of the parties would proceed to finalize the Settlement Agreement and file a memorandum of understanding attaching the agreement with the Court by July 13, 2012.

V. The Settlement is an Excellent Result in Light of Risks Faced by the Class and the Settlement is far Superior to all Alternatives

190. The Settlement now pending final approval before the Court is the result obtained by Class Counsel after many years of protracted and arms' length negotiation during hard-fought litigation and in the face of substantial risks. Each of the three individuals who served on a day-to-day basis as Co-Lead Counsel has tried to verdict antitrust cases with damages approaching or over a hundred million dollars. Other partners in the three Co-Lead Counsel firms have tried to verdict many cases of a similar magnitude. Moreover, these firms have litigated massive cases in many industries involving antitrust, securities, and/or environmental claims over the last three decades with exemplary results for their clients. In addition, the almost all of the other Class Counsel firms bring substantial trial experience and antitrust expertise to their roles in the case. All Class Counsel, other counsel for the Class Plaintiffs and all counsel for the Individual (non-

class) Plaintiffs (who have litigated alongside Class Counsel in MDL 1720) support this settlement as fair, reasonable, and adequate.

- 191. In addition to their own experiences and expertise, Class Counsel received the valuable assistance of two of the most experienced and respected mediators in the country, Professor Eric Green and Judge Edward Infante. Finally, towards the end of the long mediation process, the parties received the assistance of the Court, and Judges Gleeson and Orenstein are two experienced trial lawyers themselves, in addition to being experienced jurists.
- 192. Class Counsel submit that no group of lawyers could possibly be in a better position to evaluate the merits of the settlement and to assess those merits as compared to the option of proceeding further with the litigation. Class Counsel were and are unanimously in favor of settling the case on the terms embodied in the Settlement Agreement. It represents our collective judgment that the Settlement far exceeds the applicable legal standard of being fair, adequate and reasonable to the Class.
- 193. The benefits to the Class of the settlement are enormous and unprecedented. The cash amount of the settlement alone \$7.25 billion is by far the largest ever antitrust class-action settlement in the history of U.S. Courts. However, in addition, Class Counsel negotiated for the elimination of the remaining anti-steering rules previously enforced by Visa and MasterCard, and obtained a new affirmative obligation on the part of the networks, which they had historically adamantly resisted, obligating them to negotiate in good faith with merchant buying groups on terms and conditions of the merchants acceptance of Visa and MasterCard credit and debit cards.
- 194. The injunctive relief obtained in the Settlement Agreement is momentous. To combat high credit-card interchange fees, this settlement provides merchants the right to impose surcharges at the point-of-sale, in order to incent cardholders to use debit or other cheaper payment products. This important tool has been sought by merchants and forward-thinking

policymakers since the early 1980's, when merchant and consumer groups (including Consumer's Union) joined Senator William Proxmire in resisting the credit-card companies' bid to permanently enshrine their no-surcharge rules into federal law.

195. Winning the surcharging tool is the most consequential and empowering development yet in the long battle U.S. merchants have waged to counter the anticompetitive practices and legacies in the credit-card industry. As the Australian experience demonstrates, over the long term, as a small but meaningful number of merchants begin to employ surcharging strategies to recoup their credit-card acceptance costs, a substantial portion of U.S. transaction volume will move from costly credit-card transactions over to debit transactions, where the prices to merchants are regulated by the Federal Reserve. Meanwhile, the threat of surcharging will enable many merchants to negotiate lower credit-card rates with the networks. And in the event that the Fed ever ceases to regulate debit, the proposed settlement provides that merchants will have the right to employ the surcharge tool in the debit arena as well.

196. In the short run, we expect merchants may be understandably averse to assessing surcharges on their customers' credit-card transactions. Certainly, that was the pattern we saw in Australia: after the networks were forced to rescind their no-surcharge rules in 2003, large Australian merchants announced they had no interest in surcharging their customers. Within several years, however, almost all of those merchants had used the threat of surcharging to negotiate lower merchant fees with American Express – the one major network in Australia whose rates are not government regulated. Indeed, the availability of the surcharging tool has driven American Express's rates in Australia down by 70 basis points – *more* than regulation has driven down Visa and MasterCard.

¹⁷ In considering evidence of the Australian experience with respect to surcharging, it is appropriate to focus on American Express, rather than Visa or MasterCard, whose regulated rates are sufficiently low to remove the incentives for most merchants to impose surcharges.

197. The surcharging tools provided to merchants under this proposed agreement, moreover, are robust. The cap on surcharges is the amount of the full discount fee incurred by the merchant – and not some subset of that fee. Merchants may surcharge brand-wide (*e.g.*, all Visa credit cards), or they may employ a more nuanced strategy and impose surcharges on one or more product groups (*e.g.*, Visa Signature cards, or MasterCard World Elite cards, which carry higher fees for many merchants). And the disclosure requirements are modest and sensible, requiring the merchants merely to advise consumers that the surcharge does not exceed the merchant's cost of acceptance, and to disclose the amount of the surcharge before it is incurred (much like an ATM surcharge) and on a receipt.

198. The proposed settlement here would allow merchants the freedom to implement the new surcharging tools right away, with one critical exception: if another network brand that the merchant accepts continues to maintain a no-surcharge rule, then the merchant may not surcharge Visa and MasterCard without also surcharging transactions on that competitor network. This exception – referred to as the "Level Playing Field" exception — was necessary to ensure that other networks are not able to use their own anticompetitive rules to maintain inflated merchant fees, which they could then use to offer banks and consumers higher interchange fees and rewards, and to take volume away from Visa and MasterCard. In reality, this restriction boils down to a simple recognition that Visa and MasterCard will be at a competitive disadvantage vis-à-vis American Express, if they are forced to rescind their no-surcharge rules while American Express maintains what is, for all intents and purposes, a no-surcharge rule of its own. ¹⁸
Importantly, the Department of Justice took the position that the Level Playing Field restriction was reasonable and necessary, and that it would be unfair to expect Visa and MasterCard to

¹⁸American Express's rule is that a merchant who imposes a surcharge upon an American Express transaction must also impose an equal surcharge upon all transactions on all other payment products, *including* regulated debit. So if a merchant imposes a 3% surcharge on an Amex transaction, that merchant must also impose a 3% surcharge on a debit transaction – even though such transactions cost the merchant less than one-half of one percent. It thus operates as a no-surcharge rule.

expose themselves to merchant surcharging at establishments that do not and cannot surcharge American Express. Likewise, had there been a remedies hearing in the instant litigation following a trial on the merits, the Defendants would have sought and likely would have obtained similar measures to protect against the immediate imposition of surcharging at Amexaccepting merchants. In other words, this litigation could not eliminate this limitation.¹⁹

199. Meanwhile, any restrictive rules on competitor networks that would impede merchants from exploiting the opportunities afforded them under the proposed settlement here are being challenged or have already been rescinded. American Express's rules are under vigorous attack in a separate litigation spearheaded by the Department of Justice, a merchant class and many large individual merchants, including Kroger, Safeway and Walgreens. Discover voluntarily rescinded its no-surcharge rule in response to demands from counsel for the merchant class. ²⁰

200. The power of the surcharging tool achieved by this settlement is magnified and augmented by the other reforms this litigation has helped to obtain. *First*, the IPOs which followed shortly after the filing of this litigation fundamentally revamped the balance of power in the payments markets going forward. While the networks' provenance as associations of competitors continues to affect their market power, the future holds the promise of a dramatically leveled field of play, as the merchants use their new tools in negotiations with single-firm networks, for whom the banks are but one of numerous constituencies.²¹ Indeed, these same

¹⁹ Likewise, nothing in this litigation could eliminate the no-surcharging statutes of certain states.

After dropping its prohibition on surcharging, Discover adopted a so-called "Non-Discrimination Rule," requiring that merchants imposing a surcharge on Discover credit cards must also surcharge all other <u>credit</u> cards (but not debit). Clearly, such a rule in no way undercuts the ability of merchants to use surcharging to steer transactions to debit. In any event, the proposed settlement provides that merchants may surcharge Visa and MasterCard transactions without surcharging cards of this type (e.g., Discover), so long as such cards are priced meaningfully below the price to the merchant on Visa and MasterCard – a feature that is designed to promote price competition within credit cards.

This is not to deny at all that the defendants have substantial market power as single firms, just as the DOJ and private plaintiffs intend to demonstrate with respect to American Express, which has always been a single firm.

networks, as unilateral actors, can now actually *leverage* the power of merchant surcharging to compete with other networks for transaction volume, by reducing rates or offering other inducements to merchants.

- 201. Second, relying on the work done in the instant case, DOJ was able to secure a commitment from the Defendants to allow merchants to offer discounts for the use of favored payment products, and to rescind bans on the ability of merchants to employ verbal and signage prompting in an effort to steer transactions. Going forward, merchants' ability to combine their surcharging and discounting tools may open up additional opportunities, beyond what those that are obvious today.
- 202. *Third*, the Durbin Amendment to Dodd-Frank ensures cheap debit acceptance services. Defendants cannot use their market power to increase debit pricing. This greatly heightens the impact of the powerful steering tools that this settlement procures for merchants: it ensures merchants have something to steer *towards*, no matter what the Defendants may do. Surcharging including the easily implemented strategy of imposing a single surcharge amount on all credit-card transactions is the most powerful tool available to any merchant seeking to steer consumers to use inexpensive debit.
- 203. The proposed settlement achieves all of the injunctive relief that could meaningfully have been achieved after a trial of this matter. Certainly, this private antitrust action could not have achieved mandated interchange rate reductions. No court would or could regulate price in that fashion. Nor is it reasonable to argue that this litigation could have stopped Visa and MasterCard from setting prices. Whatever market power those networks might possess, they are now single firms, and it is their prerogative to set a price for their services even if they are adjudicated monopolists. No court can mandate that a single firm charge a price for its goods or

However, with meaningful steering tools in the hands of merchants, these single-firm networks (Amex and post-IPO Visa and MasterCard) will be forced into competition in ways that bank-controlled networks could not have been.

services determined by the court. What a private antitrust lawsuit *can* achieve is the eradication of anticompetitive restraints that inflate prices. That is what this lawsuit *has* achieved, subject to final approval by the Court.

204. All antitrust litigation is risky, and big complex antitrust cases such as this one are exceptionally risky. The topic of the risk the Class faced when it finally decided to settle 2012 is covered in more detail in the Declaration of Charles B. Renfrew submitted here with. There are two kinds of risks that I think deserve mentioned in this declaration. The first is the risk of delay in this case. The case has now been pending over seven years, and if this settlement is not approved, it is certainly conceivable that it could go another seven years. And even if the additional delay is only three or four years, which sounds hopelessly optimistic at this point, the belief that is being obtained in the settlement for merchants will be postponed just that much longer. And, as is discussed in the Declaration of Dr. Alan Frankel, the sooner that merchants are able to use the new surcharge and tool, the sooner they are likely to see relief from high interchange fees.

205. The second kind of risk that deserves mention here is the risk of the law changing adversely to the interests of the class. Attached as Exhibit 9 is an article from *The Wall Street Journal* that comments on the significant changes in the law of class actions that is making class-action cases much more difficult for the plaintiffs. In fact, just within the last few weeks, the Supreme Court has decided another case that is potentially problematic for class actions, *Comcast Corp. v. Behrend*, 569 U.S.___, No. 11-864 (Mar. 27, 2013). It is indisputably true that if the class in MDL 1720 fails to get certified, that the principal leverage that merchants have over the networks to settle the case on reasonable terms will be gone. Those merchants who are objecting to the settlement do not consider these risks at all in forming their positions. Indeed, an organization of which many of them are members, the Retail Litigation Center, submitted an amicus brief in support of the defendant in the *Comcast* case. They must not understand that they

are members of a class that needs to get certified and yet they are taking positions contrary to the interests of that class in the Supreme Court.

VI. The Objecting Class Members' Objections are Ill-Founded and the Objectors Have Failed to Present any Superior Alternatives

206. Since the parties reached agreement on the Memorandum of Understanding on July 13, 2012, this Settlement has been the subject of a vocal and well-organized objection campaign, led by former Class Plaintiff NACS. NACS and the other objectors primarily make three objections to the settlement: that the settlement fails to cap interchange fees; that the surcharging relief is "illusory" because of state statutes restricting surcharging and "level playing field" provisions; and that the release perpetually insulates Visa and MasterCard from antitrust challenge. As is fully addressed in Class Plaintiffs' Memorandum of Law in Support of Final Approval, these objections are ill-founded and do not justify overturning this historic agreement.

207. The objectors' attacks on the injunctive relief in the settlement confuse their ideal world with what can realistically be accomplished in a judgment or a settlement in an antitrust lawsuit. For example, the objectors' desire for long-term court-mandated rate relief ignores the well-established principle that a U.S. antitrust court will not mandate prices as part of injunctive relief. Similarly, the state restrictions on surcharging operate independently of the networks' nosurcharge rules, such that no outcome in this litigation—whether litigated or negotiated—could have changed them. The complaints against the "level playing field" provisions suffer a similar defect. Even without those provisions, the fact that American Express has generally higher acceptance costs than Visa and MasterCard and also restricts surcharging means that merchants that surcharge Visa or MasterCard and also accept American Express would have to consider the possibility that surcharging Visa and MasterCard would drive consumers to a more expensive payment form, *i.e.*, American Express. Thus, it is American Express's rule rather than any aspect of this settlement that creates the situation that the objectors complain about.

208. The objectors' criticisms of the release granting perpetual antitrust immunity are addressed at length in Class Plaintiffs' memorandum of law. In short, the objectors overlook the fact that the release is conduct-based. Thus, if the Defendants engaged in any new conduct or adopt any new rules that were not in existence at the time of the settlement—including reestablishing the rules that this settlement reforms—the release does not cover claims based on that conduct.

209. More fundamentally, however, the objectors fail to identify a realistic option that is preferable to this settlement. If Class Plaintiffs would have rejected the mediator's proposals and proceeded to trial, we would have risked losing significant parts of our claim at summary judgment. Most importantly, we faced a real risk that the Court would have dismissed our post-IPO and IPO claims, which would have severely restricted our ability to get *any* injunctive relief. And even if Judge Gleeson certified our class, we would risk a reversal or a de-certification order by the Second Circuit, especially in light of recent Supreme Court precedent that has been hostile to class actions. But the one thing that would have been a *certainty* if we continued to litigate the case would have been delay. Defendants could have easily delayed trial for two years with an interlocutory appeal of a class-certification order. And even if Class Plaintiffs were able to obtain a jury verdict at trial, that verdict would be subject to years of post-trial motions, appeals, and continued uncertainty.

VII. Post Settlement Activities through January 31, 2013

A. Selection of Claims Administrator, Escrow Banks, etc.

- 1. Co-Lead Counsel Selected the Class Administrator Following a Lengthy Process
- 210. After an agreement in principal was reached in this action on June 22, 2012, Co-Lead Counsel sought preliminary requests for proposals from a number of the top claims administration companies in the United States. Following the receipt of signed non-disclosure

agreements as well as signed confidentiality agreements required by the Fourth Amended Protective Order, certain publicly-available information regarding the litigation and detailed bid forms were sent to the candidate firms. Co-Lead Counsel scrutinized these proposals and developed detailed comparison charts and memos assessing the various submissions.

- 211. Following the July 13, 2012 settlement announcement, Co-Lead Counsel invited several firms to present official proposals for notice and claims administration. In total, nine bids were received. After reviewing the voluminous submissions from the highly-qualified firms, a decision was made to invite five firms to in-person meetings to further discuss details related to the proposals for notice and claims administration. Those meetings took place in New York on August 8 and 9, 2012 and were attended by several of the senior members of the litigation team, with representatives from all three Co-Lead Counsel firms in attendance. Co-Lead Counsel then held several internal meetings. After a detailed review and assessment of the proposals, Co-Lead Counsel decided to recommend Epiq Class Action & Claims Solutions, Inc. ("Epiq") as the notice and claims administrator for the class.
- 212. Hilsoft Notifications, a business unit of Epiq, served as the firm responsible for designing, developing, analyzing and implementing the notice plan. Hilsoft's services were included as part of Epiq's bid to serve as Class Administrator. Hilsoft has experience in more than 200 cases and notice plans developed by the company have been recognized and approved by courts throughout the United States.
- 213. On November 27, 2012 the Court approved appointment of Epiq as the Class Administrator.
 - 2. Co-Lead Counsel Selected Escrow and Custodial Banks to Manage the Class Settlement Cash and Interchange Escrow Account
- 214. Following the July 13, 2012 settlement announcement, Co-Lead Counsel was aware of their fiduciary duties to the class to consider and select escrow and custodial banks to manage

Settlement Cash and Interchange Escrow Accounts. Co-Lead counsel sought proposals from reliable and healthy banks that had experience in managing qualified settlement funds, particularly of the size and potential complexity presented by this Settlement. After reviewing proposals, conducting interviews, and obtaining favorable fee quotes, Co-Lead counsel selected Huntington Bank as the primary escrow bank and US Bank as a secondary custodial bank. Currently each bank holds and manages approximately one-half of the Settlement Cash Escrow of \$6.05 million, which was funded by Defendants on December 12, 2012, in US treasury bills. Huntington has been working with Co-Lead Counsel since the fund was established to manage the accounts and disburse administrative expenses for class notice and administration with approval by the Court. Defendants, as per the Settlement Agreement, have participated in the process by approving Co-Lead Counsel's selection of the banks and in approving requested escrow functions.

- 3. Following the Selection of the Class Administrator, Co-Lead Counsel Worked Closely with the Administrator to Craft the Notice to the Class
- 215. On October 19, 2012, the Notice Plan prepared by Hilsoft was submitted to the Court as Appendix E of the Definitive Class Settlement Agreement. [Dkt. No. 1656-1]. During the two months prior to the submission of the Settlement Agreement, Hilsoft, Co-Lead Counsel and Defendants worked together to draft the proposed notices. During the drafting process, counsel was also assisted by an independent plain-language expert, Maria Mindlin. Senior attorneys from the Co-Lead Counsel firms worked extensively with Epiq and Defendants to craft a notice that would meet or exceed the due process requirements under the Constitution and Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23. Numerous iterations of the long-form and publication notice were drafted, with input from all parties. Negotiations regarding the content and form of the notice were lengthy, spanning several weeks.
- 216. Once the language of the notices was agreed upon, additional work regarding everything from type size to margins was considered and evaluated by senior lawyers from the

Co-Lead Counsel firms. Proofs of the notices were approved by all parties on October 19, 2012 and revised on November 26, 2012. Following the agreement regarding the content of the notices, further decisions regarding set up for mailing, paper thickness and other details were made by the attorneys and Epiq.

- 217. Co-Lead Counsel also worked with Hilsoft on the paid media effort which included 475 separate print publication units with a combined circulation of over 80 million and 770 million adult internet banner impressions.
 - 4. Co-Lead Counsel Took Significant Steps to Obtain Class Member Contact Information to Ensure the Class Received Sufficient Notice of the Settlement
- 218. Paragraph 81(d) of the Definitive Class Settlement Agreement provides that "Class Plaintiffs shall subpoena, to obtain the names and locations of any members of the Rule 23(b)(3) Settlement Class or the Rule 23(b)(2) Settlement Class, as many non-bank Defendant acquirers as would be necessary to attempt to obtain merchant name and location information attributable to more than 90% of merchant transaction volume and 90% of merchant outlets as reported in Nilson Report 990 (March 2012)."
- 219. Pursuant to that Paragraph, on July 2012 Co-Lead Counsel sent either a document request or subpoena to 25 entities. A document request and protective order was sent to following six settling Defendants: Bank of America Merchant Services, Chase Paymentech Solutions, Citi Merchant Services, SunTrust Merchant Services, Vantiv (f/k/a Fifth Third Bancorp), and Wells Fargo Merchant Services. Subpoenas were sent to the following 19 acquirers: BB&T Corporation, The Bancorp Bank, Elavon, Inc., EVO Merchant Services, LLC, Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., First Data Resources, Inc. ("First Data"), Global Payments Direct, Inc., Heartland Payment Systems, Inc., Intuit, Inc., iPayment, Inc., Merchant E-Solutions, Mercury Payment Systems, LLC, Merrick Bank Corporation, Moneris Solutions, Inc.,

PNC Financial Services Group, Inc., Santander Holdings USA, Inc., TransFirst, LLC, TSYS Merchant Solutions, LLC, and Worldpay US, Inc.

- 220. Each document request and subpoena requested name, address and related information for each merchant for whom the entity had acquired or processed Visa or MasterCard transactions at any time between January 1, 2004 through August 1, 2012.
- 221. Following the return date, several of the entities objected to the subpoenas via written objections. Several of the entities refused to produce the requested data without additional protective orders or agreements regarding confidentiality. Co-Lead Counsel firms held numerous meet and confer negotiations with the subpoenaed entities. Dozens of telephone conferences and email negotiations with the various entities were conducted by Co-Lead Counsel attorneys.
- 222. Special agreements regarding the confidentiality of produced data were created for several entities, including: First Data Heartland Payment Systems, Inc.; Global Payments Direct, Inc.; TransFirst LLC; and Wells Fargo Merchant Services, LLC. Getting to agreement on these confidentiality provisions entailed significant back and forth between the parties and included executives at Epiq (the entity that was to receive the data) as well as counsel for Visa and MasterCard.
- 223. Co-Lead Counsel had difficulty getting any data from some of the subpoenaed parties and as to a few of the entities, a motion to compel was threatened before the requested data was turned over. As to First Data, a letter motion to compel was filed after the parties reached impasse regarding the subpoena. That motion was filed on December 7, 2012. [Dkt. No. 1757]. It was later taken off calendar following First Data's agreement to produce requested data.
- 224. Co-Lead Counsel also worked with Defendants Visa and MasterCard to obtain data for use in the notice process. Visa provided extracts from two databases containing merchants who accepted Visa during the class period: the Visa Merchant Profile Database ("VMPD") and

the Common Merchant Systems ("CMS") database. MasterCard provided two Aggregate Merchants List files that were imported on November 1, 2012 and December 21, 2012.

- 225. In all, Co-Lead Counsel was able to provide Epiq with 115,045,756 rows of data containing merchant name, address and related information from the subpoenaed entities.
- 226. Co-Lead Counsel worked with Epiq on all aspects of the development of the notice database, including working with the administrator to develop an approach for the de-duplication of records that shared key characteristics. Another significant part of the development of the notice database related to the identification of excluded entities under the class definition. Named Defendants, financial institutions that have issued Visa or MasterCard Branded Cards during the class period and the United States government are excluded from the class definition. Co-Lead Counsel worked with Epiq to manually review thousands of records to determine whether the entity was properly excluded from the notice database.
- 227. Once the notice database was finalized, Co-Lead Counsel worked closely with Epiq to monitor the mailing of the approximately 20 million notices. The initial notice mailing began January 29, 2013 and ended on February 22, 2013. Issues related to re-mailing of notices, undeliverable mail and other technical issues are monitored by lawyers at Co-Lead Counsel firms on a daily basis.
 - 5. Class Member Support via the Toll-Free Number, Dedicated Website and Through Co-Lead Counsel
- 228. Co-Lead Counsel worked with Epiq to develop a script for an automated Interactive Voice Response ("IVR") telephone system. By calling this number potential Class Members can listen to the answer to frequently asked questions as well as request the Long-Form Notice and Settlement Agreement. Co-Lead Counsel also worked with Epiq to develop a script for live operators to respond to frequently asked questions. By January 28, 2013, the toll-free number was fully operational. Lawyers from Co-Lead Counsel assisted in in-person training of the live

operators as the system was being rolled out. As of March 31, 2013, the IVR system has received 93,478 calls, representing 426,157 minutes of use. Among these calls, 50,218 have been transferred to operators totaling 323,676 minutes of time.

- 229. Attorneys from the Co-Lead Counsel firms regularly respond to class members who have called into the toll-free line, but require more detailed information. On a daily basis staff at Epiq provide Co-Lead Counsel with a list of Class Members who have either requested to speak to Class Counsel, or who have questions that require an answer from a lawyer. Co-Lead Counsel also have responded to hundreds of class member calls and emails that have come in through the Co-Lead Counsel's mail and phone systems. Responding to class member calls is a continuing process, with calls, emails and letters being received on a daily basis.
- 230. Epiq and Co-Lead Counsel worked extensively together to develop the content of the Settlement Website which became available on December 7, 2012. Attorneys from the Co-Lead Counsel firms worked on every aspect of the website, ensuring the content was neutral and informative.
- 231. The Settlement Website allows Class Members to preregister and provide information to help the Class Administrator in the preparation of the Class Member's Claim Form. Co-Lead Counsel worked with Epiq in the development and testing of the preregistration module, ensuring ease of use for class members.

B. Motion for Preliminary Approval

232. As required by the applicable scheduling orders, on October19, 2013, Class Plaintiffs filed their motion for Preliminary Approval. This filing included the final definitive Settlement Agreement, the two-Class settlement escrow agreements, a plan for proving notice to over eight million merchants, a proposed settlement notice, and a plan of administration and distribution. Class Plaintiffs also filed a memorandum of law in support of preliminary approval.

233. There were several groups of objectors who filed oppositions to the Class Plaintiffs motion for Preliminary Approval. The Court – we believe wisely - avoided a long, confusing and unnecessarily redundant battle over preliminary approval, by sitting hearing soon after the oppositions were filed, which was held on November 9, 2012. After giving the opponents of preliminary approval fair opportunity to make their arguments, the Court concluded that the standard for granting preliminary approval was met by Class Plaintiffs and granted the motion for preliminary approval from the bench, followed by a written order issued on November 22, 2012.

C. Activities in the Second Circuit

234. One of the oppositions to preliminary approval was submitted by The Home Depot, which indicated its intention to lodge an interlocutory appeal of preliminary approval if it was granted. On November 27, The Home Depot appealed the preliminary-approval order. That same day, the objectors represented by Constantine Cannon requested that the district court stay its preliminary-approval order. Two days later, Class Plaintiffs, Individual Plaintiffs, and Defendants each submitted a letter opposing the stay. Also on November 29, The Home Depot filed a motion with the Second Circuit to expedite briefing on the appeal, which was supported by a 22-page affidavit. In the affidavit, The Home Depot argued that this Court's injunction against collateral attacks while settlement approval was pending deprived it of its due process rights. It also argued that expedited briefing would prevent the "massive and costly notice process" from occurring in the case that the Second Circuit overturned the preliminary-approval order. Class Plaintiffs opposed The Home Depot's motion and cross-moved to defer all briefing until any appeal that may occur from final approval, arguing that the preliminary-approval order did not impose irreparable harm on The Home Depot or any other member of the class. On December 10, 2012, the Second Circuit sided with Class Plaintiffs, denying The Home Depot's motion and granting that of Class Plaintiffs.

VIII. The Plan of Allocation is Fair

- 235. The plan of allocation is fair and reasonable because it uses the best available data to estimate the amounts that merchants paid in interchange fees over the Class period, and proposes to pay to each merchant who files a claim the merchant's pro-rata share of the net settlement fund. It also permits any merchant claimant to challenge the Class Administrator's estimate regarding interchange fees paid, if they believe that the data in the Class Administrator's database does not accurately reflect the amount of interchange fees they believe that they paid.
- 236. The plan of allocation follows from the Class Plaintiffs' theory of damages, based on the expert report of Dr. Alan Frankel, that in the "but for" world every merchant in the Class would have paid proportionately less in interchange fees than they did in the real world affected by the Defendants' anticompetitive conduct.
- 237. These allocation procedures are similar to those in other antitrust class actions, in that they attempt to use the best available data to estimate the magnitude of harm to each claiming class member, and then distributing the net settlement fund on a pro rata basis.

IX. The Fee Request is Reasonable

238. Class Counsel seek an award of attorneys' fees equal to approximately 10 percent of the estimated value of the cash portion of the settlement, which will total as much as \$7.25 billion. This percentage does not take into account the estimated value of the injunctive relief. The requested attorney's fee award of an estimated \$725 million translates into a multiplier of 4.48 on the total lodestars of all Class Counsel based on time expended through November 30, 2012, at historical rates, and after significant review and reductions of almost \$14 million in lodestar submitted by all firms, according to criteria established by Co-Lead Counsel.²² The

²² If RKM&C were to apply its *current* rates to its own total hours, the firm's lodestar would increase by approximately 16%. If that same percentage increase was assumed across all firms' lodestars, then the total lodestar would increase by about \$25 million to just over \$187 million and the total fee request would represent a 3.88 multiplier.

Declaration of Thomas J. Undlin in support of Class Plaintiffs' Motion for Award of Attorneys' Fees and Expenses and Class Plaintiffs' Awards summarizes the total lodestar for each law firm in this matter, the review criteria and resulting reductions that have been applied. Class Counsel also request reimbursement of \$27,037,716.97 in out-of-pocket expenses advanced by the Class Counsel for the benefit of the classes during the litigation from inception through November 30, 2012. These case-wide expenses, also reviewed and reduced, are detailed in the Undlin Declaration and were reasonably incurred in the litigation.²³

239. Co-Lead Counsel for the class required each Class Counsel firm to report their time and expenses on a regular basis. I periodically reviewed summaries of the reported time and expenses to assure that the time reported appeared reasonably related to tasks that had been assigned to each firm. I also periodically reviewed the summaries of reported expenses for the same purpose. In addition, Co-Lead Counsel has retained the accounting firm of CliftonLarsonAllen to audit the reported time and expenses of each Class Counsel firm to assure that the reported time is accurate, and reflects the performance of tasks which were assigned to each firm. That audit will be completed before the hearing on final approval in September.

240. In determining the lodestar fees for each Class Counsel firm Co-Lead Counsel established certain criteria and limitations on fees reported so that there would be reasonable uniformity in how time was reported and lodestar's calculated. These criteria are set forth in the Undlin Declaration.

241. The requested fee is reasonable in light of the results achieved, the work counsel performed to the benefit of the class, and the risks Plaintiffs would have faced at summary judgment, trial, and on appeal. As described above and in the accompanying briefs, the efforts of Class Counsel in this matter resulted not only in the largest ever cash recovery in an antitrust

²³ Obviously, substantially more effort and expense has been expended since November 30, 2012 and will continue to be expended.

class action, but a thorough reform of the payment-card industry itself which will pay enormous long-term benefits to the class. The cash recovery alone is more than sufficient to support the requested fee. When the other benefits to the class that were related to the litigation, *e.g.* the divestiture by the banks of their ownership interests in both Visa and MasterCard, the consent judgment obtained by the Department of Justice based entirely on the work of Class Counsel, and the enactment of the Durbin Amendment, the long-term benefits to the class are perhaps incalculable. To date, Class Counsel have received no compensation for the time expended or the expenses advanced. Between fees and expenses, and through the date of preliminary approval in late November, 2012, Class Counsel have collectively invested almost \$190 million to further the interests of the class.

- 242. Many of my clients in this matter who became Class Plaintiffs in the amended complaints had entered into engagement agreements with my firm prior to undertaking litigation in which they agreed to support a fee request of one-third of the value of the recovery, including the economic value of the injunctive relief. The term value of the recovery was intended to reflect the likelihood that, in addition to a cash recovery it was expected that any judgment or settlement would contain injunctive relief that would have value to the class and for which counsel should be compensated.
- 243. It is typical in declarations of this sort in support of a fee request in an antitrust class action for there to be a representation that the requested fee is well within the range of fees awarded in other comparable antitrust class action settlements. Such a representation is difficult in this case because there are no comparable antitrust class action settlements. The cash recovery alone is almost three times the magnitude of the next largest antitrust class action settlement, which was achieved in *In re Visa Check/MasterMoney Antitrust Litigation*, adjusted for the present value of that settlement, which was paid over a period of ten years. Moreover, to the best of my knowledge there is no antitrust class action which has achieved the substantial restructuring of an entire industry.

244. What is possible to represent in this declaration is that the requested fee is certainly within a range that has been approved by courts in mega-fund cases involving settlement funds of \$1 billion or more. Perhaps the most comparable settlement to the settlement now before the Court was not in an antitrust case, but rather in a securities fraud case. That case In re Enron Corporation Securities, Derivatives & ERISA Litigation, 586 F.Supp.2d 732 (S.D. Tex 2008), settled in 2007 for a cash component - \$7,227,000,000 - comparable to the cash component in MDL 1720 estimated to be \$7,250,000,000. In Enron Judge Harmon applied the multi-factor test used in some federal courts in determining appropriate fees in common fund cases, and awarded a fee of \$688 million, which amounted to 9.52% of the settlement amount. The court noted that that was the amount agreed to by the lead plaintiff, the University of California Board of Regents, in an engagement agreement entered into prior to the litigation. In addition to the requested fee being reasonable under either the percentage of the fund approach or using the lodestar method, the court found that the fee agreement was negotiated by sophisticated clients and should be accorded some weight in determining a fair fee. As noted above, many of the Class Plaintiffs in MDL 1720 also entered into engagement agreements prior to their participation in the litigation in which they agreed to support a fee of one-third of the "Value of the Recovery" to the Class. As in *Enron*, these Class Plaintiffs are sophisticated business people, often with in-house counsel and/or other outside counsel to advise them. As also noted above, without exception the Class Plaintiffs were unwilling (or unable) to risk their own funds in support of a highly risky and costly litigation, and recognized that a substantial fee was necessary to attract sophisticated and experienced counsel to represent them and the class in this case.

245. Another instructive fee opinion was that issued by Chief Judge Hogan in *In re Vitamins Antitrust Litigation*. In that case, where the class settled for \$1,050,000,000 (before reduction for opt-outs), the court awarded a fee of \$123,000,000, equal to 33.7% of the common fund after reduction for opt-outs.

246. As Professor Silver emphasizes in his declaration filed herewith, and as Class Counsel argue in our petition for award of fees, many courts now believe that the best approach in awarding fees to counsel in a contingent class-action context is to determine the market rate for such legal services. In that regard it is relevant to know the fees that counsel in this case have been paid in comparable litigation on a contingent basis by clients who negotiated an arms'-length arrangement.

247. For many years my firm has had a significant contingent fee practice in complex commercial litigation. One example of a contingency agreement that is in the public domain is Exhibit 10. It is the contingent fee agreement between my law firm and the State of Minnesota whereby the state retained my firm to represent it in action asserting antitrust and fraud claims against tobacco companies. As the court will observe, the State of Minnesota agreed to pay the firm a contingent fee of 25% of the recovery.²⁴

248. RKM&C has for the past two decades represented plaintiffs in patent infringement litigation on a contingent basis. These clients range from individual inventors, small companies, publicly held companies to major universities. The contingent fee agreed to in these matters ranges from 25% to 45%.

X. Conclusion

249. The preceding paragraphs in this Declaration have described in some measure the extreme effort, dedication and expense that has been required to bring this complex and lengthy case to a successful conclusion. When we started this case, Visa and MasterCard were consortia of competing banks whose primary goal in their dual ownership of the payment card networks was to drive card issuance and use through the promise of higher interchange rates, paid to the banks, and protected by anti-steering rules. This struggle will have spanned over eight years by

 $^{^{24}}$ The recovery in that case, obtained via settlement, was approximately \$6.1 billion to be paid over 25 years. $85\,$

the time of the hearing on whether to finally approve this settlement. Class Counsel has obtained, reviewed and prepared for trial, evidence from millions of pages of documents and from the testimony of hundreds of witnesses. And the Class Plaintiffs have responded in kind to the reciprocal discovery demands of defendants. The parties have engaged in long, arduous and often-stalled settlement negotiations that began before the Great Recession that eliminated some of the bank defendants originally named.

- 250. But today, because of the efforts of Class Counsel, and their merchant clients, we are on the cusp of a much different payment card world. The banks have divested their ownership of the networks, Congress has provided through the Durbin Amendment a low cost debit card alternative to which merchants can migrate, and the Justice Department has imbedded the right of merchants to encourage lower cost payment forms through discounts or other incentives. This proposed settlement largely completes the reformation by providing merchants the ability to steer to debit cards via surcharge, make independent card acceptance decisions at different store outlets, and collectively negotiate with the networks for lower interchange rates or other benefits. The settlement also provides an almost unprecedented sum of monetary relief for past damages.
- 251. In the past several months, much has been said in the press by certain merchants and trade associations reacting negatively to the settlement. However, there is much more to the story than what these parties have been telling the press. This settlement, along with the other reforms that have been promoted by Class Counsel, provide merchants, for the very first time, with effective tools to fight back against high interchange fees by forcing the banks and networks to set their interchange rates in a competitive environment. And the proposed agreement brings relief to merchants in the near term. The rules changes required of the banks and networks have now gone into effect. Certain objectors have criticized the settlement because it does not do more, specifically, that the settlement does not directly eliminate the default interchange rule. They have offered no suggestion for how such a result could be accomplished short of running the table in trial and upon appeal. Such a strategy is not risk free. Even more, pursuing such a

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 91 of 138 PageID #:

strategy means that any relief from interchange rates is not only uncertain, but many years away,

under the best of circumstances. And while compromise is clearly a part of any settlement, this

compromise was achieved without a single material decision by the Court ruling against the class

on any of the class claims for relief. This means that the settlement was negotiated against

defendants from a relative position of strength in the litigation, something that may not be true in

the future.

252. This settlement addresses the issues that motivated this litigation in 2005 - it

eliminates the core competitive problems of the networks and banks. As a result of the

settlement, Visa and MasterCard have now been forced to change their rules in ways that will

permit merchants to more effectively steer customers to cheaper forms of payment. Because of

these rule changes, merchants will be allowed to send price signals to customers so they can

understand and make alternative payment choices that will lower merchants' and, ultimately,

consumers' costs. Prior to this settlement, all consumers, even cash payers, were "surcharged"

for interchange through the price of goods. With transparency and choice, consumers can avoid

cross-subsidizing others who use high cost rewards cards and lower their own costs at the till if

they so choose.

253. And finally, this settlement is good for America. The combined pressure of

transparency and choice will discipline and eventually drive down interchange rates, that are

essentially a private, and until now hidden, tax on the economy.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the

foregoing is true and correct.

Dated:

Minneapolis, Minnesota.

April 11, 2013

87

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 92 of 138 PageID #: 49120

<u>s/K. Craig Wildfang</u>K. Craig Wildfang

83833635.1

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 93 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 1 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

PLAINTIFF	DEFENDANT	DATE	CLAIMS	ORIGINAL	COURT #	EDNY
				COURT		
Photos Etc., Corp;	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service	6/22/2005	Interchange Fee	Connecticut	3:05-cv-01007	1:05-cv-05071
CHS, Inc; Traditions,	Association; MasterCard Incorporated;		Class Action	(New Haven)		
Ltd; A Dash of Salt,	MasterCard International, Inc.; JP Morgan					
LLC; KSARRA, LLC	Chase & Co.; Chase Bank USA, N.A.; Chase					
	Manhattan Bank U.S.A., N.A.; Citigroup, Inc.;					
	Citicorp; Citibank, N.A.; MBNA America					
	Bank, N.A.; Bank of America Corporation;					
	Bank of America, N.A.; Capital One Financial					
	Corporation; Capital One Bank; National					
	Processing, Inc.; Bank One Corp; Bank One					
	Delaware, N.A.; First Century Bank, N.A.;					
	Fleet Bank (RI), N.A.; Fleet National Bank;					
	Capital One Bank; Capital One FSB; Capital					
	One Financial Corp; First National Bank of					
	Nebraska; First National Bank of Omaha;					
	HSBC Finance Corp; HSBC Holdings PLC;					
	HSBC NA Holdings, Inc.; MBNA America					
	Bank, N.A.; National City Corp; National City					
	Bank of Kentucky; Providian Financial Corp;					
	Providian National Bank; RBC Centura Banks,					
	Inc.; RBC Royal Bank of Canada, People's					
	Bank; RBS National Bank of Bridgeport; Royal					
	Bank of Scotland Group, PLC; Suntrust Banks,					
	Inc.; Texas Independent Bancshares, Inc.;					
	USAA Federal Savings Bank; Wachovia Bank,					
	N.A.; Wachovia Corp; Westpac Banking Corp					
NuCity Publications,	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; MasterCard International	6/28/2005	Interchange Fee	New York -	1:05-cv-05991	1:05-cv-05075
Inc.	Corporation		Class Action	Southern		
				District (Foley		
				Square)		

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 94 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 1 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

PLAINTIFF	DEFENDANT	DATE	CLAIMS	ORIGINAL COURT	COURT #	EDNY
Fairmont Orthopedics & Sports Medicine, PA; Gary FS Inc.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International; MasterCard International Incorporated	7/8/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	New York - Southern District (Foley Square)	1:05-cv-06259	1:05-cv-05076
* *	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International; MasterCard International Incorporated	7/12/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	New York - Southern District (Foley Square)	1:05-cv-06349	1:05-cv-05077
Tabu Salon & Spa Inc.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service Association; MasterCard Incorporated; MasterCard International Incorporated	7/13/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	Connecticut (New Haven)	3:05-cv-01111	1:05-cv-05072
Kroger Co.; Albertson's, Inc.; Safeway, Inc.; Ahold USA, Inc.; Walgreen Co.; Maxi Drug, Inc.; Eckerd Corporation; Delhaize America, Inc.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service Association	7/14/2005	No Surcharge, Interchange Fee	New York - Southern District (Foley Square)	1:05-cv-06409	1:05-cv-05078
Baltimore Avenue Foods, LLC	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International; MasterCard International	7/19/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	New York - Southern District (Foley Square)	1:05-cv-06532	1:05-cv-05080
Broken Ground, Inc.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International; MasterCard International	7/19/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	New York - Southern District (Foley Square)	1:05-cv-06543	1:05-cv-05082
Rookies, Inc.; Jasa, Inc.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; MasterCard International	7/19/2005	No Surcharge Rule Class Action	California - Northern District (San Francisco)	3:05-cv-02933	1:05-cv-05069

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 95 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 1 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

PLAINTIFF	DEFENDANT	DATE	CLAIMS	ORIGINAL COURT	COURT #	EDNY
East Goshen Pharmacy, Inc. d/b/a Optioncare of Chester County	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service Association; MasterCard Incorporated; MasterCard International	7/22/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	Connecticut (New Haven)	3:05-cv-01177	1:05-cv-05073
Jasperson, Randall d/b/a Jasperson Sod Service	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; MasterCard International	7/22/2005	No Surcharge Rule Class Action	California - Northern District (San Francisco)	3:05-cv-02996	1:05-cv-05070
Bonte Wafflerie, LLC; David L. Hoexter, D.M.D., P.C.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service Association; MasterCard Incorporated; MasterCard International	7/26/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	New York - Southern District (Foley Square)	1:05-cv-06708	1:05-cv-05083
Lakeshore Interiors	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service Association; MasterCard Incorporated; MasterCard International	7/26/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	New York - Southern District (Foley Square)	1:05-cv-06683	1:05-cv-05081
JGSA, Inc.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; MasterCard International	7/27/2005	No Surcharge Rule Class Action	Wisconsin Eastern District (Milwaukee)	2:05-cv-00801	1:05-cv-05885
Bishara, Abdallah d/b/a Uncle Abe's Phillip 66	Visa U.S.A., Inc.	8/3/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	Pennsylvania Eastern District (Philadelphia)	2:05-cv-04147	1:05-cv-05883
Lombardo Bros., Inc.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.	8/3/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	Pennsylvania Eastern District (Philadelphia)	2:05-cv-04146	1:05-cv-05882
518 Restaurant Corp.	American Express Travel Related Services Company, Inc.; Discover Financial Services, Inc.; MasterCard International; Visa U.S.A., Inc.	8/9/2005	No Surcharge Rule Class Action	Pennsylvania Eastern District (Philadelphia)	2:05-cv-04230	1:05-cv-05884
Jennifer A. Lee d/b/a Jennifer Lee Photograph	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service Association; MasterCard Incorporated; MasterCard International	8/10/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	New York - Eastern District (Brooklyn)	1:05-cv-03800	1:05-cv-03800

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 96 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 1 to the Declaration of K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

PLAINTIFF	DEFENDANT	DATE	CLAIMS	ORIGINAL COURT	COURT #	EDNY
Performance Labs, Inc.	American Express Travel Related Services Company, Inc.; MasterCard International; Visa U.S.A., Inc.	8/10/2005	No Surcharge Rule Class Action	New Jersey	2:05-cv-03959	1:05-cv-05869
Hy-Vee, Inc.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service Association; MasterCard Incorporated; MasterCard International	8/16/2005	No Surcharge, Interchange Fee	New York - Eastern District (Brooklyn)	1:05-cv-03925	1:05-cv-03925
Resnick Amsterdam & Leshner P.C.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service Association; MasterCard Incorporated; MasterCard International	8/16/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	New York - Eastern District (Brooklyn)	1:05-cv-03924	1:05-cv-03924
Cohen, Leeber M.D.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International; MasterCard International	8/18/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	New York - Southern District (Foley Square)	1:05-cv-07317	1:05-cv-05878
LDC, Inc.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International; MasterCard International	8/18/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	New York - Southern District (Foley Square)	1:05-cv-07316	1:05-cv-05871
Discount Optics, Inc.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service Association; MasterCard International	8/21/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	New York - Southern District (Foley Square)	1:05-cv-07175	1:05-cv-05870
G.E.S. Bakery d/b/a Strauss Bakery	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International; MasterCard International	8/22/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	New York - Southern District (Foley Square)	1:05-cv-07414	1:05-cv-05879
	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service Association; MasterCard Incorporated; MasterCard International, Inc.; JP Morgan Chase & Co.; Chase Bank USA, N.A.; Citigroup, Inc.; Citicorp; Citibank, N.A.; MBNA America Bank, N.A.; Bank of America Corporation; Bank of America, N.A.; Capital One Financial Corporation; Capital One Bank	8/23/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	New York - Southern District (Foley Square)	1:05-cv-07456	1:05-cv-05880

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 97 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 1 to the Declaration of K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

PLAINTIFF	DEFENDANT	DATE	CLAIMS	ORIGINAL	COURT #	EDNY
				COURT		
Hyman, Roy Dr.; Sharp Pro-Formance LLC	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service Association; MasterCard Incorporated; MasterCard International, Inc.; Bank of America, N.A.; Bank of America Corporation; Fleet Bank (RI); Fleet National Bank; National City Corp; National City Bank of Kentucky	8/25/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	Kentucky - Western District (Louisville)	3:05-cv-00487	1:05-cv-05866
Meijer, Inc.; Meijer Distribution, Inc.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service Association	8/25/2005	Interchange	New York - Eastern District (Brooklyn)	1:05-cv-04131	1:05-cv-04131
Twisted Spoke, Inc.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; MasterCard International	9/1/2005	No Surcharge Rule Class Action	Ohio Eastern District	1:05-cv-02108	1:05-cv-05881
Fringe, Inc.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International; MasterCard Incorporated; MasterCard International	9/2/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	New York - Eastern District (Brooklyn)	1:05-cv-04194	1:05-cv-04194
Harris Stationers, Inc.; Evolve Studios, Inc.; Steven Weinberg; DVM d/b/a Mobile Pets Veterinary Service; Leon's Transmission Service, Inc.	Visa International Service Association; Visa U.S.A., Inc.; MasterCard Incorporated; MasterCard International; JP Morgan Chase & Co.; Chase Manhattan Bank USA, N.A.; Bank One, Delaware, N.A.; Bank One Corporation; Bank of America Corporation; Bank of America, N.A.; Fleet Bank (RI); National Processing, Inc.; Capital One Financial Corp.; Capital One Bank; Capital One F.S.B.; Citigroup Inc.; Citibank, N.A.; Citicorp; MBNA Corp.; MBNA America Bank N.A.; National City Corporation; National City Bank of Kentucky; Wells Fargo & Co.; Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.; First National of Nebraska, Inc.; First National Bank of Omaha	9/2/2005	Interchange Fee Class Action	California Central District, Western Division (Los Angeles)	2:05-cv-06541	1:05-cv-05868

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 98 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 1 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

PLAINTIFF	DEFENDANT	DATE	CLAIMS	ORIGINAL	COURT #	EDNY
				COURT		
47 West 55th Rest.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; MasterCard International	9/16/2005	Tying Class	New York -	7:05-cv-08057	
Inc., d/b/a Giovanni			Action	Southern		
Ristorante				District (White		
				Plains)		
Cetta, Michael d/b/a	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; MasterCard International	9/16/2005	Tying Class	New York -	7:05-cv-08060	
Sparks Steak House			Action	Southern		
				District (White		
				Plains)		
Jax Dux & Bux d/b/a	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; MasterCard International	9/16/2005	Tying Class	New York -	7:05-cv-08058	
The Red Barn Sports			Action	Southern		
Center				District (White		
				Plains)		

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 99 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 1 to the Declaration of K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

PLAINTIFF	DEFENDANT	DATE	CLAIMS	ORIGINAL	COURT #	EDNY
				COURT		
Jetro Holdings, Inc.;	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service	9/23/2005	Interchange Fee	New York -	1:05-cv-04520	1:05-cv-04520
Jetro Cash & Carry	Association; MasterCard Incorporated;		Class Action	Eastern District		
Enterprises, Inc.	MasterCard International, Incorporated; Bank			(Brooklyn)		
	of America Corporation; Bank of America,					
	N.A.; National Processing, Inc.; Bank One					
	Corporation; Bank One, Delaware, N.A.; Chase					
	Manhattan Bank USA, N.A.; JPMorgan Chase					
	& Co.; Fleet Bank (R.I.), N.A.; Fleet National					
	Bank; Barclays Bank Limited; Barclays Group					
	Holdings Limited; Juniper Financial					
	Corporation; Capital One Bank; Capital One					
	F.S.B.; Capital One Financial Corporation;					
	CitiCorp; CitiGroup, Inc.; CitiBank, N.A.; First					
	National Bank of Nebraska; First National Bank					
	of Omaha; HSBC Finance Corporation; HSBC					
	Holdings, PLC; HSBC North America					
	Holdings, Inc.; MBNA America Bank, N.A.;					
	National City Corporation; National City Bank					
	of Kentucky; Providian Financial Corporation;					
	Providian National Bank; RBC Centura Banks,					
	Inc.; RBC Royal Bank of Canada; People's					
	Bank; RBS NB; Royal Bank of Scotland Group,					
	PLC; Texas Independent Bancshares, Inc.;					
	USAA Federal Savings Bank; Wachovia					
	Corporation; Wachovia Bank, N.A.; and					
	Westpac Banking Corporation					
						,

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 100 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 1 to the Declaration of K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

PLAINTIFF	DEFENDANT	DATE	CLAIMS	ORIGINAL	COURT #	EDNY
				COURT		
National Association	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service	9/23/2005	Interchange Fee	New York -	1:05-cv-04521	1:05-cv-04521
of Convenience	Association; MasterCard Incorporated;		Class Action	Eastern District		
Stores; National	MasterCard International, Incorporated; Bank			(Brooklyn)		
Association of Chain	of America Corporation; Bank of America,					
Drug Stores; National	N.A.; National Processing, Inc.; Bank One					
Community	Corporation; Bank One, Delaware, N.A.; Chase					
Pharmacists	Manhattan Bank USA, N.A.; JPMorgan Chase					
Association; National	& Co.; Fleet Bank (R.I.), N.A.; Fleet National					
Cooperative Grocers	Bank; Barclays Bank Limited; Barclays Group					
Association	Holdings Limited; Juniper Financial					
	Corporation; Capital One Bank; Capital One					
	F.S.B.; Capital One Financial Corporation;					
	CitiCorp; CitiGroup, Inc.; CitiBank, N.A.; First					
	National Bank of Nebraska; First National Bank					
	of Omaha; HSBC Finance Corporation; HSBC					
	Holdings, PLC; HSBC North America					
	Holdings, Inc.; MBNA America Bank, N.A.;					
	National City Corporation; National City Bank					
	of Kentucky; Providian Financial Corporation;					
	Providian National Bank; RBC Centura Banks,					
	Inc.; RBC Royal Bank of Canada; People's					
	Bank; RBS NB; Royal Bank of Scotland Group,					
	PLC; Texas Independent Bancshares, Inc.;					
	USAA Federal Savings Bank; Wachovia					
	Corporation; Wachovia Bank, N.A.; and					
	Westpac Banking Corporation					
Supervalu Inc.	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service	9/30/2005	Tying	New York -	1:05-cv-04650	1:05-cv-04650
	Association; MasterCard Incorporated;			Eastern District		
	MasterCard International			(Brooklyn)		
Publix Supermarkets,	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service	10/4/2005	Tying	New York -	1:05-cv-04677	1:05-cv-04677
Inc.	Association; MasterCard Incorporated;			Eastern District		
	MasterCard International			(Brooklyn)		

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 101 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 1 to the Declaration of K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

PLAINTIFF	DEFENDANT	DATE	CLAIMS	ORIGINAL COURT	COURT #	EDNY
Seaway Gas &	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International;	10/6/2005	Tying Class	Eastern District	3:05-cv-04728	1:05-cv-04728
Petroleum, Inc.	MasterCard International		Action	of New York		
				(Brooklyn)		
Raley's	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service	10/12/2005	Interchange	New York -	1:05-cv-04799	1:05-cv-04799
	Association; MasterCard Incorporated;			Eastern District		
	MasterCard International			(Brooklyn)		
Lepkowski, Joseph,	MasterCard International; American Express	10/25/2005	No Surcharge	New York -	1:05-cv-04974	1:05-cv-04974
D.D.S. d/b/a Oak Park	Travel Related Services Company, Inc.;		Rule Class	Eastern District		
Dental Studio	Discover Financial Services, Inc.; Visa U.S.A.,		Action	(Brooklyn)		
	Inc.					
Payless Shoesource,	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; MasterCard International	10/31/2005	Tying Class	New York -	7:05-cv-09245	
Inc.			Action	Southern		
				District (White		
				Plains)		
Fitlife Health Systems	MasterCard International; Visa U.S.A., Inc.	11/3/2005	Interchange Fee	New York -	1:05-cv-05153	1:05-cv-05153
Of Arcadia, Inc.			Class Action	Eastern District		
				(Brooklyn)		

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 102 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 1 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

PLAINTIFF	DEFENDANT	DATE	CLAIMS	ORIGINAL	COURT #	EDNY
				COURT		
American Booksellers	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service	11/14/2005	Interchange Fee	New York -	1:05-cv-05319	1:05-cv-05319
Association	Association; MasterCard Incorporated;		Class Action	Eastern District		
	MasterCard International, Incorporated; Bank			(Brooklyn)		
	of America Corporation; Bank of America,					
	N.A.; National Processing, Inc.; Bank One					
	Corporation; Bank One, Delaware, N.A.; Chase					
	Manhattan Bank USA, N.A.; JPMorgan Chase					
	& Co.; Fleet Bank (R.I.), N.A.; Fleet National					
	Bank; Barclays Bank Limited; Barclays Group					
	Holdings Limited; Juniper Financial					
	Corporation; Capital One Bank; Capital One					
	F.S.B.; Capital One Financial Corporation;					
	CitiCorp; CitiGroup, Inc.; CitiBank, N.A.; First					
	National Bank of Nebraska; First National Bank					
	of Omaha; HSBC Finance Corporation; HSBC					
	Holdings, PLC; HSBC North America					
	Holdings, Inc.; MBNA America Bank, N.A.;					
	National City Corporation; National City Bank					
	of Kentucky; Providian Financial Corporation;					
	Providian National Bank; RBC Centura Banks,					
	Inc.; RBC Royal Bank of Canada; People's					
	Bank; RBS NB; Royal Bank of Scotland Group,					
	PLC; Texas Independent Bancshares, Inc.;					
	USAA Federal Savings Bank; Wachovia					
	Corporation; Wachovia Bank, N.A.; and					
	Westpac Banking Corporation					

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 103 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 1 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

PLAINTIFF	DEFENDANT	DATE	CLAIMS	ORIGINAL	COURT #	EDNY
N. C. 1.C.	Tr. II.G.A. I. Tr. I.a 1.G	11/14/2005	T . 1 E	COURT	1.05 05207	1.05 05207
National Grocers	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service	11/14/2005	Interchange Fee	New York -	1:05-cv-05207	1:05-cv-05207
Association;	Association; MasterCard Incorporated;		Class Action	Eastern District		
D'Agostino	MasterCard International, Incorporated; Bank			(Brooklyn)		
Supermarkets;	of America Corporation; Bank of America,					
Minnesota Grocers	N.A.; National Processing, Inc.; Bank One					
	Corporation; Bank One, Delaware, N.A.; Chase					
Foods Midwest	Manhattan Bank USA, N.A.; JPMorgan Chase					
Cooperative, Inc.;	& Co.; Fleet Bank (R.I.), N.A.; Fleet National					
Coborn's Incorporated	Bank; Barclays Bank Limited; Barclays Group					
	Holdings Limited; Juniper Financial					
	Corporation; Capital One Bank; Capital One					
	F.S.B.; Capital One Financial Corporation;					
	CitiCorp; CitiGroup, Inc.; CitiBank, N.A.; First					
	National Bank of Nebraska; First National Bank					
	of Omaha; HSBC Finance Corporation; HSBC					
	Holdings, PLC; HSBC North America					
	Holdings, Inc.; MBNA America Bank, N.A.;					
	National City Corporation; National City Bank					
	of Kentucky; Providian Financial Corporation;					
	Providian National Bank; RBC Centura Banks,					
	Inc.; RBC Royal Bank of Canada; People's					
	Bank; RBS NB; Royal Bank of Scotland Group,					
	PLC; Texas Independent Bancshares, Inc.;					
	USAA Federal Savings Bank; Wachovia					
	Corporation; Wachovia Bank, N.A.; and					
	Westpac Banking Corporation					
	8 - 1					
Rite Aid Corporation;	Visa U.S.A., Inc.; Visa International Service	11/14/2005	No Surcharge,	Eastern District	1:05-cv-05352	1:05-cv-05352
Pathmark Stores, Inc.	Association		Interchange Fee,	of New York		
			Tying	(Brooklyn)		

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 104 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 2 to Declaration of Exhi

DOCUMENT PRODUCTION BY DEFENDANT

DEFENDANT	DOCUMENTS	PAGES
MasterCard	692,331	12,700,836
Visa	855,064	11,376,679
Bank of America	110,267	6,448,787
Barclays	22,994	877,604
Capital One	35,074	972,988
Chase	238,252	3,708,686
Citi	129,790	2,595,857
Fifth Third	217,059	2,549,733
FNBO	124,792	1,184,764
HSBC	55,833	708,610
National City	12,037	259,926
SunTrust	53,164	845,324
Texas Independent	7,220	51,300
Wachovia	29,476	291,363
Washington Mutual	41,517	1,116,489
Wells Fargo	44,416	738,034
Legacy productions	1,035,482	7,709,856
Non MDL Deposition transcripts and exhibits	15,169	330,065
MasterCard/DOJ	89,525	496,758
Visa/CID	164,574	1,069,618
TOTAL	3,974,036	56,033,277

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 105 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 3 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

Deponent	Date	Company	Location
Coscia, Albert 30(b)(6) on	6/15/2006	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Organizational			
Thoma, Joy 30(b)(6) on	6/29/2006	MasterCard	New York, NY
Organizational			
Hudson, Michael Sean 30(b)(6)	7/11/2006	SunTrust	Atlanta, GA
on Organizational			
McDonnell, Kristen 30(b)(6) on	7/12/2006	Washington Mutual	San Francisco, CA
Organizational			
Baxter, Nicholas 30(b)(6) on	7/14/2006	First National Bank of Omaha	Omaha, NE
Organizational			
Tabaczynski, Jeanine 30(b)(6)	7/18/2006	Wachovia	Atlanta, GA
on Organizational			
Madairy, David 30(b)(6) on	7/19/2006	Bank of America NA	New York, NY
Organizational			
Estabrook, Bard 30(b)(6) on	7/20/2006	Chase (Debit, issuing)	Columbus, OH
Organizational			
Wright, Michael 30(b)(6) on	7/20/2006	Bank of America NA	New York, NY
Organizational			
Counsellor, Melissa 30(b)(6) on	7/21/2006	Barclays	New York, NY
Organizational			
Potter, Catherine Owens	7/24/2006	Texas Independent Bancshares	Galveston, TX
30(b)(6) on Organizational			
Goeden, David 30(b)(6) on	7/25/2006	HSBC	New York, NY
Organizational			
Rhein, Kevin 30(b)(6) on	7/25/2006	Wells Fargo	Minneapolis, MN
Organizational			
Likerman, Karyn 30(b)(6) on	7/26/2006	Citicorp Credit Services	New York, NY
Organizational			
Smith, Kathryn Jo 30(b)(6) on	7/26/2006	Chase Bank USA	Dallas, TX
Organizational			
Howe, Gaylon 30(b)(6) on	7/27/2006	Visa International	San Francisco, CA
Organizational			
Bostwick, William 30(b)(6) on	7/28/2006	National City	Kalamazoo, MI
Organizational			
Brashears, Kerry 30(b)(6) on	7/31/2006	SunTrust	Atlanta, GA
Organizational			
Banaugh, Michelle 30(b)(6) on	8/4/2006	Wells Fargo	San Francisco, CA
Organizational			
Pyke, Jacqueline 30(b)(6) on	8/11/2006	Capital One	Falls Church, VA
Organizational			
Dinehart, Shelley 30(b)(6) on	10/17/2006	Chase	Wilmington, DE
Organizational			
Bell, Chris 30(b)(6) on	11/1/2006	Fifth Third	Cincinnati, OH
Organizational			

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 106 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 3 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

		Compony	Location
Deponent Depone		Company	
Doyle, Charles 30(b)(6) on Visa	11/29/2006	Texas Independent Bancshares	Texas City, 1X
BOD	C/4 4/0005	*** ****	G F : G!
Hsu, Peter 30(b)(6) on June	6/14/2007	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
2003 interchange rate change	0 (2 (2 0 0 7		
Haarma, Hannu		Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Towne, Robert 30(b)(6) on June	8/30/2007	Visa USA	Washington, DC
2003 interchange rate change			
Lauritzen, Bruce	9/14/2007	First National Bank of Omaha	Omaha, NE
Jonas, Steven 30(b)(6) on June	9/18/2007	MasterCard	New York, NY
2003 interchange rate change			
Kapteina, Elizabeth	10/11/2007	MasterCard International	New York, NY
Hawkins, Jay	11/15/2007	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Miller, Stephanie	11/28/2007	Chase	Columbus, OH
Batchelder, Elizabeth	11/30/2007	Bank of America NA	Charlotte, NC
Cullinane, Cathy	12/4/2007	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Williams, Elizabeth	12/4/2007	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Gelb, Valerie	12/6/2007	MasterCard International	New York, NY
Leoni, Giovanni	12/14/2007	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Bhamani, Riaz	12/17/2007	Bank of America NA	Charlotte, NC
Middleton, Dan	12/20/2007	Wells Fargo	San Francisco, CA
Quinlan, Greg	12/20/2007	Citigroup	Chicago, IL
Gore, Fred	1/8/2008	MasterCard International	Boston, MA
Kelleher, John	1/8/2008	Visa International (former),	San Francisco, CA
F II	1/0/2000	Washington Mutual (present)	NI X71- NIX7
Fam, Hany		MasterCard International	New York, NY
Marshak, Robert		Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Offenberg, Alex		Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Beck, Gary		Visa USA	Denver, CO
Demanett, David		Wells Fargo	Minneapolis, MN
Rossi, Debra		Wells Fargo	San Francisco, CA
Morais, Diane		Bank of America NA	Charlotte, NC
Eulie, Steven	1/17/2008	First National Bank of Omaha	Omaha, NE
Madairy, David	1/17/2008	Bank of America NA	Charlotte, NC
Moss, Kevin	1/17/2008	Wells Fargo	San Francisco, CA
Gauer, Matt		First National Bank of Omaha	Omaha, NE
Thom, Christopher	1/18/2008	MasterCard International	New York, NY
Cramer, David	1/22/2008	Visa USA (former)	Cincinnati, OH
D'Agostino, Vincent	1/24/2008	Chase	New York, NY
Aafedt, John	1/29/2008	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Hunt, Donna	1/30/2008	Visa International	San Francisco, CA
Morrissey, Richard	1/30-31/2008	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 107 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 3 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

Deponent	Date	Company	Location
Robinson, Chris	1/30/2008	Citicorp Credit Services	New York, NY
Fisher, Katherine	1/31/2008	Bank of America NA	Charlotte, NC
Leoni, Giovanni	1/31/2008	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
DeVinney, Ericka	2/5/2008	Barclays	New York, NY
Best, Wayne	2/6/2008	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Forsey, Gareth	2/8/2008	MasterCard	New York, NY
Zuercher, Peter	2/8/2008	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Duffy, Michael	2/11/2008	Chase (Paymentech)	Dallas, TX
Lamba, Lakhbir	2/19/2008	National City	Cleveland, OH
Campbell, Radie Dickey	2/20/2008	Texas Independent Bancshares	Texas City, TX
DePhillipis, Ed	2/20/2008	MasterCard International	New York, NY
Huber, Marsha	2/20/2008	Chase (Chase debit)	Columbus, OH
Hughes, Kevin	2/20/2008	Citibank	New York, NY
Daly, Michael	2/22/2008	Bank of America NA	Wilmington, DE
Reid, Margaret	2/22/2008	Visa International	San Francisco, CA
Campbell, William	2/26/2008	Chase	New York, NY
Miller, Larry	2/26/2008	MasterCard International	New York, NY
Swales, Roger	2/27/2008	Visa International	San Francisco, CA
Kaiser, Caryn	2/28/2008	Chase (JP Morgan Corp)	Wilmington, DE
Landheer, Jamie		Fifth Third	Cincinnati, OH
Murphy, Timothy 30(b)(6) on	2/28-29/2008	MasterCard International	New York, NY
IPO			
Robinson, Benjamin	3/3/2008	Bank of America NA	Charlotte, NC
Garofalo, Edward	3/5/2008	Citibank	New York, NY
Drury, Larry	3/7/2008	Visa International	San Francisco, CA
Pukas, Julie	3/7/2008	Citigroup	New York, NY
Abrams, Steve	3/13/2008	MasterCard	New York, NY
Lee, Bill	3/13/2008	Visa International	San Francisco, CA
Ehrlich, Susan	3/14/2008	Washington Mutual	Chicago, IL
Mattea, Karen	3/18/2008		Chicago, IL
Sommer, Kenneth	3/20/2008	Visa International	San Francisco, CA
Cullen, Lorinda	3/25/2008	Chase	New York, NY
Lampasona, Peter	3/25/2008	MasterCard	New York, NY
Pyke, Mark	3/25/2008	Bank of America NA	New York, NY
Rossi, Debra	3/25/2008	Wells Fargo	San Francisco, CA
Vaglio, Steven		Bank of America NA	Charlotte, NC
Gustafson, Pete		Visa USA (former)	San Francisco, CA
Fox, Eric		Capital One	Richmond, VA
Steele, Tolan	4/2-3/2008		San Francisco, CA
Kresge, David		Bank of America NA	Tampa, FL
League, Steven		Bank of America NA	Wilmington, DE
Perry, Linda		Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Raymond, Douglas		Mastercard	New York, NY

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 108 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 3 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

Buse, Elizabeth individual and 30(b)(6) on Premium Cards	Deponent	Date	Company	Location
30(b)(6) on Premium Cards	*			
Fischer, Raymond 4/10/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Doyle, Deborah individual and 3(b)(6) on Merchant Rules 4/21-22/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Jonas, Steven 30(b)(6) on Interchange Methodology 4/23-24/2008 Visa USA Chicago, IL Gallo, Paul 4/24-22080 Visa USA Chicago, IL Goldman, Ira 4/24-22008 Citigroup Jacksonville, FL Morrison, Douglas 4/30/2008 Citigroup Loicago, IL Siraj, Mohamed 4/30/2008 Citigroup Atlanta, GA Baum, Elaine 5/1/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Healy, Tim 5/7/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Lehman, Luba 5/8/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Lehman, Luba 5/8/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Banaugh, Michelle 5/9/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Johnson, William 5/14/2008 Citicorp Credit Services Atlanta, GA Portelli, Jeffery 5/14/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Sacks, Jeff 5/21/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Sacks, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sacks, Jef	l '			,
Doyle, Deborah individual and 30(b)(6) on Merchant Rules Jonas, Steven 30(b)(6) on Jonas 40(b)(6) on Jonas 40(b)(6) on Jonas 40(b)(6) on		4/10/2008	Chase	Wilmington, DE
30(b)(6) on Merchant Rules				<u> </u>
Jonas, Steven 30(b)(6) on	1			,
Interchange Methodology Gallo, Paul 4/24/2008 Visa USA Chicago, IL	· / · /	4/23-24/2008	MasterCard	New York, NY
Gallo, Paul 4/24/2008 Visa USA Chicago, IL Goldman, Ira 4/24/2008 Chase New York, NY Sabiston, Diana 4/24/2008 Citigroup Jacksonville, FL Morrison, Douglas 4/30/2008 Citigroup Chicago, IL Siraj, Mohamed 4/30/2008 SunTrust Atlanta, GA Baum, Elaine 5/1/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Healy, Tim 5/7/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Clay, Charmaine 5/8/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Lehman, Luba 5/8/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Johnson, William 5/14/2008 Citicorp Credit Services Atlanta, GA Portelli, Jeffery 5/14/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Rethorn, Mike 5/15/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Rethorn, Mike 5/15/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Rethorn, Mike 5/12/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Kisa USA San Franc				
Goldman, Ira 4/24-25/2008 Chase New York, NY Sabiston, Diana 4/24/2008 Citigroup Jacksonville, FL Morrison, Douglas 4/30/2008 Citigroup Chicago, IL Siraj, Mohamed 4/30/2008 SunTrust Atlanta, GA Baum, Elaine 5/1/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Healy, Tim 5/7/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Clay, Charmaine 5/8/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Lehman, Luba 5/8/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Banaugh, Michelle 5/9/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Johnson, William 5/14/2008 Giticorp Credit Services Atlanta, GA Portelli, Jeffery 5/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Kethorn, Mike 5/15/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Knitzer, Peter 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Ci		4/24/2008	Visa USA	Chicago, IL
Sabiston, Diana 4/24/2008 Citigroup Jacksonville, FL Morrison, Douglas 4/30/2008 Citigroup Chicago, IL Siraj, Mohamed 4/30/2008 SunTrust Atlanta, GA Baum, Elaine 5/1/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Healy, Tim 5/7/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Clay, Charmaine 5/8/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Lehman, Luba 5/8/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Banaugh, Michelle 5/9/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Johnson, William 5/14/2008 Citicorp Credit Services Atlanta, GA Portelli, Jeffery 5/14/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Rethorn, Mike 5/15/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Knitzer, Peter 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Knitzer, Path Phillip 5/22/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Baxter, Nicholas 5/29/2008 Brist National Bank of Omaha Omaha, NE Lyons, Richard 5/29/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Kadletz, Edward Michael 5/30/2008 Wells Fargo Minneapolis, MN Poorman Tschantz, Martha				
Morrison, Douglas 4/30/2008 Citigroup Chicago, IL Siraj, Mohamed 4/30/2008 SunTrust Atlanta, GA Baum, Elaine 5/1/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Healy, Tim 5/7/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Clay, Charmaine 5/8/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Lehman, Luba 5/8/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Banaugh, Michelle 5/9/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Johnson, William 5/14/2008 Citicorp Credit Services Atlanta, GA Portelli, Jeffery 5/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Rethorn, Mike 5/15/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Knitzer, Peter 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Baxter, Nicholas 5/29/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Lyons, Richard 5/29/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Kadletz, Edward Michael 5/30/2008 Wells Fargo	•			
Siraj, Mohamed 4/30/2008 SunTrust Atlanta, GA Baum, Elaine 5/1/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Healy, Tim 5/7/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Clay, Charmaine 5/8/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Lehman, Luba 5/8/2008 Wisa USA San Francisco, CA Banaugh, Michelle 5/9/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Johnson, William 5/14/2008 Citicorp Credit Services Atlanta, GA Portelli, Jeffery 5/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Rethorn, Mike 5/15/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Knitzer, Peter 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Christian, Frank Phillip 5/22/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Baxter, Nicholas 5/29/2008 First National Bank of Omaha Omaha, NE Lyons, Richard 5/29/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Kadletz, Edward Michael 5/30/2008 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>·</td>				·
Baum, Elaine 5/1/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Healy, Tim 5/7/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Clay, Charmaine 5/8/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Lehman, Luba 5/8/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Banaugh, Michelle 5/8/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Johnson, William 5/14/2008 Citicorp Credit Services Atlanta, GA Portelli, Jeffery 5/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Rethorn, Mike 5/15/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Knitzer, Peter 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Knitzer, Peter 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Knitzer, Peter 5/21/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Christian, Frank Phillip 5/22/2008 New York, NY Baxter, Nicholas 5/29/2008 First National Bank of Omaha Omaha, NE Lyons, Richard 5/29/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Kadletz, Edward Michael 5/30/2008 <td></td> <td></td> <td><u> </u></td> <td></td>			<u> </u>	
Healy, Tim	2			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Clay, Charmaine 5/8/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Lehman, Luba 5/8/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Banaugh, Michelle 5/9/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Johnson, William 5/14/2008 Citicorp Credit Services Atlanta, GA Portelli, Jeffery 5/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Rethorn, Mike 5/15/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Knitzer, Peter 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Muster Card New York, NY Matter <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· ·</td>	,			· ·
Lehman, Luba 5/8/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Banaugh, Michelle 5/9/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Johnson, William 5/14/2008 Citicorp Credit Services Atlanta, GA Portelli, Jeffery 5/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Rethorn, Mike 5/15/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Knitzer, Peter 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Christian, Frank Phillip 5/22/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Baxter, Nicholas 5/29/2008 First National Bank of Omaha Omaha, NE Lyons, Richard 5/29/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Kadletz, Edward Michael 5/30/2008 Wells Fargo Minneapolis, MN Poorman Tschantz, Martha 6/11/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Yankovich, Margaret 6/13/2008 HSBC New York, NY Sheedy, William 30(b)(6) on Interchange Methodology 6/17-18/2008 Visa USA New York, NY Birnbaum, Robert 6/18/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Martinez, Adrian 6/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY				,
Banaugh, Michelle 5/9/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Johnson, William 5/14/2008 Citicorp Credit Services Atlanta, GA Portelli, Jeffery 5/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Rethorn, Mike 5/15/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Knitzer, Peter 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Martical Credit Mastercard New York, NY NY Sach Sedard <td></td> <td></td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td>,</td>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
Johnson, William 5/14/2008 Citicorp Credit Services Atlanta, GA Portelli, Jeffery 5/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Rethorn, Mike 5/15/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Knitzer, Peter 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Christian, Frank Phillip 5/22/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Baxter, Nicholas 5/29/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Lyons, Richard 5/29/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Kadletz, Edward Michael 5/30/2008 Wells Fargo Minneapolis, MN Poorman Tschantz, Martha 6/11/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Yankovich, Margaret 6/13/2008 HSBC New York, NY Sheedy, William 30(b)(6) on 6/17-18/2008 Visa USA New York, NY Interchange Methodology Birnbaum, Robert 6/18/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Martinez, Adrian 6/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY James, Michael 6/25/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Grathwohl, Sue 6/26/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Poturalski, Joseph 6/26/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Barth, Eric 6/27/2008 Bank of America NA Louisville, KY Beidler, Melissa 6/27/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Bruesewitz, Jean 7/2/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Charron, Dan 7/2/2008 Chase Dallas, TX	·			·
Portelli, Jeffery 5/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Rethorn, Mike 5/15/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Knitzer, Peter 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Christian, Frank Phillip 5/22/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Baxter, Nicholas 5/29/2008 First National Bank of Omaha Omaha, NE Lyons, Richard 5/29/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Kadletz, Edward Michael 5/30/2008 Wells Fargo Minneapolis, MN Poorman Tschantz, Martha 6/11/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Yankovich, Margaret 6/13/2008 HSBC New York, NY Sheedy, William 30(b)(6) on Interchange Methodology 6/17-18/2008 Visa USA New York, NY Martinez, Adrian 6/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY James, Michael 6/25/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Grathwohl, Sue 6/25/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Grathwohl, Sue				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Rethorn, Mike 5/15/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Knitzer, Peter 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Christian, Frank Phillip 5/22/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Baxter, Nicholas 5/29/2008 First National Bank of Omaha Omaha, NE Lyons, Richard 5/29/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Kadletz, Edward Michael 5/30/2008 Wells Fargo Minneapolis, MN Poorman Tschantz, Martha 6/11/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Yankovich, Margaret 6/13/2008 HSBC New York, NY Sheedy, William 30(b)(6) on 6/17-18/2008 Visa USA New York, NY Interchange Methodology Birnbaum, Robert 6/18/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Martinez, Adrian 6/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY James, Michael 6/25/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Srednicki, Richard 6/25/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Grathwohl, Sue 6/26/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Poturalski, Joseph 6/26/2008 Visa USA Denver, CO Barth, Eric 6/27/2008 Bank of America NA Louisville, KY Beidler, Melissa 6/27/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Bruesewitz, Jean 7/2/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Charron, Dan 7/2/2008 Chase Dallas, TX	·			·
Knitzer, Peter 5/21/2008 Citicorp Credit Services New York, NY Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Christian, Frank Phillip 5/22/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Baxter, Nicholas 5/29/2008 First National Bank of Omaha Omaha, NE Lyons, Richard 5/29/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Kadletz, Edward Michael 5/30/2008 Wells Fargo Minneapolis, MN Poorman Tschantz, Martha 6/11/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Yankovich, Margaret 6/13/2008 HSBC New York, NY Sheedy, William 30(b)(6) on Interchange Methodology 6/18/2008 Visa USA New York, NY James, Michael 6/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY James, Michael 6/25/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Srednicki, Richard 6/25/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Grathwohl, Sue 6/25/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Poturalski, Joseph 6/26/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH				
Sachs, Jeff 5/21/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Christian, Frank Phillip 5/22/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Baxter, Nicholas 5/29/2008 First National Bank of Omaha Omaha, NE Lyons, Richard 5/29/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Kadletz, Edward Michael 5/30/2008 Wells Fargo Minneapolis, MN Poorman Tschantz, Martha 6/11/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Yankovich, Margaret 6/13/2008 HSBC New York, NY Sheedy, William 30(b)(6) on Interchange Methodology 6/17-18/2008 Visa USA New York, NY Martinez, Adrian 6/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY James, Michael 6/25/2008 HSBC New York, NY James, Michael 6/25/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Srednicki, Richard 6/25/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Grathwohl, Sue 6/26/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Poturalski, Joseph 6/26/2008 Visa USA Denver, CO Barth, Eric	,			,
Christian, Frank Phillip Baxter, Nicholas 5/29/2008 First National Bank of Omaha Omaha, NE Lyons, Richard 5/29/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Kadletz, Edward Michael 5/30/2008 Wells Fargo Minneapolis, MN Poorman Tschantz, Martha 6/11/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Yankovich, Margaret 6/13/2008 HSBC New York, NY Sheedy, William 30(b)(6) on Interchange Methodology Birnbaum, Robert 6/18/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Martinez, Adrian 6/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY James, Michael 6/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY James, Michael 6/23/2008 Minneapolis, MN Wilmington, DE Mellington, DE Mellington, DE Mellington, DE Mellington, DE Mellington, DE Grathwohl, Sue 6/25/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Grathwohl, Sue 6/26/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Poturalski, Joseph 6/26/2008 Visa USA Denver, CO Barth, Eric 6/27/2008 Bank of America NA Louisville, KY Beidler, Melissa 6/27/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Bruesewitz, Jean 7/2/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Charron, Dan 7/2/2008 Chase Dallas, TX				
Baxter, Nicholas5/29/2008First National Bank of OmahaOmaha, NELyons, Richard5/29/2008MastercardNew York, NYKadletz, Edward Michael5/30/2008Wells FargoMinneapolis, MNPoorman Tschantz, Martha6/11/2008Bank of America NAWilmington, DEYankovich, Margaret6/13/2008HSBCNew York, NYSheedy, William 30(b)(6) on Interchange Methodology6/17-18/2008Visa USANew York, NYBirnbaum, Robert6/18/2008ChaseWilmington, DEMartinez, Adrian6/23/2008HSBCNew York, NYJames, Michael6/25/2008Wells FargoSan Francisco, CASrednicki, Richard6/25/2008ChaseWilmington, DEGrathwohl, Sue6/26/2008Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHPoturalski, Joseph6/26/2008Visa USADenver, COBarth, Eric6/27/2008Bank of America NALouisville, KYBeidler, Melissa6/27/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CAMangan, Kara6/27/2008Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHBrussewitz, Jean7/2/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CACharron, Dan7/2/2008ChaseDallas, TX	·			,
Lyons, Richard 5/29/2008 Mastercard New York, NY Kadletz, Edward Michael 5/30/2008 Wells Fargo Minneapolis, MN Poorman Tschantz, Martha 6/11/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Yankovich, Margaret 6/13/2008 HSBC New York, NY Sheedy, William 30(b)(6) on 6/17-18/2008 Visa USA New York, NY Interchange Methodology Birnbaum, Robert 6/18/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Martinez, Adrian 6/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY James, Michael 6/25/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Srednicki, Richard 6/25/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Grathwohl, Sue 6/26/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Poturalski, Joseph 6/26/2008 Visa USA Denver, CO Barth, Eric 6/27/2008 Bank of America NA Louisville, KY Beidler, Melissa 6/27/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Bruesewitz, Jean 7/2/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Charron, Dan 7/2/2008 Chase Dallas, TX	•			
Kadletz, Edward Michael5/30/2008Wells FargoMinneapolis, MNPoorman Tschantz, Martha6/11/2008Bank of America NAWilmington, DEYankovich, Margaret6/13/2008HSBCNew York, NYSheedy, William 30(b)(6) on Interchange Methodology6/17-18/2008Visa USANew York, NYBirnbaum, Robert6/18/2008ChaseWilmington, DEMartinez, Adrian6/23/2008HSBCNew York, NYJames, Michael6/25/2008Wells FargoSan Francisco, CASrednicki, Richard6/25/2008ChaseWilmington, DEGrathwohl, Sue6/26/2008Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHPoturalski, Joseph6/26/2008Visa USADenver, COBarth, Eric6/27/2008Bank of America NALouisville, KYBeidler, Melissa6/27/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CAMangan, Kara6/27/2008Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHBruesewitz, Jean7/2/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CACharron, Dan7/2/2008ChaseDallas, TX	Baxter, Nicholas	5/29/2008	First National Bank of Omana	Omana, NE
Poorman Tschantz, Martha6/11/2008 Bank of America NAWilmington, DEYankovich, Margaret6/13/2008 HSBCNew York, NYSheedy, William 30(b)(6) on Interchange Methodology6/17-18/2008 Visa USANew York, NYBirnbaum, Robert6/18/2008 ChaseWilmington, DEMartinez, Adrian6/23/2008 HSBCNew York, NYJames, Michael6/25/2008 Wells FargoSan Francisco, CASrednicki, Richard6/25/2008 ChaseWilmington, DEGrathwohl, Sue6/26/2008 Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHPoturalski, Joseph6/26/2008 Visa USADenver, COBarth, Eric6/27/2008 Bank of America NALouisville, KYBeidler, Melissa6/27/2008 Visa USASan Francisco, CAMangan, Kara6/27/2008 Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHBruesewitz, Jean7/2/2008 Visa USASan Francisco, CACharron, Dan7/2/2008 ChaseDallas, TX	Lyons, Richard	5/29/2008	Mastercard	New York, NY
Yankovich, Margaret 6/13/2008 HSBC New York, NY Sheedy, William 30(b)(6) on 6/17-18/2008 Visa USA New York, NY Interchange Methodology Birnbaum, Robert 6/18/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Martinez, Adrian 6/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY James, Michael 6/25/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Srednicki, Richard 6/25/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Grathwohl, Sue 6/26/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Poturalski, Joseph 6/26/2008 Visa USA Denver, CO Barth, Eric 6/27/2008 Bank of America NA Louisville, KY Beidler, Melissa 6/27/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Mangan, Kara 6/27/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Bruesewitz, Jean 7/2/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Charron, Dan 7/2/2008 Chase Dallas, TX	Kadletz, Edward Michael	5/30/2008	Wells Fargo	Minneapolis, MN
Sheedy, William 30(b)(6) on Interchange Methodology Birnbaum, Robert 6/18/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Martinez, Adrian 6/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY James, Michael 6/25/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Srednicki, Richard 6/25/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Grathwohl, Sue 6/26/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Poturalski, Joseph 6/26/2008 Visa USA Beidler, Melissa 6/27/2008 Bank of America NA Louisville, KY Beidler, Melissa 6/27/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH San Francisco, CA Mangan, Kara 6/27/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH San Francisco, CA Mangan, Kara 6/27/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Mangan, Kara 6/27/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Mangan, Kara 6/27/2008 Chase Dallas, TX	Poorman Tschantz, Martha	6/11/2008	Bank of America NA	Wilmington, DE
Interchange Methodology Birnbaum, Robert 6/18/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Martinez, Adrian 6/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY James, Michael 6/25/2008 Wells Fargo San Francisco, CA Srednicki, Richard 6/25/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Grathwohl, Sue 6/26/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Poturalski, Joseph 6/26/2008 Visa USA Denver, CO Barth, Eric 6/27/2008 Bank of America NA Louisville, KY Beidler, Melissa 6/27/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Mangan, Kara 6/27/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Bruesewitz, Jean 7/2/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Charron, Dan 7/2/2008 Chase Dallas, TX	Yankovich, Margaret	6/13/2008	HSBC	New York, NY
Birnbaum, Robert6/18/2008ChaseWilmington, DEMartinez, Adrian6/23/2008HSBCNew York, NYJames, Michael6/25/2008Wells FargoSan Francisco, CASrednicki, Richard6/25/2008ChaseWilmington, DEGrathwohl, Sue6/26/2008Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHPoturalski, Joseph6/26/2008Visa USADenver, COBarth, Eric6/27/2008Bank of America NALouisville, KYBeidler, Melissa6/27/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CAMangan, Kara6/27/2008Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHBruesewitz, Jean7/2/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CACharron, Dan7/2/2008ChaseDallas, TX	Sheedy, William 30(b)(6) on	6/17-18/2008	Visa USA	New York, NY
Martinez, Adrian6/23/2008 HSBCNew York, NYJames, Michael6/25/2008 Wells FargoSan Francisco, CASrednicki, Richard6/25/2008 ChaseWilmington, DEGrathwohl, Sue6/26/2008 Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHPoturalski, Joseph6/26/2008 Visa USADenver, COBarth, Eric6/27/2008 Bank of America NALouisville, KYBeidler, Melissa6/27/2008 Visa USASan Francisco, CAMangan, Kara6/27/2008 Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHBruesewitz, Jean7/2/2008 Visa USASan Francisco, CACharron, Dan7/2/2008 ChaseDallas, TX	Interchange Methodology			
James, Michael6/25/2008Wells FargoSan Francisco, CASrednicki, Richard6/25/2008ChaseWilmington, DEGrathwohl, Sue6/26/2008Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHPoturalski, Joseph6/26/2008Visa USADenver, COBarth, Eric6/27/2008Bank of America NALouisville, KYBeidler, Melissa6/27/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CAMangan, Kara6/27/2008Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHBruesewitz, Jean7/2/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CACharron, Dan7/2/2008ChaseDallas, TX	Birnbaum, Robert	6/18/2008	Chase	Wilmington, DE
Srednicki, Richard6/25/2008ChaseWilmington, DEGrathwohl, Sue6/26/2008Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHPoturalski, Joseph6/26/2008Visa USADenver, COBarth, Eric6/27/2008Bank of America NALouisville, KYBeidler, Melissa6/27/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CAMangan, Kara6/27/2008Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHBruesewitz, Jean7/2/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CACharron, Dan7/2/2008ChaseDallas, TX	Martinez, Adrian	6/23/2008	HSBC	New York, NY
Grathwohl, Sue 6/26/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Poturalski, Joseph 6/26/2008 Visa USA Denver, CO Barth, Eric 6/27/2008 Bank of America NA Louisville, KY Beidler, Melissa 6/27/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Mangan, Kara 6/27/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Bruesewitz, Jean 7/2/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Charron, Dan 7/2/2008 Chase Dallas, TX	James, Michael	6/25/2008	Wells Fargo	San Francisco, CA
Poturalski, Joseph6/26/2008Visa USADenver, COBarth, Eric6/27/2008Bank of America NALouisville, KYBeidler, Melissa6/27/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CAMangan, Kara6/27/2008Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHBruesewitz, Jean7/2/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CACharron, Dan7/2/2008ChaseDallas, TX	Srednicki, Richard	6/25/2008	Chase	Wilmington, DE
Barth, Eric6/27/2008Bank of America NALouisville, KYBeidler, Melissa6/27/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CAMangan, Kara6/27/2008Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHBruesewitz, Jean7/2/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CACharron, Dan7/2/2008ChaseDallas, TX	Grathwohl, Sue	6/26/2008	Fifth Third	Cincinnati, OH
Beidler, Melissa6/27/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CAMangan, Kara6/27/2008Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHBruesewitz, Jean7/2/2008Visa USASan Francisco, CACharron, Dan7/2/2008ChaseDallas, TX	Poturalski, Joseph	6/26/2008	Visa USA	Denver, CO
Mangan, Kara6/27/2008 Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHBruesewitz, Jean7/2/2008 Visa USASan Francisco, CACharron, Dan7/2/2008 ChaseDallas, TX	Barth, Eric	6/27/2008	Bank of America NA	Louisville, KY
Mangan, Kara6/27/2008 Fifth ThirdCincinnati, OHBruesewitz, Jean7/2/2008 Visa USASan Francisco, CACharron, Dan7/2/2008 ChaseDallas, TX	Beidler, Melissa	6/27/2008	Visa USA	
Bruesewitz, Jean 7/2/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Charron, Dan 7/2/2008 Chase Dallas, TX		6/27/2008	Fifth Third	
Charron, Dan 7/2/2008 Chase Dallas, TX				'
<u> </u>	,			,
Attinger, Tim 7/8/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA				
Jorgensen, Chris 7/9/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA				,

DEPOSITIONS OF DEFENDANTS

Stewart, James 7/16/2008 Barclays Wilmington, DE McWilton, Chris 7/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Donnelly, Kathleen 7/22/2008 Citigroup Hagerstown, MD Peppas, Jamie 7/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY Schultz, Kevin 7/24/2008 Visa USA Milwaukee, WI Olebe, Edward 30(b)(6) on 7/25/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Premium Cards New York, NY New York, NY Vague, Richard 7/25/2008 Barclays Philadelphia, PA Malone, Wayne 7/28/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Groch, Jon 7/29/2008 Pirth Third Cincinnati, OH McElhinney, Bruce 7/29/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Hambry, Doug 7/30/2008 MasterCard Santa Fe, NM Mershall, Ruth Ann 7/30/2008 MasterCard Santa Fe, NM Fellman, Herbert 7/31/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Ruwe, Steve 8/5/2008 Wisa USA (former) Chicago, IL Karazley, Art 8/6/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY	Deponent	Date Company		Location
McWilton, Chris 7/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Donnelly, Kathleen 7/22/2008 Citigroup Hagerstown, MD Peppas, Jamie 7/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY Schultz, Kevin 7/24/2008 Visa USA Milwaukee, WI Olebe, Edward 30(b)(6) on 7/25/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Premium Cards Premium Cards New York, NY Vague, Richard 7/25/2008 Barclays Philadelphia, PA Malone, Wayne 7/28/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Groch, Jon 7/28/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH McElhinney, Bruce 7/29/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH McElhinney, Bruce 7/30/2008 MasterCard San Francisco, CA Marshall, Ruth Ann 7/30/2008 MasterCard New York, NY<	Munto, Tim	7/15/2008	Bank of America NA	Louisville, KY
Donnelly, Kathleen	Stewart, James	7/16/2008	Barclays	Wilmington, DE
Peppas, Jamie 7/23/2008 HSBC New York, NY Schultz, Kevin 7/24/2008 Visa USA Milwaukee, WI Olebe, Edward 30(b)(6) on 7/25/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Premium Cards Name York, NY Vague, Richard 7/25/2008 Editigroup New York, NY Malone, Wayne 7/28/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Groch, Jon 7/29/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH McElhinney, Bruce 7/29/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH McElhinney, Doug 7/30/2008 MasterCard San Francisco, CA Marshall, Ruth Ann 7/30/2008 MasterCard Santa Fe, NM Fellman, Herbert 7/31/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Ruwe, Steve 8/5/2008 Wisa USA (former) Chicago, IL Kranzley, Art 8/6/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Kilga, Ken 8/8/2008 HSBC New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Chase New York, NY Phillips, G. Patrick 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY <t< td=""><td>McWilton, Chris</td><td>7/17/2008</td><td>MasterCard</td><td>New York, NY</td></t<>	McWilton, Chris	7/17/2008	MasterCard	New York, NY
Schultz, Kevin 7/24/2008 Visa USA Milwaukee, WI Olebe, Edward 30(b)(6) on 7/25/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Premium Cards Premium Cards Philadelphia, PA Vague, Richard 7/25/2008 Barclays Philadelphia, PA Malone, Wayne 7/28/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Groch, Jon 7/29/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH McElhinney, Bruce 7/29/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Hambry, Doug 7/30/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Hambry, Doug 7/30/2008 MasterCard Santa Fe, NM Fellman, Herbert 7/31/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Ruwe, Steve 8/5/2008 Visa USA (former) Chicago, IL Kranzley, Art 8/6/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Kilga, Ken 8/8/2008 HSBC New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 MasterCard <	Donnelly, Kathleen	7/22/2008	Citigroup	Hagerstown, MD
Olebe, Edward 30(b)(6) on 7/25/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Premium Cards 7/25/2008 Barclays Philadelphia, PA Wague, Richard 7/25/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Groch, Jon 7/29/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH McElhinney, Bruce 7/29/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH McElhinney, Bruce 7/30/2008 Wisa USA San Francisco, CA Hambry, Doug 7/30/2008 Wisa USA San Francisco, CA Marshall, Ruth Ann 7/30/2008 Wisa USA San Francisco, CA Marshall, Ruth Ann 7/30/2008 MasterCard Santa Fe, NM Fellman, Herbert 7/31/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Ruwe, Steve 8/5/2008 Wisa USA (former) Chicago, IL Kranzley, Art 8/6/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Millips, Ken 8/8/2008 HSBC New York, NY Pibillips, G. Patrick 8/14/2008 MasterCard	Peppas, Jamie	7/23/2008	HSBC	New York, NY
Premium Cards Vague, Richard 7/25/2008 Barclays Philadelphia, PA	Schultz, Kevin	7/24/2008	Visa USA	Milwaukee, WI
Vague, Richard 7/25/2008 Barclays Philadelphia, PA Malone, Wayne 7/28/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Groch, Jon 7/29/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH McElhinney, Bruce 7/29/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Hambry, Doug 7/30/2008 Wisa USA San Francisco, CA Hambry, Doug 7/30/2008 MasterCard Santa Fe, NM Fellman, Herbert 7/31/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Ruwe, Steve 8/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Milga, Ken 8/8/2008 HSBC New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pillips, G. Patrick 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b) (6) on 8/15/2008 8/15/2008 Master	Olebe, Edward 30(b)(6) on	7/25/2008	MasterCard	New York, NY
Malone, Wayne 7/28/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Groch, Jon 7/29/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH McElhinney, Bruce 7/29/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Hambry, Doug 7/30/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Marshall, Ruth Ann 7/30/2008 MasterCard Santa Fe, NM Fellman, Herbert 7/31/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Ruwe, Steve 8/5/2008 Visa USA (former) Chicago, IL Kranzley, Art 8/6/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Chase New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 Wisa USA Denver, CO Hackett, Gail 8/15/2008 Wisa USA San Francisco, CA Wisatey Say Francisco, CA Strategy Say Governor Say Francisco, CA Reorganization	Premium Cards			
Malone, Wayne 7/28/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Groch, Jon 7/29/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH McElhinney, Bruce 7/29/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Hambry, Doug 7/30/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Marshall, Ruth Ann 7/30/2008 MasterCard Santa Fe, NM Fellman, Herbert 7/31/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Ruwe, Steve 8/5/2008 Visa USA (former) Chicago, IL Kranzley, Art 8/6/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Chase New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 Wisa USA Denver, CO Hackett, Gail 8/15/2008 Wisa USA San Francisco, CA Wisatey Say Francisco, CA Strategy Say Governor Say Francisco, CA Reorganization	Vague, Richard	7/25/2008	Barclays	Philadelphia, PA
Groch, Jon 7/29/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH McElhinney, Bruce 7/29/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Hambry, Doug 7/30/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Marshall, Ruth Ann 7/30/2008 MasterCard Santa Fe, NM Fellman, Herbert 7/31/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Ruwe, Steve 8/5/2008 Visa USA (former) Chicago, IL Kranzley, Art 8/6/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Milga, Ken 8/8/2008 HSBC New York, NY Phillips, G. Patrick 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Convergence 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Baker, David 8/20/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/27/2008 Ci	Malone, Wayne	7/28/2008	Citigroup	New York, NY
Hambry, Doug 7/30/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Marshall, Ruth Ann 7/30/2008 MasterCard Santa Fe, NM Fellman, Herbert 7/31/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Ruwe, Steve 8/5/2008 Visa USA (former) Chicago, IL Kranzley, Art 8/6/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Milga, Ken 8/8/2008 HSBC New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Convergence 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Polydonal States and State	Groch, Jon	7/29/2008	Fifth Third	
Hambry, Doug 7/30/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Marshall, Ruth Ann 7/30/2008 MasterCard Santa Fe, NM Fellman, Herbert 7/31/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Ruwe, Steve 8/5/2008 Visa USA (former) Chicago, IL Kranzley, Art 8/6/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Milga, Ken 8/8/2008 HSBC New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Convergence 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Polydonal States and State	McElhinney, Bruce	7/29/2008	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Marshall, Ruth Ann 7/30/2008 MasterCard Santa Fe, NM Fellman, Herbert 7/31/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Ruwe, Steve 8/5/2008 Visa USA (former) Chicago, IL Kranzley, Art 8/6/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Kilga, Ken 8/8/2008 HSBC New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Base New York, NY Phillips, G. Patrick 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 8/19-20/2008 NasterCard New York, NY Strategy Strategy Citigroup New York, NY Baker, David 9/14/2008 Fifth Third <t< td=""><td>•</td><td>7/30/2008</td><td>Visa USA</td><td></td></t<>	•	7/30/2008	Visa USA	
Fellman, Herbert 7/31/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Ruwe, Steve 8/5/2008 Visa USA (former) Chicago, IL Kranzley, Art 8/6/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Milga, Ken 8/8/2008 HSBC New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 Wisa USA Denver, CO Hackett, Gail 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and States and				· ·
Ruwe, Steve 8/5/2008 Visa USA (former) Chicago, IL Kranzley, Art 8/6/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Kilga, Ken 8/8/2008 HSBC New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Chase New York, NY Phillips, G. Patrick 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 Wisa USA Denver, CO Hackett, Gail 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Convergence 8/19-20/2008 Wisa USA San Francisco, CA Strategy Sale USA San Francisco, CA San Francisco, CA Halle, Bruce 8/21/2008 Pifth Third Cincinnati, OH Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on 9/4-5/2008 Pifth Third Cincinnati, OH Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Reorganization San Fr		7/31/2008	Bank of America NA	, and the second
Kranzley, Art 8/6/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Kilga, Ken 8/8/2008 HSBC New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Chase New York, NY Phillips, G. Patrick 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 Wisa USA Denver, CO Hackett, Gail 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Convergence 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Strategy Visa USA San Francisco, CA Taglione, Richard 8/20/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/27/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Baker, David 9/4/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Reorganization San Francisco, CA San Francisco, CA Towne, Robert 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY </td <td>Ruwe, Steve</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td>	Ruwe, Steve			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Murdock, Wendy 8/7/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Kilga, Ken 8/8/2008 HSBC New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Chase New York, NY Phillips, G. Patrick 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 Visa USA Denver, CO Hackett, Gail 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Convergence 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Finkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Convergence 8/20/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Strategy Wisa USA San Francisco, CA Faglione, Richard 8/20/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/27/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Baker, David 9/4-2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Reorganization Towne, Robert 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY <t< td=""><td>·</td><td></td><td>\ /</td><td></td></t<>	·		\ /	
Kilga, Ken 8/8/2008 HSBC New York, NY DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Chase New York, NY Phillips, G. Patrick 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 Visa USA Denver, CO Hackett, Gail 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Convergence 8/15/2008 Wisa USA San Francisco, CA Strategy San Francisco, CA Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/20/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/27/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Baker, David 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Reorganization Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Munso	· ·			
DiSimone, Harry 8/14/2008 Chase New York, NY Phillips, G. Patrick 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 Visa USA Denver, CO Hackett, Gail 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Convergence 8/19-20/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Strategy Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/27/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Baker, David 9/4/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Reorganization San Francisco, CA Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Knupp, Billy 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY <				/
Phillips, G. Patrick 8/14/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 Visa USA Denver, CO Hackett, Gail 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Convergence 8/15/2008 Wisa USA San Francisco, CA Strategy Strategy New York, NY Pelle, Bruce Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/27/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Baker, David 9/4/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Reorganization San Francisco, CA Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY				,
Van Ryn, Carolyn 8/14/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Gardner, John 8/15/2008 Visa USA Denver, CO Hackett, Gail 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Convergence 8/19-20/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Strategy Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/20/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/27/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Baker, David 9/4/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Reorganization San Francisco, CA Washington, DC Towne, Robert 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Knupp, Billy 9/11/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Gardner, John 8/15/2008 Visa USA Denver, CO Hackett, Gail 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Convergence 8/19-20/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Strategy San Francisco, CA Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/20/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/27/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Baker, David 9/4/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Reorganization San Francisco, CA Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 Visa USA Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Knupp, Billy 9/11/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 MasterCard	•			
Hackett, Gail 8/15/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Convergence Strategy Taglione, Richard 8/20/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/27/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Baker, David 9/4/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Reorganization Towne, Robert 9/4-5/2008 WasterCard New York, NY Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Madeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Madeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Madeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Chase Dallas, TX Merchant Rules Weaver, Lance 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE				
Pinkerd, Stacey individual and 30(b)(6) on Convergence Strategy Taglione, Richard 8/20/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/27/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Baker, David 9/4/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Reorganization Towne, Robert 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Knupp, Billy 9/11/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Madeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Chase Dallas, TX Merchant Rules Weaver, Lance 9/12/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE	,			
Strategy	,			
Strategy Strategy Taglione, Richard 8/20/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/27/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Baker, David 9/4/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Reorganization San Francisco, CA Towne, Robert 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Knupp, Billy 9/11/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Chase Dallas, TX Merchant Rules 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE	·			, in the second
Taglione, Richard 8/20/2008 Chase Wilmington, DE Halle, Bruce 8/27/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Baker, David 9/4/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Reorganization Poly-5/2008 Visa USA Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Knupp, Billy 9/11/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Chase Dallas, TX Merchant Rules Weaver, Lance 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE	, , , ,			
Halle, Bruce 8/27/2008 Citigroup New York, NY Baker, David 9/4/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on Reorganization Towne, Robert 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Massingale, Faith New York, NY Munson, Carl New York, NY Madeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE New York, NY Mullington, DE New York, NY MasterCard New York New York New Yor		8/20/2008	Chase	Wilmington, DE
Baker, David 9/4/2008 Fifth Third Cincinnati, OH Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Reorganization Towne, Robert 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Knupp, Billy 9/11/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Chase Dallas, TX Merchant Rules Weaver, Lance 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE				
Partridge, John 30(b)(6) on Reorganization Towne, Robert Peirez, Joshua Lorberg, Dana 9/4-5/2008 Washington, DC 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 MasterCard New York, NY New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY New York, NY New York, NY New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE			<u> </u>	
Reorganization Towne, Robert 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Knupp, Billy 9/11/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY Munson, Carl New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Chase Dallas, TX Merchant Rules Weaver, Lance 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE				·
Towne, Robert 9/4-5/2008 Visa USA Washington, DC Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Knupp, Billy 9/11/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Chase Dallas, TX Merchant Rules Weaver, Lance 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE	1 7 7			ŕ
Peirez, Joshua 9/5/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Knupp, Billy 9/11/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Chase Dallas, TX Merchant Rules Weaver, Lance 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE		9/4-5/2008	Visa USA	Washington, DC
Lorberg, Dana 9/10/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Knupp, Billy 9/11/2008 Visa USA Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Chase Dallas, TX Merchant Rules Weaver, Lance 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE				
Weichert, Margaret 9/10/2008 Bank of America NA Charlotte, NC DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Knupp, Billy 9/11/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Chase Dallas, TX Merchant Rules Weaver, Lance 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE				·
DiSimone, Harry 9/11/2008 Chase New York, NY Knupp, Billy 9/11/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Chase Dallas, TX Merchant Rules Weaver, Lance 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE		9/10/2008	Bank of America NA	
Knupp, Billy 9/11/2008 Visa USA San Francisco, CA Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Chase Dallas, TX Merchant Rules Weaver, Lance 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Massingale, Faith 9/16/2008 Citi (former) New York, NY Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Chase Dallas, TX Merchant Rules Weaver, Lance 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE				· ·
Munson, Carl 9/17/2008 MasterCard New York, NY Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on 9/17/2008 Chase Dallas, TX Merchant Rules Weaver, Lance 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE				· ·
Nadeau, Robert 30(b)(6) on Merchant Rules Weaver, Lance Hammonds, Bruce 9/17/2008 Chase 9/17/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE	Munson, Carl		· · ·	·
Merchant Rules9/17/2008 Bank of America NAWilmington, DEWeaver, Lance9/22/2008 Bank of America NAWilmington, DEHammonds, Bruce9/22/2008 Bank of America NAWilmington, DE	·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Weaver, Lance9/17/2008 Bank of America NAWilmington, DEHammonds, Bruce9/22/2008 Bank of America NAWilmington, DE	Merchant Rules			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Hammonds, Bruce 9/22/2008 Bank of America NA Wilmington, DE		9/17/2008	Bank of America NA	Wilmington, DE
	Hammonds, Bruce			Č
171-11101 10/1/4000[110DC (10111101 / 1011101 / 1011101 / 1011101 / 1011101 / 1011101 / 101	Mehta, Siddharth			Chicago, IL

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 110 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 3 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

DEPOSITIONS OF DEFENDANTS

Deponent		Company	Location
Wechsler, Robert	10/1/2008		Dallas, TX
Flood, Gary		MasterCard	New York, NY
Rhein, Kevin		Wells Fargo	Minneapolis, MN
			San Francisco, CA
Saunders, Joseph		Visa USA	
Hinderaker, James		Bank of America NA	Charlotte, NC
Moran, Patrick		Fifth Third	Cincinnati, OH
Naffah, Albert 30(b)(6) on	10/ //2008	MasterCard	New York, NY
Australia Related Topics	10/0/2000	*** **	
Steel, Tim		Visa Europe	London, England
Boeding, Donald		Fifth Third	Cincinnati, OH
Stumpf, John		Wells Fargo	San Francisco, CA
Davila, Kelly Ann 30(b)(6) on	10/15/2008	Bank of America NA	Charlotte, NC
Merchant Rules			
Heuer, Alan		MasterCard	New York, NY
Macnee, Walter		MasterCard	New York, NY
Humphrey, Thomas 30(b)(6) on	10/21/2008	Fifth Third	Cincinnati, OH
Merchant Rules			
Rajamannar, M.V.	10/21/2008	Citigroup	New York, NY
Reilly, Patricia	10/21/2008	Chase	New York, NY
Dahir, Victor	10/22/2008	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Goosse, Etienne 30(b)(6) on	10/21-22/2008	MasterCard	New York, NY
Europe and UK			
Rogers, Dan	10/24/2008	Wells Fargo (former),	San Francisco, CA
		Presently at Fifth Third Bank	
Webb, Susan	10/27/2008	Chase	New York, NY
Wright, Michael	10/29/2008	Bank of America NA	Wilmington, DE
Holman, Jerrilyn	10/30/2008	SunTrust	Atlanta, GA
Bergman, Ginger	11/4/2008	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Kranzley, Art 30(b)(6) on	11/4/2008	MasterCard	New York, NY
Technology Issues			
Lorberg, Dana 30(b)(6) on	11/4/2008	MasterCard	New York, NY
Technology Issues			, , ,
McGee, Liam	11/5/2008	Bank of America NA	Charlotte, NC
Scharf, Charles	11/5/2008		New York, NY
Steele, Tolan 30(b)(6) on	11/5-6/2008		San Francisco, CA
European/UK Topics and	11/2 0/2000	V 154 0 51 1	
Australia			
Atal, Vikram	11/6/2008	CitiGroup	New York, NY
Hanft, Noah		MasterCard	New York, NY
Jenkins, Ben		Wachovia	Charlotte, NC
Dimon, Jamie	11/13/2008		New York, NY
Boehm, Steve	11/13/2008		Charlotte, NC
Selander, Robert		MasterCard	Purchase, NY
Alexander, Lou Anne	11/17/2008		Charlotte, NC
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Freiberg, Steve	11/20/2008	Managarah Pangarah P	New York, NY

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 111 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 3 to the Declarations of K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

DEPOSITIONS OF DEFENDANTS

Deponent	Date	Company	Location
Sheedy, William	11/20-21/2008	Visa USA	Washington, DC
Stein, Alejandro	11/21/2008	Chase	New York, NY
Floum, Joshua	12/2/2008	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Flanagan, Veronica 30(b)(6) on	12/4/2008	Wells Fargo	New York, NY
Merchant Rules			
Grathwohl, Sue	12/8/2008	Fifth Third	Cincinnati, OH
Mangan, Kara	12/8/2008	Fifth Third	Cincinnati, OH
Gracia, Anthony 30(b)(6) on	12/9/2008	MasterCard	New York, NY
Merchant Relations			
Sharkey, Thomas 30(b)(6) on	12/9/2008	MasterCard	New York, NY
Merchant Relations			
Doyle, Charles	12/12/2008	Texas Independent Bancshares	Texas City, TX
Portelli, Jeffery 30(b)(6) on	12/12/2008	MasterCard	New York, NY
Premium Cards			
Allen, Paul	12/16/2008	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Coghlan, John	12/16/2008	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Attinger, Tim 30(b)(6) on	12/17/2008	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Technology			
Gonella, Michael 30(b)(6) on	12/17/2008	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Technology			
Gregory, Robert individual and	12/17-18/2008	Capital One	Richmond, VA
30(b)(6) on Card Business			
Pascarella, Carl	12/17-18/2008		San Francisco, CA
Somerville, Una 30(b)(6) on	12/19/2008	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Merchant Rules			
Walker, Richard 30(b)(6) on	12/19/2008	Capital One	Richmond, VA
Card Business			
Selander, Robert		MasterCard	Purchase, NY
Fulton, Henry	2/12/2009	Bank of America NA	Charlotte, NC
Fairbank, Richard	4/7/2009	Capital One	McLean, VA
Somerville, Una 30(b)(6) on	4/7/2009	Visa USA	San Francisco, CA
Merchant Rules			

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 112 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 4 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

DEPOSITIONS OF CLASS PLAINTIFFS

Deponent Date Company Location Feeney, James 30(b)(6) on 8/10/2006 Payless Topeka, KS Organizational Structure 11/15/2007 Traditions Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Michael 11/15/2007 NCGA Minneapolis, MN Agan, Colleen 1/8/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Ivancikova, Daniela 1/8/2008 Parkway (former) Bala Cynwyd, PA D'Agostino, Nicholas 1/10/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Archer, Vincent 1/17/2008 Leon's Los Angeles, CA Emmert, Brian 1/17/2008 Jetro New York, NY Buckley, Neil 1/18/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Schumacher, Jerome 1/24/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Smith, Gary (Chuek) 1/24/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Vasco, Nunzi 1/31/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Menard, Steve 2/8/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY		DEI OSITIONS OF CLASSI LAINTIFFS					
Organizational Structure Schumann, Michael 11/15/2007 Traditions Minneapolis, MN Schemmerhom, David 12/4/2007 NCGA Minneapolis, MN Agan, Colleen 1/8/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Ivancikova, Daniela 1/8/2008 Parkway (former) Bala Cymwyd, PA D'Agostino, Nicholas 1/10/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Archer, Vincent 1/17/2008 Leon's Los Angeles, CA Emmert, Brian 1/17/2008 Jetro New York, NY Buckley, Neil 1/18/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Schumacher, Jerome 1/24/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Smith, Gary (Chuck) 1/24/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Vasco, Nunzi 1/31/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Menard, Steve 2/5/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Thueringer, Robert 2/1/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Hall, Terry 2/20/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 Cystal Rock Waterbury, CT Smith, Kelly 2/25/2008 NCGA	Deponent			Location			
Schumann, Michael 11/15/2007 Traditions Minneapolis, MN Schernerhorn, David 12/4/2007 NCGA Minneapolis, MN Agan, Colleen 1/8/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Ivancikova, Daniela 1/8/2008 Parkway (former) Bala Cynwyd, PA D'Agostino, Nicholas 1/10/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Archer, Vincent 1/17/2008 Leon's Los Angeles, CA Emmert, Brian 1/17/2008 Jetro New York, NY Buckley, Neil 1/18/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Buckley, Neil 1/18/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Buckley, Neil 1/18/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Schumacher, Jerome 1/24/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Smith, Gary (Chuck) 1/24/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Menard, Steve 2/5/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Thueringer, Robert 2/12/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Hall, Terry 2/20/2008 NCGA Washington, DC <t< td=""><td>=</td><td>8/10/2006</td><td>Payless</td><td>Topeka, KS</td></t<>	=	8/10/2006	Payless	Topeka, KS			
Schermerhorn, David 12/4/2007 NCGA Minneapolis, MN Agan, Colleen 1/8/2008 NCPA Washington, DC I/sncikova, Daniela 1/8/2008 Parkway (former) Bala Cynwyd, PA D'Agostino, Nicholas 1/10/2008 Parkway (former) Bala Cynwyd, PA D'Agostino, Nicholas 1/17/2008 Los Angeles, CA Emmert, Brian 1/17/2008 Los Conservation Buckley, Neil 1/18/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Buckley, Neil 1/18/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Schumacher, Jerome 1/24/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Schunzi 1/31/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Wasco, Nunzi 1/31/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/5/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/28/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Hall, Terry 2/20/2008 CCBA Washington, DC Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 CCPA Washington, DC Smith, Kelly	Organizational Structure						
Agan, Colleen 1/8/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Ivancikova, Daniela 1/8/2008 Parkway (former) Bala Cymwyd, PA D'Agostino, Nicholas 1/10/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Archer, Vincent 1/17/2008 Leon's Los Angeles, CA Emmert, Brian 1/17/2008 Jetro New York, NY Buckley, Neil 1/18/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Schumacher, Jerome 1/24/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Smith, Gary (Chuck) 1/24/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Smith, Gary (Chuck) 1/24/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Vasco, Nunzi 1/31/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Menard, Steve 2/5/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 NCGA Washington, DC Gule, Robert 2/12/2008 Crystal Rock Watchury, CT	Schumann, Michael	11/15/2007	Traditions	Minneapolis, MN			
Ivancikova, Daniela	Schermerhorn, David	12/4/2007	NCGA	Minneapolis, MN			
D'Agostino, Nicholas 1/10/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Archer, Vincent 1/17/2008 Los Angeles, CA Emmert, Brian 1/18/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Buckley, Neil 1/18/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Schumacher, Jerome 1/24/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Smith, Gary (Chuck) 1/24/2008 NcPA Washington, DC Vasco, Nunzi 1/31/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Menard, Steve 2/5/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Thueringer, Robert 2/12/2008 COborns Minneapolis, MN Hall, Terry 2/20/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Smith, Kelly 2/22/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Hardman, John 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, N	Agan, Colleen	1/8/2008	NCPA	Washington, DC			
Archer, Vincent 1/17/2008 Leon's Los Angeles, CA Emmert, Brian 1/17/2008 Jetro New York, NY Buckley, Neil 1/18/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Schumacher, Jerome 1/24/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Smith, Gary (Chuck) 1/24/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Vasco, Nunzi 1/31/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Menard, Steve 2/5/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Thueringer, Robert 2/12/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Hall, Terry 2/20/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Smith, Kelly 2/25/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Hardman, John 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 Traditions Naples, FL Shrader, Robynn 2/26/2008 Traditions Naples, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Patkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ferreck, Lind	Ivancikova, Daniela	1/8/2008	Parkway (former)	Bala Cynwyd, PA			
Emmert, Brian 1/17/2008 Jetro New York, NY Buckley, Neil 1/18/2008 D/Agostino New York, NY Schumacher, Jerome 1/24/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Smith, Gary (Chuck) 1/24/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Vasco, Nunzi 1/31/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Menard, Steve 2/5/2008 D/Agostino New York, NY McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 D/Agostino New York, NY Thueringer, Robert 2/12/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Hall, Terry 2/20/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Smith, Kelly 2/25/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Hardman, John 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 TCGA Iowa City, IA Schrader, Robynn 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino,	D'Agostino, Nicholas	1/10/2008	D'Agostino	New York, NY			
Buckley, Neil 1/18/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Schumacher, Jerome 1/24/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Smith, Gary (Chuck) 1/24/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Vasco, Nunzi 1/31/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Menard, Steve 2/5/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Thueringer, Robert 2/12/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Hall, Terry 2/20/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Smith, Kelly 2/25/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Hardman, John 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino, Paul 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Juras	Archer, Vincent	1/17/2008	Leon's	Los Angeles, CA			
Schumacher, Jerome 1/24/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Smith, Gary (Chuck) 1/24/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Vasco, Nunzi 1/31/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Menard, Steve 2/5/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Thueringer, Robert 2/12/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Hall, Terry 2/20/2008 CODA Washington, DC Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 CCPA Washington, DC Smith, Kelly 2/25/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Hardman, John 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/3/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY	Emmert, Brian	1/17/2008	Jetro	New York, NY			
Smith, Gary (Chuck) 1/24/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Vasco, Nunzi 1/31/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Menard, Steve 2/5/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Thueringer, Robert 2/12/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Hall, Terry 2/20/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Smith, Kelly 2/25/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Hardman, John 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 Traditions Naples, FL Shrader, Robynn 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino, Paul 3/20/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek,	Buckley, Neil	1/18/2008	D'Agostino	New York, NY			
Vasco, Nunzi 1/31/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Menard, Steve 2/5/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Thueringer, Robert 2/12/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Hall, Terry 2/20/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Smith, Kelly 2/25/2008 NCGA lowa City, IA Hardman, John 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 Traditions Naples, FL Shrader, Robynn 2/26/2008 Traditions Naples, FL Shrader, Robynn 2/26/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Patkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY	Schumacher, Jerome	1/24/2008	Coborns	Minneapolis, MN			
Menard, Steve 2/5/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Thueringer, Robert 2/12/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Hall, Terry 2/20/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Smith, Kelly 2/25/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Hardman, John 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Shrader, Robynn 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino, Paul 3/20/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Hayes, Pamela 4/4/2008 NATSO Alexandria, VA Berman, Carl 4/10/2008 Photos, Inc. Los Angeles, CA Severson, Du	Smith, Gary (Chuck)	1/24/2008	NCPA	Washington, DC			
McPadden, Denise 2/8/2008 D'Agostino New York, NY Thueringer, Robert 2/12/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Hall, Terry 2/20/2008 Crystal Rock Washington, DC Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Smith, Kelly 2/25/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Hardman, John 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 Traditions Naples, FL Shrader, Robynn 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY <td>Vasco, Nunzi</td> <td>1/31/2008</td> <td>Capital Audio</td> <td>New York, NY</td>	Vasco, Nunzi	1/31/2008	Capital Audio	New York, NY			
Thueringer, Robert 2/12/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Hall, Terry 2/20/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Smith, Kelly 2/25/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Hardman, John 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino, Paul 3/20/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Hayes, Pamela 4/4/2008 NATSO Alexandria, VA	Menard, Steve	2/5/2008	CHS	Minneapolis, MN			
Thueringer, Robert 2/12/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Hall, Terry 2/20/2008 NCPA Washington, DC Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Smith, Kelly 2/25/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Hardman, John 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino, Paul 3/20/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Hayes, Pamela 4/4/2008 NATSO Alexandria, VA	McPadden, Denise	2/8/2008	D'Agostino	New York, NY			
Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Smith, Kelly 2/25/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Hardman, John 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 Traditions Naples, FL Shrader, Robynn 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino, Paul 3/20/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Hayes, Pamela 4/4/2008 NATSO Alexandria, VA Berman, Carl 4/10/2008 Photos, Inc. Los Angeles, CA Severson, Duane 4/10/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Beckwith, Lyle 4/15/2008 NACS Washington, DC <	Thueringer, Robert	2/12/2008	Coborns	Minneapolis, MN			
Gule, Roberta Avoletta 2/21/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Smith, Kelly 2/25/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Hardman, John 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Shrader, Robynn 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino, Paul 3/20/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Hayes, Pamela 4/4/2008 NATSO Alexandria, VA Berman, Carl 4/10/2008 Photos, Inc. Los Angeles, CA Severson, Duane 4/10/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Beckwith, Lyle 4/15/2008 NGA Washington, DC	Hall, Terry	2/20/2008	NCPA				
Hardman, John 2/26/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 Traditions Naples, FL Shrader, Robynn 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino, Paul 3/20/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Hayes, Pamela 4/42/2008 NATSO Alexandria, VA Berman, Carl 4/10/2008 Photos, Inc. Los Angeles, CA Severson, Duane 4/10/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Beckwith, Lyle 4/15/2008 NACS Washington, DC Zlotnikoff, Stuart 4/16/2008 NGA Washington, DC Doughty, Peggy 4/24/2008 CHS (former) Minneapolis, MN Engelhaupt, David 4/24/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Zuritzky, Robert 4/30/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA	Gule, Roberta Avoletta	2/21/2008	Crystal Rock				
Schumann, Suzanne 2/26/2008 Traditions Naples, FL Shrader, Robynn 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino, Paul 3/20/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Berman, Carl 4/4/2008 Photos, Inc. Los Angeles, CA Severson, Duane 4/10/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Beckwith, Lyle 4/15/2008 NGS Washington, DC	Smith, Kelly		1	Iowa City, IA			
Shrader, Robynn 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino, Paul 3/20/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Corystal Rock Waterbury, CT Hayes, Pamela 4/4/2008 NATSO Alexandria, VA Berman, Carl 4/10/2008 Photos, Inc. Los Angeles, CA Severson, Duane 4/10/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Beckwith, Lyle 4/15/2008 NACS Washington, DC Zlotnikoff, Stuart 4/16/2008 NGA Washington, DC Doughty, Peggy 4/24/2008 CHS (former) Minneapolis, MN Engelhaupt, David 4/24/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Zuritzky, Robert 4/30/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Tucker, David 5/2/2008 NACS (Former) Washington, DC Hamilton, Kathy 5/6/2008 NGA Washington, DC	Hardman, John	2/26/2008	CHS	Minneapolis, MN			
Shrader, Robynn 2/26/2008 NCGA Iowa City, IA Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino, Paul 3/20/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Hayes, Pamela 4/4/2008 NATSO Alexandria, VA Berman, Carl 4/10/2008 Photos, Inc. Los Angeles, CA Severson, Duane 4/10/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Beckwith, Lyle 4/15/2008 NACS Washington, DC Zlotnikoff, Stuart 4/16/2008 NGA Washington, DC Doughty, Peggy 4/24/2008 CHS (former) Minneapolis, MN Engelhaupt, David 4/24/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Zuritzky, Robert 4/30/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Tucker, David 5/2/2008 NACS (Former) Washington, DC Hamilton, Kathy 5/6/2008 NGA Washington, DC	Schumann, Suzanne	2/26/2008	Traditions	Naples, FL			
Opper, Norman 2/27/2008 Discount Optics Boca Raton, FL Wolfe, Stephen 2/28/2008 NCGA Madison, WI Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino, Paul 3/20/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Hayes, Pamela 4/4/2008 NATSO Alexandria, VA Berman, Carl 4/10/2008 Photos, Inc. Los Angeles, CA Severson, Duane 4/10/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Beckwith, Lyle 4/15/2008 NACS Washington, DC Zlotnikoff, Stuart 4/16/2008 NGA Washington, DC Doughty, Peggy 4/24/2008 CHS (former) Minneapolis, MN Engelhaupt, David 4/24/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Zuritzky, Robert 4/30/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Tucker, David 5/2/2008 NACS (Former) Washington, DC Hamilton, Kathy 5/6/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Wenning, Thomas 5/23/2008 NGA Washington, DC	Shrader, Robynn	2/26/2008	NCGA				
Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino, Paul 3/20/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Hayes, Pamela 4/4/2008 NATSO Alexandria, VA Berman, Carl 4/10/2008 Photos, Inc. Los Angeles, CA Severson, Duane 4/10/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Beckwith, Lyle 4/15/2008 NACS Washington, DC Zlotnikoff, Stuart 4/16/2008 NGA Washington, DC Doughty, Peggy 4/24/2008 CHS (former) Minneapolis, MN Engelhaupt, David 4/24/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Zuritzky, Robert 4/30/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Tucker, David 5/2/2008 NACS (Former) Washington, DC Hamilton, Kathy 5/6/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Wenning, Thomas 5/23/2008 NGA Washington, DC		2/27/2008	Discount Optics				
Platkin, Susan 3/13/2008 Capital Audio New York, NY Ierubino, Paul 3/20/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Hayes, Pamela 4/4/2008 NATSO Alexandria, VA Berman, Carl 4/10/2008 Photos, Inc. Los Angeles, CA Severson, Duane 4/10/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Beckwith, Lyle 4/15/2008 NACS Washington, DC Zlotnikoff, Stuart 4/16/2008 NGA Washington, DC Doughty, Peggy 4/24/2008 CHS (former) Minneapolis, MN Engelhaupt, David 4/24/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Zuritzky, Robert 4/30/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Tucker, David 5/2/2008 NACS (Former) Washington, DC Hamilton, Kathy 5/6/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Wenning, Thomas 5/23/2008 NGA Washington, DC	Wolfe, Stephen	2/28/2008	NCGA	Madison, WI			
Ierubino, Paul 3/20/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Hayes, Pamela 4/4/2008 NATSO Alexandria, VA Berman, Carl 4/10/2008 Photos, Inc. Los Angeles, CA Severson, Duane 4/10/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Beckwith, Lyle 4/15/2008 NACS Washington, DC Zlotnikoff, Stuart 4/16/2008 NGA Washington, DC Doughty, Peggy 4/24/2008 CHS (former) Minneapolis, MN Engelhaupt, David 4/24/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Zuritzky, Robert 4/30/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Tucker, David 5/2/2008 NACS (Former) Washington, DC Hamilton, Kathy 5/6/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Wenning, Thomas 5/23/2008 NGA Washington, DC Lieberman, Erik 6/4/2008 NGA Washington, DC Sprague, Kristie 6/10/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Ching, Vic 6/17/2008 Affiliated Foods Minneapolis, MN		3/13/2008	Capital Audio	New York, NY			
Fiereck, Linda 3/27/2008 Coborns Minneapolis, MN Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Hayes, Pamela 4/4/2008 NATSO Alexandria, VA Berman, Carl 4/10/2008 Photos, Inc. Los Angeles, CA Severson, Duane 4/10/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Beckwith, Lyle 4/15/2008 NACS Washington, DC Zlotnikoff, Stuart 4/16/2008 NGA Washington, DC Doughty, Peggy 4/24/2008 CHS (former) Minneapolis, MN Engelhaupt, David 4/24/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Zuritzky, Robert 4/30/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Tucker, David 5/2/2008 NACS (Former) Washington, DC Hamilton, Kathy 5/6/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Wenning, Thomas 5/23/2008 NGA Washington, DC Lieberman, Erik 6/4/2008 NGA Washington, DC Sprague, Kristie 6/10/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Ching, Vic 6/17/2008 Affiliated Foods Minneapolis, MN DiPasquale, Frank 6/18/2008 NACS Addison, TX <t< td=""><td>Ierubino, Paul</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>Bala Cynwyd, PA</td></t<>	Ierubino, Paul		1	Bala Cynwyd, PA			
Jurasek, David 3/27/2008 Crystal Rock Waterbury, CT Hayes, Pamela 4/4/2008 NATSO Alexandria, VA Berman, Carl 4/10/2008 Photos, Inc. Los Angeles, CA Severson, Duane 4/10/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Beckwith, Lyle 4/15/2008 NACS Washington, DC Zlotnikoff, Stuart 4/16/2008 NGA Washington, DC Doughty, Peggy 4/24/2008 CHS (former) Minneapolis, MN Engelhaupt, David 4/24/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Zuritzky, Robert 4/30/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Tucker, David 5/2/2008 NACS (Former) Washington, DC Hamilton, Kathy 5/6/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Wenning, Thomas 5/23/2008 NGA Washington, DC Lieberman, Erik 6/4/2008 NGA Washington, DC Sprague, Kristie 6/10/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Ching, Vic 6/17/2008 Affiliated Foods Minneapolis, MN DiPasquale, Frank 6/18/2008 NGA Washington, DC Taylor, Gray 6/26/2008 NACS Addison, TX Intri		3/27/2008	Coborns				
Hayes, Pamela4/4/2008 NATSOAlexandria, VABerman, Carl4/10/2008 Photos, Inc.Los Angeles, CASeverson, Duane4/10/2008 Affiliated FoodsOmaha, NEBeckwith, Lyle4/15/2008 NACSWashington, DCZlotnikoff, Stuart4/16/2008 NGAWashington, DCDoughty, Peggy4/24/2008 CHS (former)Minneapolis, MNEngelhaupt, David4/24/2008 Affiliated FoodsOmaha, NEZuritzky, Robert4/30/2008 ParkwayBala Cynwyd, PATucker, David5/2/2008 NACS (Former)Washington, DCHamilton, Kathy5/6/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNWenning, Thomas5/23/2008 NGAWashington, DCLieberman, Erik6/4/2008 NGAWashington, DCSprague, Kristie6/10/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNChing, Vic6/17/2008 Affiliated FoodsMinneapolis, MNDiPasquale, Frank6/18/2008 NGAWashington, DCTaylor, Gray6/26/2008 NACSAddison, TXIhry, Reed7/1/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MN	Jurasek, David	3/27/2008	Crystal Rock				
Berman, Carl 4/10/2008 Photos, Inc. Los Angeles, CA Severson, Duane 4/10/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Beckwith, Lyle 4/15/2008 NACS Washington, DC Zlotnikoff, Stuart 4/16/2008 NGA Washington, DC Doughty, Peggy 4/24/2008 CHS (former) Minneapolis, MN Engelhaupt, David 4/24/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Zuritzky, Robert 4/30/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Tucker, David 5/2/2008 NACS (Former) Washington, DC Hamilton, Kathy 5/6/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Wenning, Thomas 5/23/2008 NGA Washington, DC Lieberman, Erik 6/4/2008 NGA Washington, DC Sprague, Kristie 6/10/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Ching, Vic 6/17/2008 Affiliated Foods Minneapolis, MN DiPasquale, Frank 6/18/2008 NGA Washington, DC Taylor, Gray 6/26/2008 NACS Addison, TX Ihry, Reed 7/1/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN	Hayes, Pamela			Alexandria, VA			
Severson, Duane4/10/2008 Affiliated FoodsOmaha, NEBeckwith, Lyle4/15/2008 NACSWashington, DCZlotnikoff, Stuart4/16/2008 NGAWashington, DCDoughty, Peggy4/24/2008 CHS (former)Minneapolis, MNEngelhaupt, David4/24/2008 Affiliated FoodsOmaha, NEZuritzky, Robert4/30/2008 ParkwayBala Cynwyd, PATucker, David5/2/2008 NACS (Former)Washington, DCHamilton, Kathy5/6/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNWenning, Thomas5/23/2008 NGAWashington, DCLieberman, Erik6/4/2008 NGAWashington, DCSprague, Kristie6/10/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNChing, Vic6/17/2008 Affiliated FoodsMinneapolis, MNDiPasquale, Frank6/18/2008 NGAWashington, DCTaylor, Gray6/26/2008 NACSAddison, TXIhry, Reed7/1/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MN							
Zlotnikoff, Stuart 4/16/2008 NGA Washington, DC Doughty, Peggy 4/24/2008 CHS (former) Minneapolis, MN Engelhaupt, David 4/24/2008 Affiliated Foods Omaha, NE Zuritzky, Robert 4/30/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Tucker, David 5/2/2008 NACS (Former) Washington, DC Hamilton, Kathy 5/6/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Wenning, Thomas 5/23/2008 NGA Washington, DC Lieberman, Erik 6/4/2008 NGA Washington, DC Sprague, Kristie 6/10/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Ching, Vic 6/17/2008 Affiliated Foods Minneapolis, MN DiPasquale, Frank 6/18/2008 NGA Washington, DC Minneapolis, MN Ching, Vic 6/17/2008 Affiliated Foods Minneapolis, MN DiPasquale, Frank 6/26/2008 NGA Washington, DC Addison, TX Tyl/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN							
Zlotnikoff, Stuart4/16/2008 NGAWashington, DCDoughty, Peggy4/24/2008 CHS (former)Minneapolis, MNEngelhaupt, David4/24/2008 Affiliated FoodsOmaha, NEZuritzky, Robert4/30/2008 ParkwayBala Cynwyd, PATucker, David5/2/2008 NACS (Former)Washington, DCHamilton, Kathy5/6/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNWenning, Thomas5/23/2008 NGAWashington, DCLieberman, Erik6/4/2008 NGAWashington, DCSprague, Kristie6/10/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNChing, Vic6/17/2008 Affiliated FoodsMinneapolis, MNDiPasquale, Frank6/18/2008 NGAWashington, DCTaylor, Gray6/26/2008 NACSAddison, TXIhry, Reed7/1/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MN	Beckwith, Lyle	4/15/2008	NACS	Washington, DC			
Engelhaupt, David Zuritzky, Robert 4/30/2008 Parkway Bala Cynwyd, PA Tucker, David 5/2/2008 NACS (Former) Washington, DC Hamilton, Kathy 5/6/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Wenning, Thomas 5/23/2008 NGA Washington, DC Lieberman, Erik 6/4/2008 NGA Washington, DC Sprague, Kristie 6/10/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN Ching, Vic 6/17/2008 Affiliated Foods Minneapolis, MN DiPasquale, Frank 6/18/2008 NGA Washington, DC Minneapolis, MN Ching, Vic 6/18/2008 NGA Washington, DC Addison, TX Ihry, Reed 7/1/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN	-	4/16/2008	NGA	Washington, DC			
Zuritzky, Robert4/30/2008 ParkwayBala Cynwyd, PATucker, David5/2/2008 NACS (Former)Washington, DCHamilton, Kathy5/6/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNWenning, Thomas5/23/2008 NGAWashington, DCLieberman, Erik6/4/2008 NGAWashington, DCSprague, Kristie6/10/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNChing, Vic6/17/2008 Affiliated FoodsMinneapolis, MNDiPasquale, Frank6/18/2008 NGAWashington, DCTaylor, Gray6/26/2008 NACSAddison, TXIhry, Reed7/1/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MN	Doughty, Peggy	4/24/2008	CHS (former)	Minneapolis, MN			
Zuritzky, Robert4/30/2008 ParkwayBala Cynwyd, PATucker, David5/2/2008 NACS (Former)Washington, DCHamilton, Kathy5/6/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNWenning, Thomas5/23/2008 NGAWashington, DCLieberman, Erik6/4/2008 NGAWashington, DCSprague, Kristie6/10/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNChing, Vic6/17/2008 Affiliated FoodsMinneapolis, MNDiPasquale, Frank6/18/2008 NGAWashington, DCTaylor, Gray6/26/2008 NACSAddison, TXIhry, Reed7/1/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MN	Engelhaupt, David	4/24/2008	Affiliated Foods	Omaha, NE			
Tucker, David5/2/2008 NACS (Former)Washington, DCHamilton, Kathy5/6/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNWenning, Thomas5/23/2008 NGAWashington, DCLieberman, Erik6/4/2008 NGAWashington, DCSprague, Kristie6/10/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNChing, Vic6/17/2008 Affiliated FoodsMinneapolis, MNDiPasquale, Frank6/18/2008 NGAWashington, DCTaylor, Gray6/26/2008 NACSAddison, TXIhry, Reed7/1/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MN	<u> </u>	4/30/2008	Parkway	Bala Cynwyd, PA			
Hamilton, Kathy5/6/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNWenning, Thomas5/23/2008 NGAWashington, DCLieberman, Erik6/4/2008 NGAWashington, DCSprague, Kristie6/10/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNChing, Vic6/17/2008 Affiliated FoodsMinneapolis, MNDiPasquale, Frank6/18/2008 NGAWashington, DCTaylor, Gray6/26/2008 NACSAddison, TXIhry, Reed7/1/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MN	<u> </u>						
Wenning, Thomas5/23/2008 NGAWashington, DCLieberman, Erik6/4/2008 NGAWashington, DCSprague, Kristie6/10/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNChing, Vic6/17/2008 Affiliated FoodsMinneapolis, MNDiPasquale, Frank6/18/2008 NGAWashington, DCTaylor, Gray6/26/2008 NACSAddison, TXIhry, Reed7/1/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MN	ŕ		1				
Lieberman, Erik6/4/2008 NGAWashington, DCSprague, Kristie6/10/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNChing, Vic6/17/2008 Affiliated FoodsMinneapolis, MNDiPasquale, Frank6/18/2008 NGAWashington, DCTaylor, Gray6/26/2008 NACSAddison, TXIhry, Reed7/1/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MN	•						
Sprague, Kristie6/10/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MNChing, Vic6/17/2008 Affiliated FoodsMinneapolis, MNDiPasquale, Frank6/18/2008 NGAWashington, DCTaylor, Gray6/26/2008 NACSAddison, TXIhry, Reed7/1/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MN							
Ching, Vic6/17/2008 Affiliated FoodsMinneapolis, MNDiPasquale, Frank6/18/2008 NGAWashington, DCTaylor, Gray6/26/2008 NACSAddison, TXIhry, Reed7/1/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MN							
DiPasquale, Frank6/18/2008 NGAWashington, DCTaylor, Gray6/26/2008 NACSAddison, TXIhry, Reed7/1/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MN				•			
Taylor, Gray6/26/2008 NACSAddison, TXIhry, Reed7/1/2008 CHSMinneapolis, MN							
Ihry, Reed 7/1/2008 CHS Minneapolis, MN	•						
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
				•			

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 113 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 4 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

DEPOSITIONS OF CLASS PLAINTIFFS

Deponent		Company	Location
Diehl, Carmen		Affiliated Foods	Rapid City, SD
Shuman, Robert	7/8/2008		Alexandria, VA
Kirschner, Richard	7/17/2008	Jetro	New York, NY
Zentner, Arlen	7/23-24/2008	Payless	Topeka, KS
Richman, Teri	7/29/2008		Washington, DC
Cooke, Brent	7/31/2008	Payless	Topeka, KS
Goldstone, Mitch	8/6/2008	Photos, Inc.	Los Angeles, CA
Riehle, Hudson	8/6/2008		Washington, DC
Leibman, Mark 30(b)(6) on	8/7/2008	NRA	Washington, DC
Organizational structure, services,			
payment systems, studies &			
investigations			
Mullings, Lisa	8/13/2008	NATSO	Alexandria, VA
Olson, Donald	8/14/2008	CHS	Minneapolis, MN
Chung, Anderson	8/15/2008	D'Agostino	New York, NY
Miller, James	8/22/2008	Affiliated Foods	Omaha, NE
Opper, Deborah	8/27/2008	Discount Optics	Boca Raton, FL
Culver, Paul individual and 30(b)(6)	8/28-29/2008	CHS	Minneapolis, MN
on Marketer/Merchant Agreements			
Rule			
Coborn, Chris	9/4/2008	Coborns	Minneapolis, MN
Munkittrick, Ron	9/9/2008	D'Agostino	New York, NY
Zaucha, Thomas	9/19/2008	NGA	Washington, DC
D'Agostino, Nicholas	9/25/2008	D'Agostino	New York, NY
Sinclair, Scott 30(b)(6) on Country	10/10/2008	CHS	Minneapolis, MN
Operations			
Cummings, Richard	10/15/2008	CHS	Minneapolis, MN
Armour, Henry	10/22/2008	NACS	Washington, DC
Culver, Paul 30(b)(6) on Proprietary	10/29/2008	CHS	Minneapolis, MN
Cards			
Harari, Abraham	10/30/2008	Capital Audio	New York, NY
Pearson, Harold	10/30/2008	Payless	Topeka, KS
D'Agostino, Nicholas 30(b)(6) on	11/5/2008	D'Agostino	New York, NY
Payment Practices and			·
Recordkeeping			
Bendle, Bradley (Woody)	11/14/2008	Payless	Topeka, KS
Schumann, Michael 30(b)(6) on		Traditions	Naples, FL
Cost of Payment Systems			

DEPOSITIONS OF INDIVIDUAL PLAINTIFFS

Deponent Date Company Location					
Browning, Carol	12/13/2007		Greenville, SC		
Minasi, Michael	12/19/2007		San Francisco, CA		
Mueller, Ken	1/8/2008		Sacramento, CA		
Transtrum, Denise	1/10/2008		Sacramento, CA		
Coward, Christopher	1/23/2008		Lakeland, FL		
Rachowicz, Earl	1/23/2008		Chicago, IL		
Topor, Kathy	1/30/2008		Providence, RI		
Grace, Denise	2/8/2008		Lakeland, FL		
Oliver, Marty	2/19/2008		Lakeland, FL		
Aront, Aaron	2/22/2008		Keasbey, NJ		
Goodwin, Dwayne	2/28/2008		Greenville, SC		
Spitz, Carol		Walgreen's	Chicago, IL		
Fox, Bradley		Safeway	San Francisco, CA		
Cardinale, Gerald		Rite Aid	Harrisburg, PA		
Gilliam, Kim	3/11/2008		Salisbury, NC		
Reeve, Kevin	3/18/2008	Hy-Vee	Des Moines, IA		
Vowles, Stephen	3/28/2008	Ahold	Boston, MA		
Hohenstein, Kathleen	4/1/2008	Delhaize	Salisbury, NC		
Hooper, David	4/9/2008	Ahold	Harrisburg, PA		
Woodbridge, David	4/16/2008	Walgreen's	Deerfield, IL		
Pastre, Toni		Pathmark (former)	Montvale, NJ		
Skokan, Michael	4/23/2008		Des Moines, IA		
Kearns, Scott	4/29/2008		Keasbey, NJ		
Sadler, Anthony	4/29/2008		Harrisburg, PA		
Ross, Jay		Rite Aid	Harrisburg, PA		
McCauley, Tim		Walgreen's	Deerfield, IL		
Olson, Janet		Walgreen's	Deerfield, IL		
Carter, Michael	5/14/2008		Lakeland, FL		
Cox, Laura		Albertsons	Boise, ID		
Cronin, Stephen		Wakefern	Elizabeth, NJ		
Briggs, John	5/28/2008		Des Moines, IA		
McArthur, Scott		Walgreen's	Deerfield, IL		
Croteau, Bryan		Delhaize	Portland, ME		
Steffler, Marcia	6/3-4/2008		Grand Rapids, MI		
Allard, Cherie	6/5/2008		Grand Rapids, MI		
Trachsler, Sharon		Pathmark	Roseland, NJ		
Kleiner, Richard	6/6/2008				
Mielke, Chris		Albertsons	Boston, MA Minneapolis MN		
·	6/13/2008		Minneapolis, MN		
Tabak, Natan			Keasbey, NJ		
Williams, Cheryl	6/18/2008		Keasbey, NJ		
Learish, John	6/20/2008		Harrisburg, PA		
Younger, Kim	6/24/2008	<u> </u>	Sacramento, CA		
Ciancio, David	6/26/2008		Cincinnati, OH		
Schroeder, Matthew	6/27/2008		Harrisburg, PA		
Bullock, Karen	7/1/2008	_	West Chester, PA		
Koci, Michele	7/2/2008	Albertsons	Boise, ID		

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 115 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 5 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

DEPOSITIONS OF INDIVIDUAL PLAINTIFFS

Deponent	Date	Company	Location
Mills, Kay	7/15/2008	Bi-Lo	Greenville, SC
Stokely, Dennis individual and	7/15-17/2008	Safeway	San Francisco, CA
30(b)(6) on Payment Systems		•	
Estep, Sandra	7/17-18/2008	Publix	Lakeland, FL
Fletcher, Patti individual and 30(b)(6)	7/24-25/2008		Salisbury, NC
on Payment Systems			3 /
Ross, Michael	7/25/2008	Meijer	Grand Rapids, MI
DeVries, Susan	7/29-30/2008	<i>'</i>	Chicago, IL
Koudsi, Samia		Supervalu	Bloomington, MN
Carlin, Michael	8/20/2008		West Chester, PA
Kelly, Kathleen	8/21/2008		Cincinnati, OH
Webb, Daniel	8/22/2008		Grand Rapids, MI
Marques, John		Pathmark (former)	Roseland, NJ
Hanna, Kathy	9/3/2008		Cincinnati, OH
Hanna, Kathy	9/4/2008		Cincinnati, OH
Tabak, Natan	9/9-10/2008		West Chester, PA
Snyder, Jacki	9/16-17/2008		Minneapolis, MN
Williams, Alan	9/16/2008		Boston, MA
Gregoire, Neal	9/18/2008		Portland, ME
Ebel, Leonard individual and 30(b)(6)	9/22-23/2008		Harrisburg, PA
	9122-2312000	Kite Aiu	Hallisburg, I A
on Payment card acceptance and			
programs Coglianese, Marleen	0/24/2008	Walgreen's	Chicago, IL
Collier, Robert individual and	10/1-2/2008		Keasbey, NJ
	10/1-2/2008	wakeiem	Keasbey, NJ
30(b)(6) on Payment Cards	10/0/2009	Walsafama	Vacabar NI
Hally, Tom		Wakefern	Keasbey, NJ
Rose, Douglas	10/14/2008		West Chester, PA
Morton, Gary	10/15/2008		Boise, ID
Boyd, John		Albertsons	Boise, ID
Morton, Gary		Albertsons	Boise, ID
Kaercher, Carl	10/22/2008		Minneapolis, MN
Wyrofsky, Randy	10/22/2008		Providence, RI
Gargano, Kathy	10/23/2008		Minneapolis, MN
Sloan, Richard	10/28/2008		Clearwater, FL
Carney, Brian	10/30/2008		Greenville, SC
Henderson, Scott	10/30/2008	U	Cincinnati, OH
Methvin, Steven	11/3/2008		Hartford, CT
Rae, Rick	11/6-7/2008	<u> </u>	Pleasanton, CA
Roche, Talbott	11/6/2008		San Francisco, CA
Bonney, Susan	11/7/2008		West Chester, PA
Zabroske, Paul	11/7/2008		Harrisburg, PA
Jones, Kenneth individual and	11/11-12/2008	Bi-Lo	Greenville, SC
30(b)(6) on Payment Systems			
James, Richard	11/12/2008		Salisbury, NC
Haaf, Michael	11/13/2008	Delhaize	Salisbury, NC

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 116 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 5 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

DEPOSITIONS OF INDIVIDUAL PLAINTIFFS

Deponent	Date	Company	Location
Tabak, Natan 30(b)(6) on Member	11/17/2008	Wakefern	Keasbey, NJ
Specific Payment Form Acceptance &			
Programs			
Elworthy, Maureen individual and	11/20-21/2008	Ahold	Boston, MA
30(b)(6) on Payment Systems			
Fruchterman, Howard	12/11/2008	Wakefern	Keasbey, NJ
Tabak, Natan 30(b)(6) on Member-	12/11/2008	Wakefern	Keasbey, NJ
Specific Payment Form Acceptance &			
Programs			

DOCUMENT PRODUCTION BY THIRD PARTY

THIRD PARTY	DOCUMENTS	PAGES	NOTICING PARTY
Accenture	443	5,760	Class
Affinity Solutions	6	758	Defendants
American Express	205,066	3,020,493	All parties
Argus Information & Advisory Services	2,317	54,964	Class
Auriemma Consulting	50	4,886	All parties
Barnes and Noble	573	5,282	Defendants
Bayshore Consulting	7,421	206,367	Class
Better Buy Design	108	3,938	All parties
Bill Me Later	157	3,148	Defendants
Boston Consulting Group	4,404	107,442	Class
Card Analytics Consulting	842		All parties
Center for Marketing Effectiveness	558	1,552	Individual Plaintiffs
DFS Services	16,513		Individual Plaintiffs
Diamond Management & Technology	12		Defendants
Discover Financial	8	845	Defendants
Dove & Associates	714	17,311	All parties
Edgar Dunn / Peter Dunn	456	5,564	•
Electronic Payments Coalition	453	2,296	
First Annapolis Consulting	14,620		All parties
First Data Corporation	31	17,205	All parties
Food Marketing Institute	1,766		Defendants
Franchise Payments Network	2	·	Defendants
Lloyds TSB Bank PLC	3	14	Individual Plaintiffs
McKinsey & Company	2,539	90,011	All parties
Merchant e-Solutions Inc.	458		Defendants
Merchant Payment Coalition	519	4,365	Defendants
MODA Solutions Corp	11	152	Defendants
National Payment Card	4	249	Defendants
NYCE Payments Network	223	5,449	Defendants
Outpost Natural Foods	631	15,646	Defendants
Revolution Money	170		Individual Plaintiffs
Royal Bank of Canada	2,740	35,682	
Royal Bank of Scotland	25,129	212,068	Class
Saks Incorporated	1,881	20,905	Class
Starbucks Corporation	12	114	Defendants
Target Corporation	1	10	Defendants
Tempo Payments	103	1,194	Defendants
The Goldman Sachs Group	301		Individual Plaintiffs
US Bank	2,401	28,727	Individual Plaintiffs
USAA Federal Savings Bank	124	3,920	
Westpac Banking Corporation	892	18,189	
Wheatsville Food Co-op	293	·	Defendants
Wright Express	243	·	Defendants
TOTAL	295,198	4,186,118	

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 118 of 138 PageID #: EXHIBIT 7 to the Declaration K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

DEPOSITIONS OF THIRD PARTIES

Deponent	Date	Company	Location
Dunn, Peter	4/17-18/2008	Edgar, Dunn & Co.	New York, NY
Campbell, Christopher	10/17/2008	Westpac	New York, NY
Garabedian, John	11/6/2008	Boston Consulting	Chicago, IL
Aviles, James	11/11/2008	Merchant e-Solutions	San Francisco, CA
Honor, Cathy	12/4/2008	Royal Bank of Canada	Toronto, ON, CA
Pomerleau, Ricky	12/9/2008	Wright Express	Portland, ME
Randazza, Joseph	1/7/2009	National Payment Card LLC	Boca Raton, FL
Sourges, James	1/13/2009	MODASolutions	New York, NY
Grossman, Michael	1/15/2009	Tempo Payments	San Francisco, CA
Rathgaber, Steven	2/17/2009	NYCE Payments Network, LLC	New York, NY
Polikoff, Ira	3/19/2009	American Express	New York, NY
McCurdy, Stephen	3/24/2009	American Express	New York, NY
Smits, Suzanne	4/14-15/2009	DFS Services LLC (Discover)	Chicago, IL
Hatcher, Jennifer	4/17/2009	Food Marketing Institute	Washington, DC
McNeal, Glenda	4/22/2009	American Express	New York, NY

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 119 of 138 PageID #: 49147 EXHIBIT 8 to the Declaration of K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

DOCUMENTS PRODUCED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND STATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL

Category	Item Produced	Date Produced	Produced To
	2008 RBA Preliminary Conclusions of 2007		
Australia Materials	08 Review of Payment System	5/19/2009	DOJ
	2007 RBA Issues for Review of Payment		
Australia Materials	System Reforms	5/19/2009	DOJ
	2008 RBA Conclusions of 2007 08 Review of		
Australia Materials	Payment System Reforms	5/19/2009	DOJ
	4.06.09 Press Release re Statement of		
EU Materials	Objections to Visa Europe	5/19/2009	
EU Materials	12.19.07 MasterCard Prohibition Decision	5/19/2009	
EU Materials	4.12.06 Sector Inquiry re Payment Cards	5/19/2009	
EU Materials	7.24.02 Visa Exemption Decision	5/19/2009	
EU Materials	8.9.01 Visa Negative Clearance Decision	5/19/2009	DOJ
	2.2003 MasterCard OFT Preliminary		
UK Materials	Conclusions	5/19/2009	
UK Materials	7.19.06 MasterCard CAT Decision	5/19/2009	DOJ
	9.6.05 MasterCard Companion Paper to OFT		
UK Materials	Decision	5/19/2009	
UK Materials	9.6.05 MasterCard OFT Decision	5/19/2009	DOJ
	Letter brief re: order declaring that responding		
Class Briefs	to CID does not waive WP protection	5/21/2009	DOJ
Plaintiff Expert	_ ,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Submissions	Individual Plaintiff Expert Reports	7/9/2009	DOJ
	Memos in Support of Class Certification, with	= (2.4 (2.000)	DO
Class Briefs	Declarations and Exhibits	7/24/2009	DOJ
	Memos in Opposition to Motions to Dismiss		
	SCACAC, FASC and SSC with Declarations	7/24/2000	DOI
Class Briefs	and Exhibits Potential Exhibit Indices for certain defense	7/24/2009	DOJ
1.4		7/24/2000	DOI
Internal Memos	witness depositions	7/24/2009	
Internal Memos Internal Memos	Foreign Proceedings Memos	7/24/2009 7/24/2009	
	Deposition Summaries		
Internal Memos	Memo re: Permissive Steering	7/24/2009	
Internal Memos Internal Memos	Spreadsheet re: hot ASR docs Custodial Doc Review Memos	7/24/2009 7/24/2009	
Plaintiff Expert	Custodiai Doc Review Mellios	1/24/2009	DOI
Submissions	Bamberger Declarations (initial and reply)	7/24/2009	DOI
Plaintiff Expert	Bamberger Declarations (mittal and repry)	1/24/2009	DOJ
Submissions	Frankel Report	7/24/2009	DOI
Plaintiff Expert	Pranker Report	1/24/2009	DOJ
Submissions	Fleischer Report	7/24/2009	DOI
Plaintiff Expert	reisener Report	1/24/2007	DOJ
Submissions	Henry Report	7/24/2009	DOI
Plaintiff Expert	Tion J Roport	772-72007	200
Submissions	McCormack Report	7/24/2009	DOI
Plaintiff Expert	The Common Report	772-72007	200
Submissions	McFarlane Report	7/24/2009	DOI
Pleadings and Written	2.22 minute resport	772 172007	
	Unreducted SCACAC	7/24/2009	DOI
Discovery	Unredacted SCACAC	7/24/2009	DOJ

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 120 of 138 PageID #: 49148 EXHIBIT 8 to the Declaration of K. Craig Wildfang, Esq. DOCUMENTS PRODUCED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND STATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL

Category	Item Produced	Date Produced	Produced To
Pleadings and Written			
Discovery	Unredacted FASC re: MC IPO	7/24/2009	DOJ
Pleadings and Written			
Discovery	Unredacted SSC re: Visa IPO	7/24/2009	DOJ
	Memos in Opposition to Motions to Dismiss		
	SCACAC, FASC and SSC with Declarations		
Class Briefs	and Exhibits	8/18/2009	AGs
Internal Memos	Potential Deposition Exhibit Indices	8/18/2009	AGs
Internal Memos	Foreign Proceedings Memos	8/18/2009	AGs
Internal Memos	Deposition Summaries	8/18/2009	AGs
Internal Memos	Spreadsheet re: Permissive Steering	8/18/2009	AGs
Internal Memos	Spreadsheet re: hot ASR docs	8/18/2009	AGs
Internal Memos	Custodial Doc Review Memos	8/18/2009	AGs
Plaintiff Expert			
Submissions	Bamberger Declarations (initial and reply)	8/18/2009	AGs
Plaintiff Expert			
Submissions	Frankel Report	8/18/2009	AGs
Plaintiff Expert	•		
Submissions	Fleischer Report	8/18/2009	AGs
Plaintiff Expert	•		
Submissions	Henry Report	8/18/2009	AGs
Plaintiff Expert	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Submissions	McCormack Report	8/18/2009	AGs
Plaintiff Expert	•		
Submissions	McFarlane Report	8/18/2009	AGs
Pleadings and Written	•		
Discovery	Unredacted SCACAC	8/18/2009	AGs
Pleadings and Written			
Discovery	Unredacted FASC re: MC IPO	8/18/2009	AGs
Pleadings and Written			
Discovery	Unredacted SSC re: Visa IPO	8/18/2009	AGs
Encore Access	Encore Database Access	8/28/2009	AGs
Australia Materials	East and Partners Report	9/2/2009	DOJ
Def's Expert Submissions	•		
from AmEx/ Discover			
Litig.	Oster Report from AmEx/ Discover Litig.	9/2/2009	DOJ
Def's Expert Submissions	•		
from AmEx/ Discover			
Litig.	Peirce Report from AmEx/ Discover Litig.	9/2/2009	DOJ
Def's Expert Submissions			
from AmEx/ Discover	Postlewaite Report from AmEx/ Discover		
Litig.	Litig.	9/2/2009	DOJ
Def's Expert Submissions			
from AmEx/ Discover			
Litig.	Ramesh Report from AmEx/ Discover Litig.	9/2/2009	DOJ
Def's Expert Submissions			
from AmEx/ Discover			
Litig.	Hall Report from AmEx/ Discover Litig.	9/2/2009	DOJ

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 121 of 138 PageID #: 49149 EXHIBIT 8 to the Declaration of K. Craig Wildfang, Esq. DOCUMENTS PRODUCED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND STATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL

Category	Item Produced	Date Produced	Produced To
Def's Expert Submissions			
from AmEx/ Discover			
Litig.	Teece Report from AmEx/ Discover Litig.	9/2/2009	DOJ
Def's Expert Submissions			
from AmEx/ Discover		0 /2 /2 000	DO
Litig.	Wecker Report from AmEx/ Discover Litig.	9/2/2009	
Internal Memos	Summary of Foreign Investigations	9/2/2009	DOJ
Totalia 1 Managa	Spreadsheet re: Merchant Testimony re: ASR	0/2/2000	DOI
Internal Memos	issues	9/2/2009	DOJ
Plaintiff Expert Submissions	Decuments Cited in Frenkel Beneat	0/2/2000	DOI
Wal-Mart Expert Reports	Documents Cited in Frankel Report Fisher Damages Report	9/2/2009 9/2/2009	
Wal-Mart Expert Reports Wal-Mart Expert Reports	Fisher Liability Report	9/2/2009	
Wal-Mart Expert Reports	Fisher Rebuttal Report	9/2/2009	
Wal-Mart Expert Reports Wal-Mart Expert Reports	Fisher Revised Report	9/2/2009	
Wal-Mart Expert Reports Wal-Mart Expert Reports	Fisher Supplemental Report	9/2/2009	
Deposition Transcripts	Arajs (Visa) from AmEx litigation	9/4/2009	
Deposition Transcripts	Arajs (visa) from Amex nugation	9/4/2009	DOJ
Fact Deposition Transcripts	Lampasona (MC)	10/2/2009	AGs
Fact Deposition Transcripts	Doyle (MC)	10/2/2009	AGs
Fact Deposition Transcripts	Baum (Visa)	10/2/2009	AGs
Fact Deposition Transcripts	Somerville (Visa)	10/2/2009	AGs
Fact Deposition Transcripts	Aafedt (Visa)	10/2/2009	AGs
Fact Deposition Transcripts	Bergman (Visa)	10/2/2009	AGs
Fact Deposition Transcripts	Humphrey (Fifth Third)	10/2/2009	AGs
Fact Deposition Transcripts	Nadeau (Chase)	10/2/2009	AGs
Fact Deposition Transcripts	Flanagan (Wells Fargo)	10/2/2009	AGs
Fact Deposition Transcripts		10/2/2009	
Deposition Exhibits	All Deposition Exhibits	10/6/2009	
Internal Memos	Index of all merchant depositions to date	10/6/2009	DOI
D D	Access to all Defendants' Deposition	10/14/2000	
Deposition Transcripts	Transcripts on Merrill Website	10/14/2009	AGS
126	Analysis of bank interchange income and	10/10/2000	DOI
Internal Memos	rewards expense All Plaintiff and Third Party Deposition	10/19/2009	DOJ
Danagition Transcripts		10/21/2000	A Ca
Deposition Transcripts	Transcripts Corlin (OVC)	10/21/2009	
Deposition Transcripts	Carlin (QVC)	11/6/2009	
Deposition Transcripts Deposition Transcripts	Chris Coborn (Corborn's) Culver (CHS)	11/6/2009 11/6/2009	
Deposition Transcripts Deposition Transcripts	D'Agostino 30b6	11/6/2009	
Deposition Transcripts	טטטכ אוווס אלע ען	11/0/2009	נטען

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 122 of 138 PageID #: 49150 EXHIBIT 8 to the Declaration of K. Craig Wildfang, Esq. DOCUMENTS PRODUCED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND STATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL

Category	Item Produced	Date Produced	
Deposition Transcripts	D'Agostino	11/6/2009	
Deposition Transcripts	Diehl (Affiliated Foods)	11/6/2009	DOJ
Deposition Transcripts	Emmert (Jetro)	11/6/2009	DOJ
Deposition Transcripts	Estep (Publix)	11/6/2009	DOJ
Deposition Transcripts	Hamilton (CHS)	11/6/2009	DOJ
Deposition Transcripts	Ihry (CHS)	11/6/2009	DOJ
Deposition Transcripts	Jurasek (Crystal Rock)	11/6/2009	DOJ
Deposition Transcripts	Kirschner (Jetro)	11/6/2009	DOJ
Deposition Transcripts	Kleiner (Ahold)	11/6/2009	DOJ
Deposition Transcripts	Koudsi (SuperValu)	11/6/2009	DOJ
Deposition Transcripts	Sinclair 30b6 (CHS)	11/6/2009	DOJ
Deposition Transcripts	Zaucha (NGA)	11/6/2009	DOJ
Deposition Transcripts	Zlotnikoff (NGA)	11/6/2009	
Deposition Transcripts	Zuritzky (Parkway)	11/6/2009	DOJ
Fact Deposition Transcripts	Garofalo (Citi) Analysis of bank interchange income and	11/6/2009	DOJ
Internal Memos	rewards expense and supporting materials	11/6/2009	DOI
internal Memos	Draft memo re: costs and benefits of rewards	11/0/2009	DOJ
Internal Memos	cards and supporting documents	11/6/2009	DOI
internal Memos	MasterCard response to Preliminary	11/0/2009	DOJ
Australia Materials	Conclusions of 2007/08 RBA Review	12/2/2009	DOI
Australia Wateriais	MasterCard response to issues for the 2007/08	12/2/2009	DOJ
Australia Materials	RBA Review	12/2/2009	DOI
Australia Wateriais	Review of Reform of Australia's Payments	12/2/2009	DOJ
	System, Allen Consulting Group (September		
Australia Materials	6, 2007)	12/2/2009	DOI
Australia Waterials	Internal Memorandum regarding Defendants'	12/2/2007	DO3
	statements on effects of surcharging on		
Internal Memos	interchange rates	12/2/2009	DOI
Internal Memos	Exhibits from Class Cert and Rule 12 oral	12/2/2007	DOJ
Oral Argument Materials	arguments	12/2/2009	AGs
Oral Argument Waterials	Argument outlines from Rule 12 oral	12/2/2007	7105
Oral Argument Materials	arguments	12/2/2009	ΔG_{S}
	Argument outlines from Rule 12 oral	12/2/2009	7103
Oral Argument Materials	arguments	12/2/2009	DOI
Oral Prigament Waterlans	Von Weizsacker - Economics of Credit Cards,	12/2/2009	D03
UK Materials	Jan. 2002	12/2/2009	DOI
OK Waterials	9.6.05 MasterCard Companion Paper to OFT	12/2/2007	DOJ
UK Materials	Decision	12/2/2009	DOI
UK Materials	9.6.05 MasterCard OFT Decision	12/2/2009	
	7.0.00 Musici Card Of 1 Decision	12/2/2009	200
Internal Memos	Memo re: Merchant Testimony re: ASR issues	12/3/2009	AGs
THOMAS INTO HOS	Mike Schumann (Traditions) Transcripts	12/3/2007	1100
Deposition Transcripts	(personal and 30b6) and Exhibits	12/4/2009	DOI
Def's Expert Reports from	All 12 Defendants' Expert Reports from MDL	12/ 4/2007	200
MDL 1720	1720	12/15/2009	DOI
Def's Expert Reports from	All 12 Defendants' Expert Reports from MDL	12/13/2007	D 03
MDL 1720	1720	12/15/2009	AGs
	1*	12, 15, 2007	

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 123 of 138 PageID #: 49151 EXHIBIT 8 to the Declaration of K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

DOCUMENTS PRODUCED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND STATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL

Category	Item Produced	Date Produced	Produced To
Def's Expert Reports from	Supporting materials for defendants' expert		
MDL 1720	reports	1/21/2010	
Deposition Transcripts	Discover 30(b)(6) Deposition Transcripts	1/26/2010	DOJ
	Six CD of supporting materials for defendants'		
	expert reports - Houston written opinion &		
	testimony, Houston additional materials,		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Defle Ferrand Demonts form	Wecker computer code, Topel reproduction of		
Def's Expert Reports from	certain tiffs, Murphy reproduction of certain	2/2/2010	DOI
MDL 1720	tiff, Murphy footnotes 283 & 284	2/3/2010	
Deposition Exhibits	Smits deposition & exhibits, Discover CHASE000121109-121675;	2/9/2010	DOJ
	CHASE003810230.001-3810230.372;		
Defendant Deguments	CHASE003810230.001-3810230.372, CHASE003810242.001-3810242.281	2/16/2010	DOI
Defendant Documents	Diamond Consulting study entitled New Card	2/10/2010	DOI
Articles and Studies	Business Model	2/24/2010	ΛG_0
Articles and Studies	Rochet & Tirole paper entitled Tying in Two-	2/24/2010	AUS
Articles and Studies	Sided Markets and the Honor All Cards Rule	2/24/2010	ΛG_{0}
Articles and Studies	Sheedy and Lehman exhibits re: processing	2/24/2010	AUS
	costs, migration to signature, and debit		
Deposition Exhibits	convergence	2/24/2010	AGs
Deposition Exmorts	Expert analysis re: total price in Australia and	2/24/2010	7105
Internal Memos	rewards cards	3/5/2010	DOI
	Deposition transcripts and exhibits of Daines,	2,0,2010	2 00
Def's Expert Depositions	Houston	3/11/2010	AGs
New Zealand Materials	MC New Zealand Settlement Agreement	3/11/2010	
	Deposition transcripts and exhibits of Elzinga,		
Def's Expert Depositions	Woodward	3/30/2010	AGs
•	All Plaintiff and Third Party Deposition		
	Transcripts - MDL 1720 plaintiffs & third		
Deposition Transcripts	party depo transcripts and exhibits	3/30/2010	DOJ
	Access to all Defendants' Deposition		
Deposition Transcripts	Transcripts on Merrill Website	3/30/2010	
New Zealand Materials	Visa New Zealand Settlement Agreement	3/30/2010	
Internal Memos	Index of all depositions taken in MDL 1720	4/13/2010	DOJ
	Deposition transcripts and exhibits of Aitkins,		
Def's Expert Depositions	James, Kahn, Klein, Wecker	4/14/2010	AGs
Pleadings and Written	All pleadings and written discovery, class		
Discovery	complaints post MDL, discovery	4/28/2010	DOJ
	Deposition transcripts and exhibits of Murphy,	4/00/0010	
Def's Expert Depositions	Topel, Litan Visa 2008 Credit Card Issuer Functional Cost	4/29/2010	AGs
Andialag on 4 Cur. 1'		E E O O 1 O	DOI
Articles and Studies	Study Indices of all Profit Analysis Reports,	5/5/2010	DOI
	Functional Cost Studies, Issuer Benchmarking		
Internal Mamas		5/5/2010	DOI
Internal Memos	Studies, and Visa IRF Reports Internal Memorandum re: best evidence on	5/5/2010	וטט
	ASR related paragraphs of consolidated		
Internal Memos	complaint	5/6/2010	$\Delta G_{\rm S}$
internal Memos	Compianit	3/0/2010	AUS

Case 1:05-md-01720-JG-JO Document 2113-6 Filed 04/11/13 Page 124 of 138 PageID #: 49152 EXHIBIT 8 to the Declaration of K. Craig Wildfang, Esq. DOCUMENTS PRODUCED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND STATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL

Category	Item Produced	Date Produced	Produced To
Encore Access	Encore Database Access	5/7/2010	DOJ
	Memo summarizing Defendants' Expert		
	Opinions on Effect of Repeal of No-Surcharge		
Internal Memos	Rule	5/13/2010	AGs
Pleadings and Written			
Discovery	MDL 1720 Substantive Pleadings	5/20/2010	DOJ
Pleadings and Written			
Discovery	Core documents and select pleadings	6/11/2010	DOJ
	Allan Shampine's latest draft of Submission to		
	Review of Network Economics, Estimating the		
	Effect of the Two-Sided Price from the RBA		
Articles and Studies	Intervention in Australia	7/19/2010	DOJ
Def's Expert Reports from			
MDL 1720	Defendants' Supplemental Report of Murphy	8/3/2010	DOJ
	Allan Shampine's latest draft of Submission to		
	Review of Network Economics, Estimating the		
	Effect of the Two-Sided Price from the RBA		
Articles and Studies	Intervention in Australia	8/12/2010	AGs

Declaration of K. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

High Court Sides With Comcast

By Brent Kendall

WASHINGTON—A divided Supreme Court on Wednesday put the brakes on a class-action lawsuit against Comcast Corp., the latest example of the court's conservative majority limiting large suits against companies.

The case was brought by Philadelphia-area subscribers who said they were forced to pay too much for cable television because the company allegedly eliminated local competition.

The court, in a 5-4 ruling that split along ideological lines, agreed with Comcast that a trial judge erred in allowing the case to proceed as a class action. The court found that the challengers proposed a flawed method for calculating monetary damages if they eventually won.

Justice Antonin Scalia, writing for the majority, said the proposed model wasn't acceptable for measuring damages on a class-wide basis because Comcast customers in different counties may not have all suffered the same alleged harms.

"For all we know," he said, some customers might have paid more because of alleged elimination of satellite competition, while others might have paid more because of Comcast's alleged increased bargaining power.

The different permutations of possible harm to two million Comcast subscribers located in different counties "are nearly endless," he said.

The four members of the court's liberal wing dissented, and both Justices Ruth Bader Ginsburg and Stephen Breyer read portions of their dissents aloud during the court's morning session, a rare move that signals a justice's particular displeasure with a case outcome.

The dissenters said the court should never have issued a ruling because Comcast had previously forfeited its right to make the legal arguments it advanced at the high court. The Supreme Court's decision offered a "profoundly mistaken view of antitrust law" and was "unwise and unfair" to the customers who brought the lawsuit, they said.

Wednesday's ruling is the latest in which the court has tightened rules on class actions. In 2011, the court threw out a sweeping gender-discrimination class-action suit against Wal-Mart Stores Inc., brought on behalf of more than a million women who were current or former employees. The court found that the women's experiences were too dissimilar to be represented as a class.

Archis Parasharami of law firm Mayer Brown, who defends businesses in class-action cases, said Wednesday's decision would encourage courts to consider monetary damages and other relevant questions much earlier in cases.

Wednesday's ruling was a blow to Philadelphia-area cus-

The 5-4 ruling is the latest example of the court's conservative majority limiting large suits against firms.

tomers who argued their cable bills were too high because Comcast had an anticompetitive grip on the region.

The lawsuit, which dated back to 2003, alleged the company gained a dominant position in the Philadelphia market by buying up other cable providers and by swapping geographic territories with competitors.

Comcast, which disputed the allegations, said plaintiffs were seeking more than \$875 million on behalf of more than two million past and present subscribers. The company said in a short statement that it was pleased with the ruling.

Wednesday s ruling may also help Comcast defend against similar lawsuits in other cities.

Barry Barnett, a lawyer representing the Philadelphia challengers, said he disagreed with the ruling but looked forward to satisfying the Supreme Court's concerns when the case returned for more proceedings in the lower courts.

M. Craig Wildfang, Esq.

STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

SPECIAL ATTORNEY APPOINTMENT

- I, HUBERT H. HUMPHREY III, Attorney General of the State of Minnesota ("the Attorney General"), by virtue of the authority vested in me by statute, do hereby constitute and appoint the law firm of Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi ("RKM&C"), of Minneapolis, Minnesota, and Michael V. Ciresi, as Special Attorneys to serve at the pleasure of the Attorney General specifically to provide legal services to the State of Minnesota ("the State") and the Attorney General, subject to the terms and conditions set forth:
- 1. DUTIES. The Special Attorneys, who shall not be considered state employees and shall not be eligible for any state employee leave or other benefits except those expressly provided herein, shall provide legal services to the State and Attorney General relative to seeking recovery and relief from third parties for damages arising from the sale and/or distribution of cigarettes (hereafter "the Litigation"). The Special Attorneys shall provide legal consultant services as requested by the Attorney General. Such duties are more fully set forth in the attached Exhibit A, which is incorporated herein by reference, as are all exhibits hereto.
- 2. COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES. As compensation for the performance of the duties described, the Special Attorneys

shall be compensated as set forth in the attached Exhibit B.

- 3. BILLING STATEMENTS. The Special Attorneys shall submit a monthly statement to the Attorney General in care of John R. Tunheim, Chief Deputy Attorney General, 102 State Capitol, St. Paul, MN 55155, setting forth in detail the activities and charges with respect to this appointment.
- 4. STATE AUDITS. All records, documents, and accounting procedures and practices of the Special Attorneys relevant to this appointment shall be subject to examination by the Attorney General and the Legislative Auditor.
- AVOIDANCE OF CONFLICTS. The Special Attorneys shall not undertake legal work for the Attorney General outside of the scope of this appointment and shall not represent a party involved in a claim, dispute or transaction of any kind which would create a conflict of interest for the Special Attorneys or the Attorney General unless and until the Special Attorneys have informed the Chief Deputy Attorney General of the proposed representation and received his written approval to proceed. The Special Attorneys also agree to inform their clients of any case involving a potential conflict.

6. TERM. This appointment is effective July 25, 1994. This appointment may be terminated by the Attorney General at any time and for any reason.

HUBERT	н.	HUMPHR:	EΥ,	III
Attorne	≥у (General	Sangers CS	(Challete)

By: Hunt. Vuhlim

JOHN R. TUNHEIM Chief Deputy Attorney General

Date: **8/2/14**

ROBINS, KAPLAN, MILLER & CIRESI

MICHAEL V. CIRESI

Date: 7 21 94

EXHIBIT A

CASE HANDLING AGREEMENT

The Special Attorneys are retained to provide legal services to the Attorney General and the State for the purpose of seeking recovery and relief from third parties for damages arising from the sale and/or distribution of cigarettes. This appointment shall be subject to the following guidelines:

- The Attorney General, as the chief legal officer of the State, retains final authority over all aspects of the Litigation that affect the State's claims.
- 2. The Attorney General shall appoint delegates from his staff to monitor, review, and fully participate in the handling of the Litigation. The Special Attorneys shall consult and obtain the prior approval of a delegate concerning all policy and other major, substantive issues affecting the Litigation, including but not limited to the complaint and dispositive motions, selection of consultants and experts, and whether the Special Attorneys may represent additional co-plaintiffs in the Litigation. Regular status meetings shall be held as requested by either a delegate or the Special Attorneys.
- 3. The Special Attorneys shall provide the Attorney General with a copy of all significant correspondence and all pleadings,

discovery requests, and other documents served and/or filed in the Litigation.

- 4. The Attorney General shall designate one or more staff members to act as liaison with such state agencies as become substantially involved in the Litigation. To the extent feasible, the Special Attorneys shall work through such liaison in communicating with such agencies. A copy of all written communications between the Special Attorneys and the state agencies shall be provided to the Attorney General.
- 5. Subject to the terms of this appointment, it is recognized and agreed that Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi and Michael V. Ciresi shall act as chief litigation counsel for the Litigation. Further, it is recognized and agreed that the Special Attorneys may also act as litigation counsel for Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Minnesota ("BCBSM") for its claims prosecuted as part of the Litigation.
- of his staff to work on the Litigation with the Special Attorneys. The identity and responsibilities of such personnel so assigned shall be determined solely by the Attorney General. Coordination of the Attorney General's staff work on the Litigation will be principally handled by

the Attorney General's appointed delegate, in consultation with the Special Attorneys.

EXHIBIT B

CONTINGENT FEE RETAINER AGREEMENT FOR STATE CLAIMS

WHEREAS, cigarette smoking is the most preventable cause of death in our society;

WHEREAS, cigarette smoking kills approximately 400,000 people each year in the United States (including more than 6,000 Minnesotans each year) -- more than the number of deaths caused by guns, drug use, and automobile accidents combined;

WHEREAS, in addition to the human carnage, the economic costs of cigarette smoking, and, in particular, health care expenditures from smoking-attributable diseases, amount to an onerous burden to society and to the State;

WHEREAS, the tobacco industry has been able to enjoy virtual immunity from its actions due to its economic and political power and its scorched earth tactics in litigation, reaping billions of dollars of profits from unconscionable activities and never to the knowledge of the Attorney General or the Special Attorneys paying any damages despite decades of litigation;

WHEREAS, the Attorney General and the Special Attorneys believe that, despite the tobacco industry's past successes, the laws of the state of Minnesota were meant to apply to all entities, no matter how powerful;

WHEREAS, the laws of the State are intended to place the consequences of unlawful conduct on the perpetrator, and the contemplated Litigation is the most just and efficient way to

accomplish that purpose with respect to the carnage caused by the tobacco industry;

WHEREAS, the State recognizes that RKM&C's undertakings pursuant to the Special Attorney Appointment involve substantial factual and legal issues of first impression, the resolution of which cannot be fully ascertained at this time;

WHEREAS, the State acknowledges that the successful resolution of the Litigation will require the Special Attorneys to devote substantial resources (both temporal and financial) in furtherance of their undertakings;

THEREFORE, due to all the complex considerations involved in the Special Attorney Appointment, the State and the Special Attorneys have agreed as follows:

- 1. The State is not liable to pay compensation otherwise than from amounts collected for the State by the Special Attorneys, unless the State terminates this appointment and the Litigation does not result in a monetary recovery to the State. In the event the State terminates this appointment before the State receives a monetary recovery, the State's responsibility for payment shall be as set forth in paragraphs 7-9 below.
- The contingency upon which compensation is to be paid is the recovery for the State of monies (at law or in equity), whether by settlement or judgment, from third parties liable

for damages arising from the sale and/or distribution of cigarettes.

- Compensation on the foregoing contingency is to be paid by 3. the State to the Special Attorneys on the following basis: twenty-five percent (25%) of the total recovery to the State, including but not limited to compensatory or punitive damages, restitution, civil penalties, interest, and any amounts which may later be payable to the federal government under the There is nothing to be subtracted in Medicaid program. determining the total recovery, except court-awarded attorneys' fees and costs. In addition to these fees, in the event of recovery, the State shall reimburse the Special Attorneys for costs and disbursements advanced during the course of the Litigation by the Special Attorneys, in an amount to be approved by the Attorney General.
- 4. Notwithstanding paragraph 3 above, the State shall pay no higher percentage for compensation of the Special Attorneys than is paid by any other co-plaintiff that the Special Attorneys represent in the Litigation on solely a contingent fee basis. If the Special Attorneys represent any other co-plaintiff in the Litigation on other than solely a contingent fee basis, the State shall pay no higher comparable rate of compensation to the Special Attorneys considering the totality of circumstances of the different retainer or appointment

agreements, including but not limited to the risk factors inherent in the Litigation and the time value of money.

- 5. The compensation paid hereunder is separate and independent from any compensation which the Special Attorneys may receive from any other party that the Special Attorneys represent in the Litigation.
- fees and costs, such fees and costs shall be paid to the Special Attorneys to the extent that the award is based on services furnished by the Special Attorneys and to the State to the extent that the award is based on services furnished by Attorney General staff members. Any such fees awarded by the court or paid by the adverse parties to the Special Attorneys shall be credited to the State and deducted from the fees payable to the Special Attorneys pursuant to paragraph 3 above.
- 7. If the Attorney General terminates this appointment before a monetary recovery has been achieved, and the Litigation is dismissed or otherwise does not result in a monetary recovery, then the Attorney General shall apply to the Legislature for the reasonable value of the Special Attorneys' services, as determined by the appropriate court, including fees and costs, and shall use his best efforts to secure a specific

appropriation. The Attorney General has no obligation to pay under this paragraph in the absence of such a specific appropriation. In calculating the value of such services, the court or Legislature may deduct the value of the Special Attorneys' services furnished for the benefit of other parties involved in the joint prosecution of the Litigation.

- 8. If the Attorney General terminates this appointment before a monetary recovery has been achieved, and the Litigation later results in a monetary recovery, then the Special Attorneys shall be paid, from the recovery, the reasonable value of their services, as determined by the appropriate court, plus fees and costs, but not more than they would have received if this appointment had not been terminated.
- 9. In determining the reasonable value of the Special Attorneys' services pursuant to paragraphs 7 and 8 above, all factors affecting the value of the Special Attorneys' contributions shall be taken into account, including but not limited to, the length of time spent on the case, the funds invested, the time value of money, the quality of representation, the result of the Special Attorneys' efforts, and the viability of the claim at the time of termination.
- 10. During the course of the Litigation, the Special Attorneys shall advance costs and disbursements. If the State is the

only plaintiff which the Special Attorneys represent in the Litigation, the State's obligation to reimburse the Special Attorneys' costs is that set forth in paragraphs 1-9 above. If there are other parties plaintiff to the Litigation, and the State enters into a Costs and Disbursements Pro Rata Sharing Agreement providing for the sharing of costs and disbursements by the State and such other parties plaintiff, then the State would reimburse the Special Attorneys only for its agreed upon pro rata share of the costs and disbursements and only after the recovery of monies whether by settlement or judgment from third parties liable for damages arising from the sale and/or distribution of cigarettes.

- 11. In the event there is no recovery, or the recovery is less than enough to cover the State's pro rata share of the Special Attorneys' costs and disbursements, the State shall not be responsible for the deficiency of its pro rata share of costs and disbursements, provided, however, that (1) neither the State nor the Special Attorneys shall be responsible for a court award of costs and disbursements to adverse parties arising out of the conduct of the other, and (2) if the State terminates this appointment in the absence of a monetary recovery, paragraphs 7-9 above shall apply.
- 12. In no event shall the State be obligated to pay to the Special Attorneys more under this agreement than it receives in any

monetary recovery, nor to pay any amount until the Litigation is finally resolved, whether by dismissal, final judgment, or settlement, except as noted in paragraphs 7-9 above.